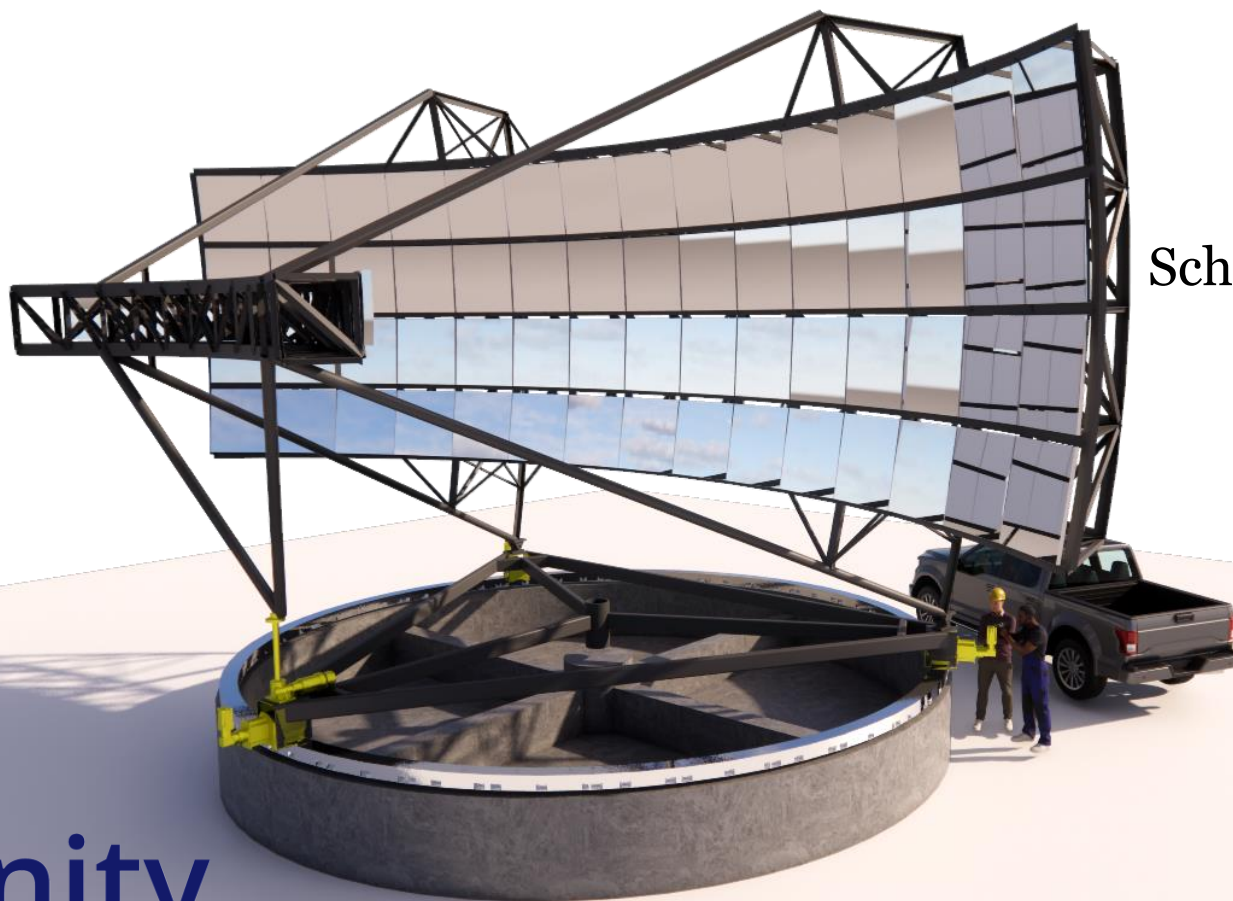




The Trinity Neutrino Observatory: Probing the PeV-EeV Neutrino Sky

David A. Raudales
on behalf of the *Trinity*
Collaboration

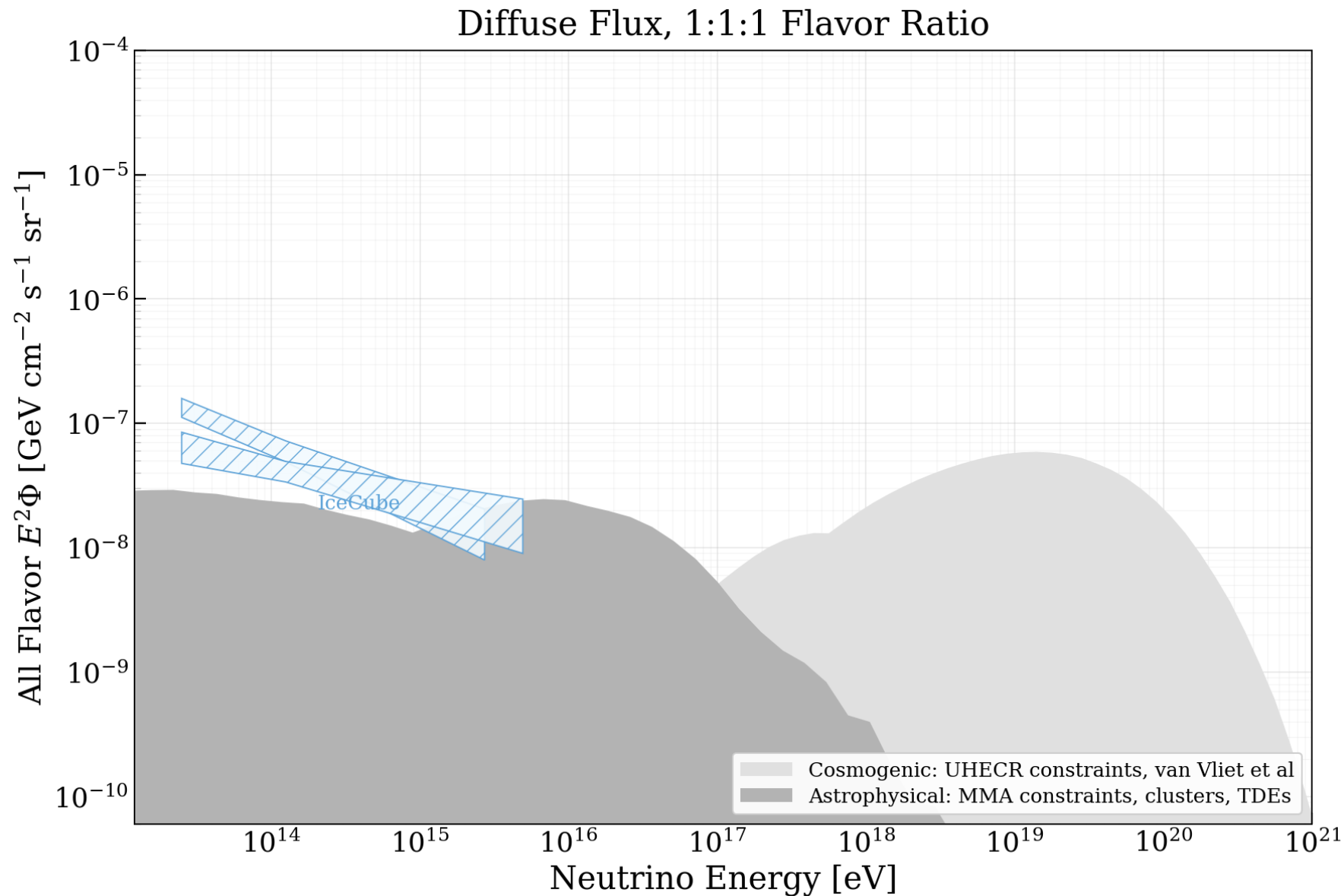
School of Physics and Center for
Relativistic Astrophysics,
**Georgia Institute of
Technology**



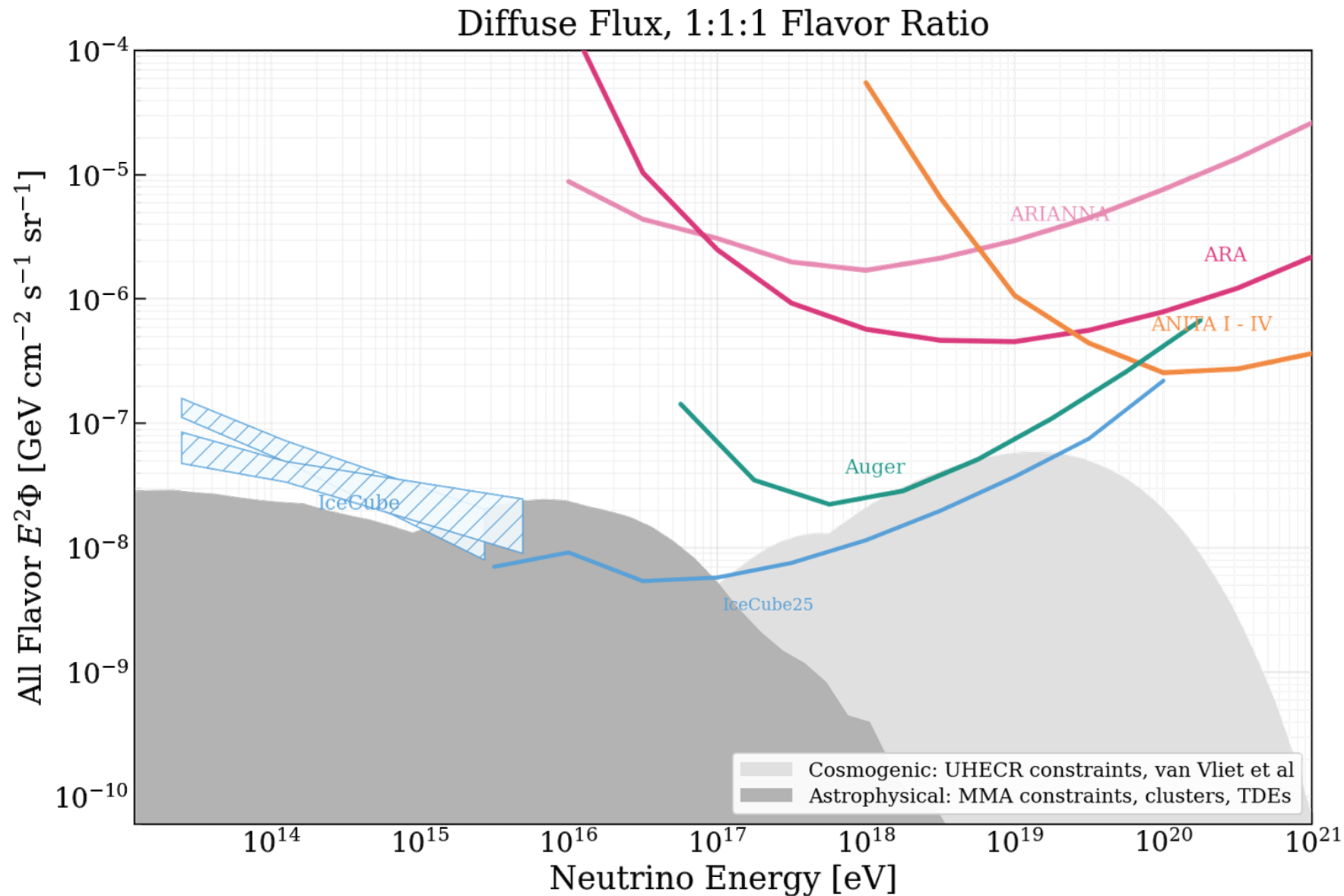
trinity-observatory.org



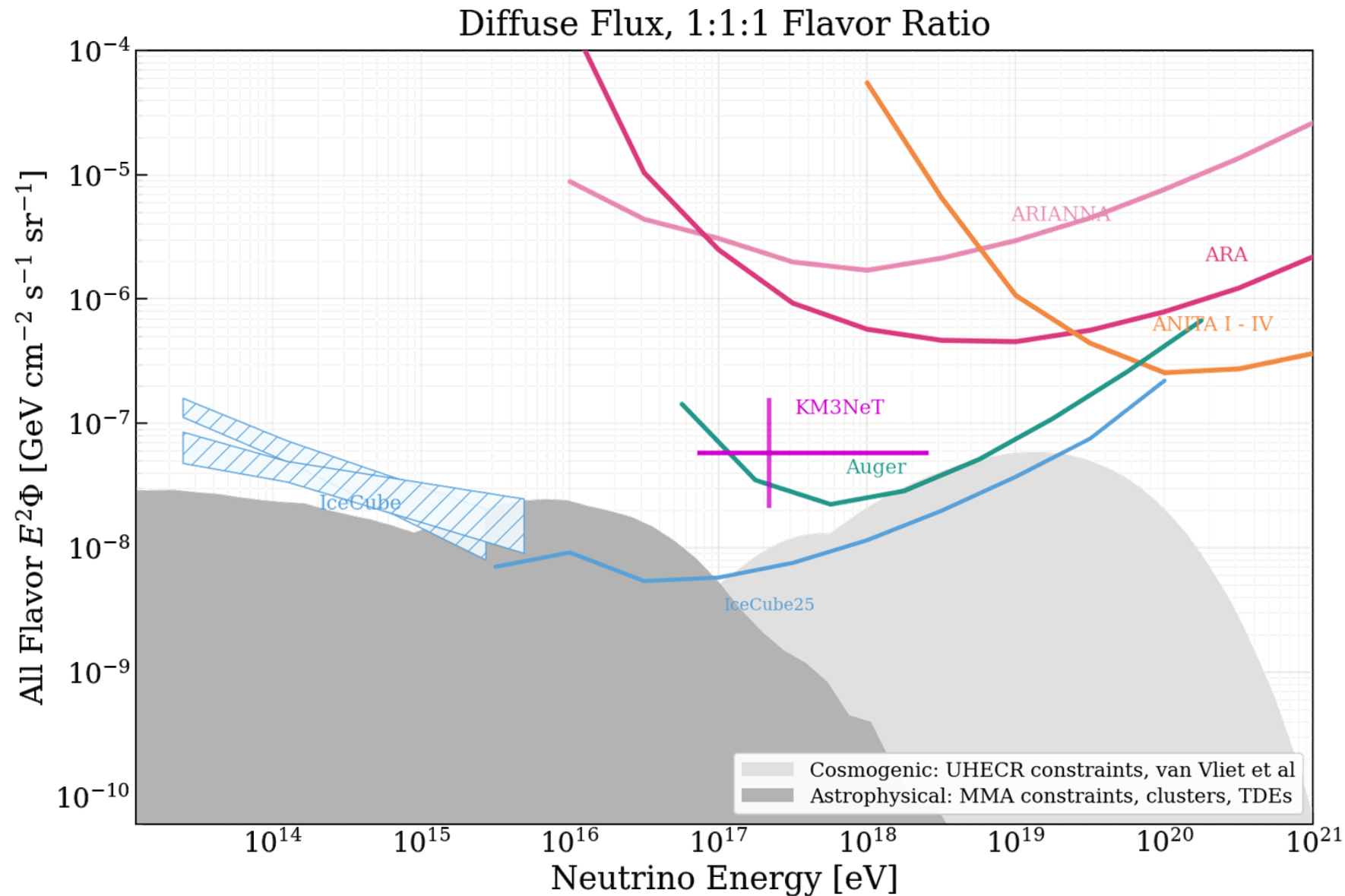
Neutrino Astronomy has made great progress over the last decade...



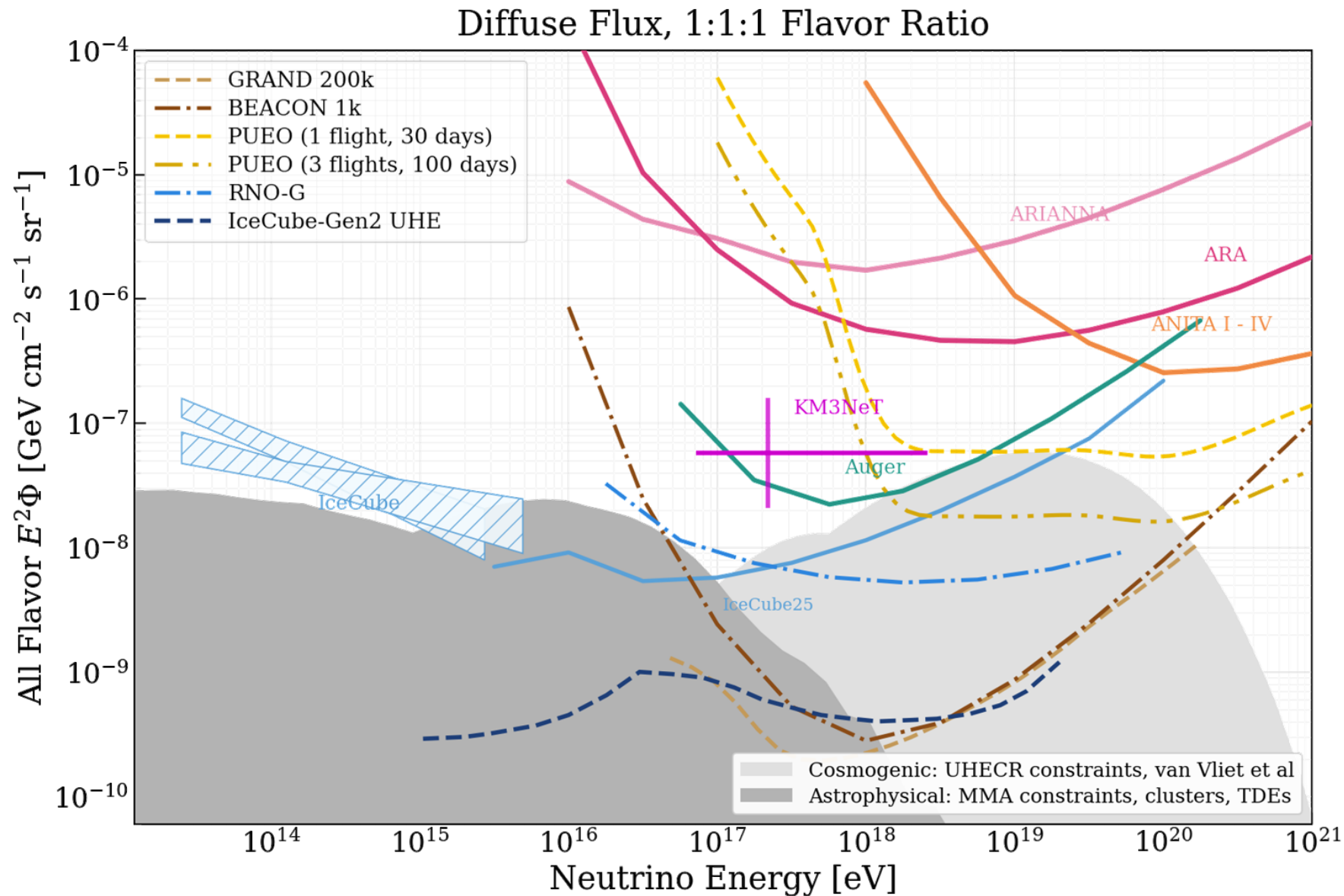
Neutrino Astronomy has made great progress over the last decade...



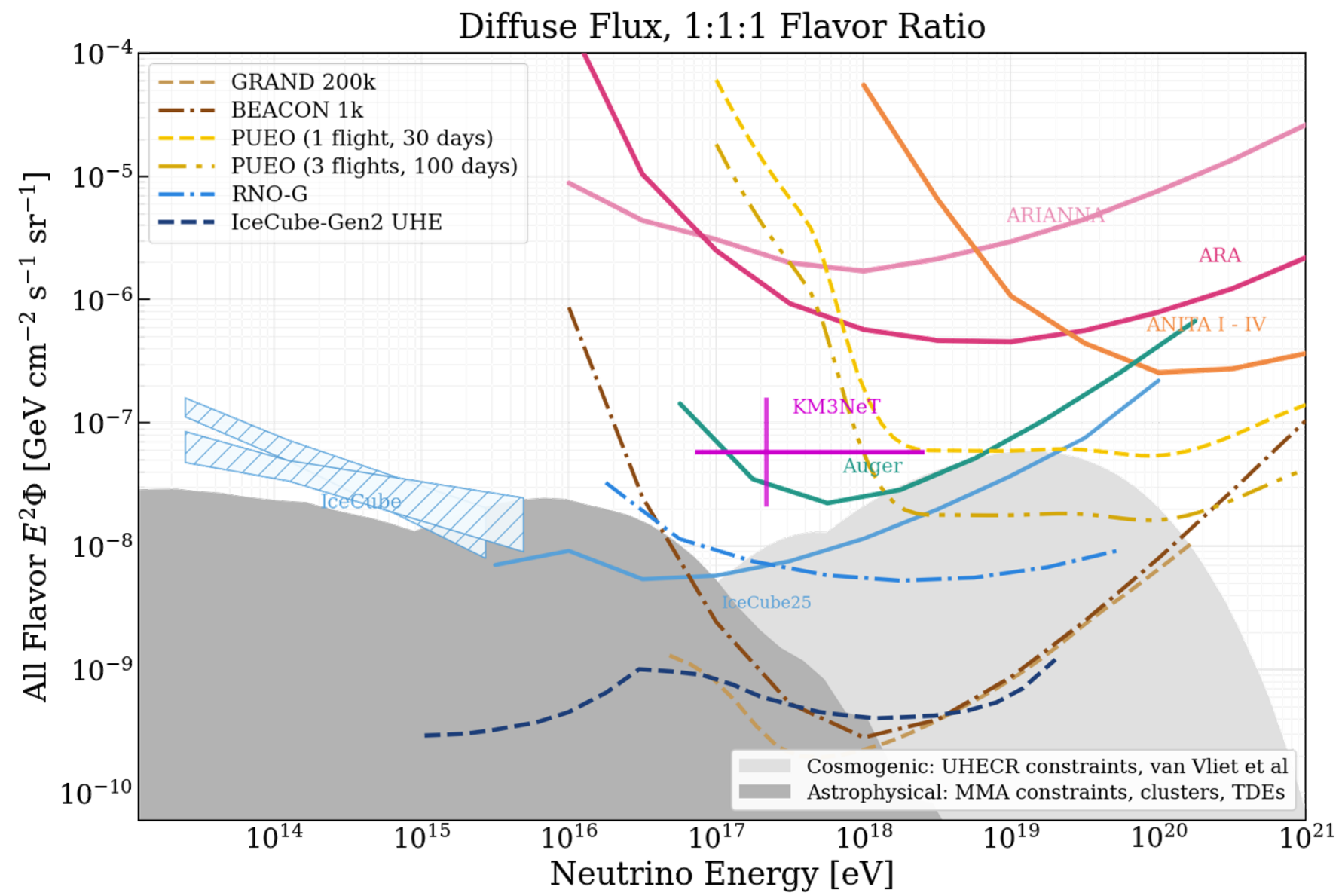
Neutrino Astronomy has made great progress over the last decade...



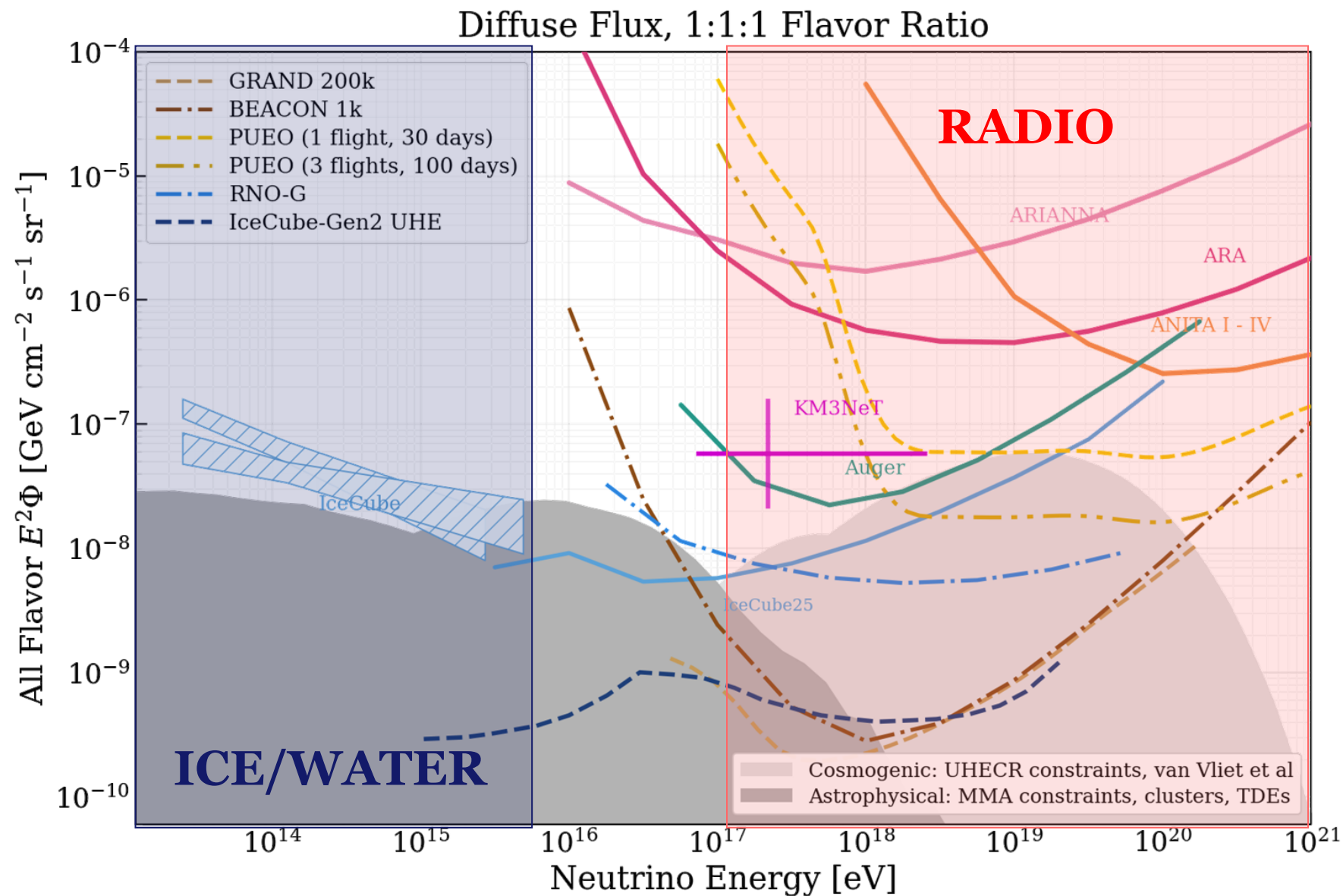
Neutrino Astronomy has made great progress over the last decade...



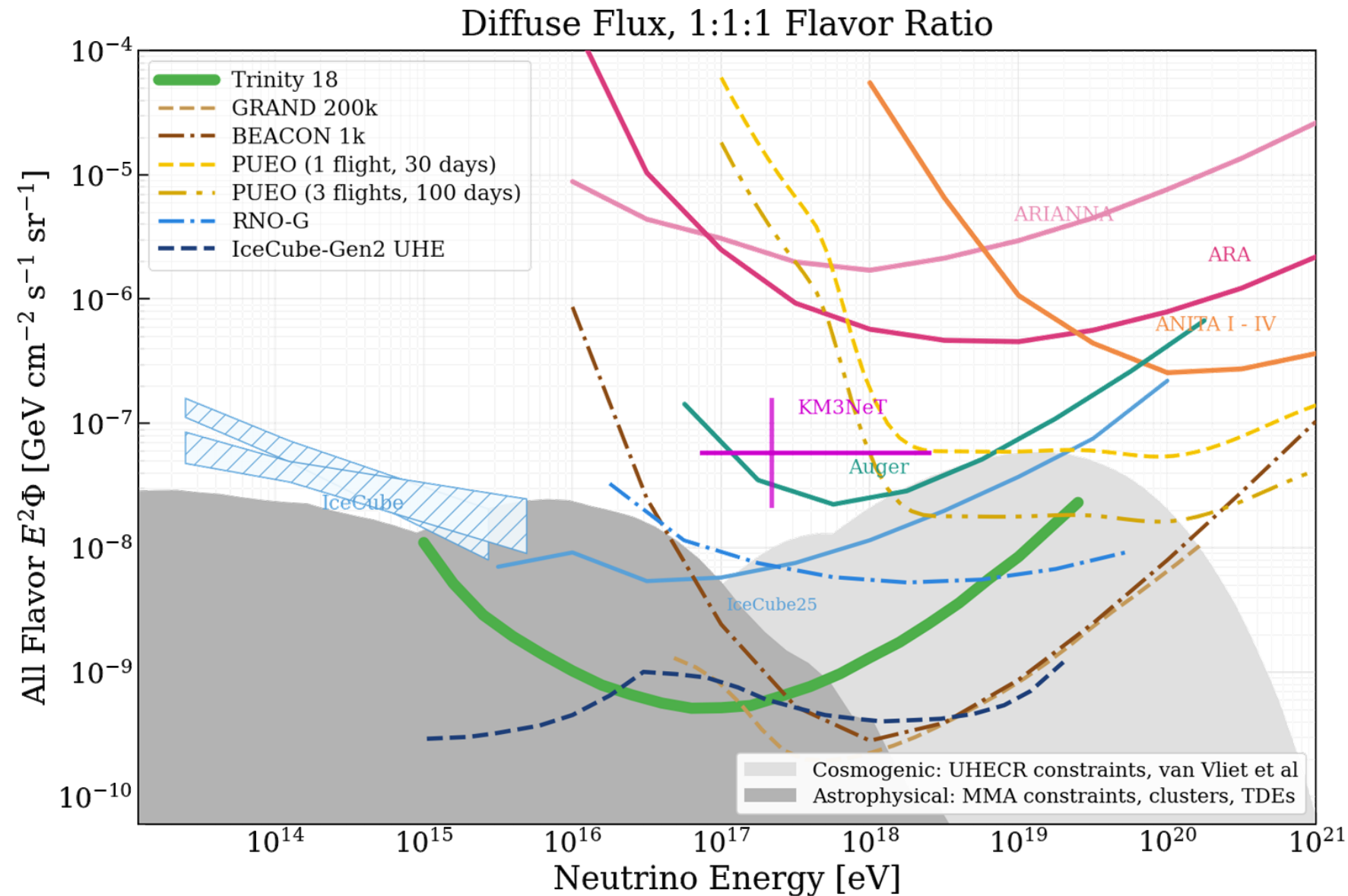
... but there are still gaps to be filled



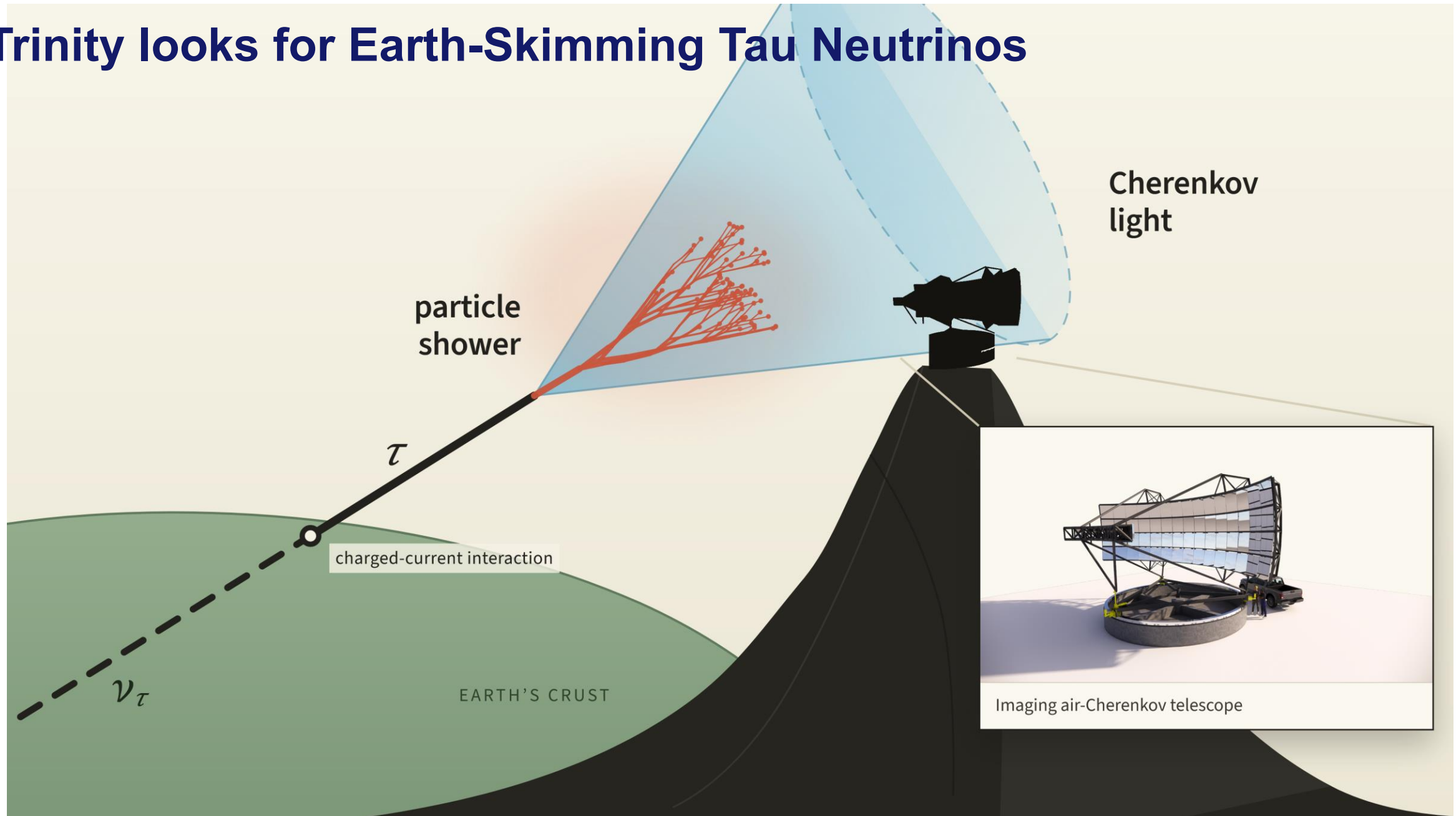
... but there are still gaps to be filled



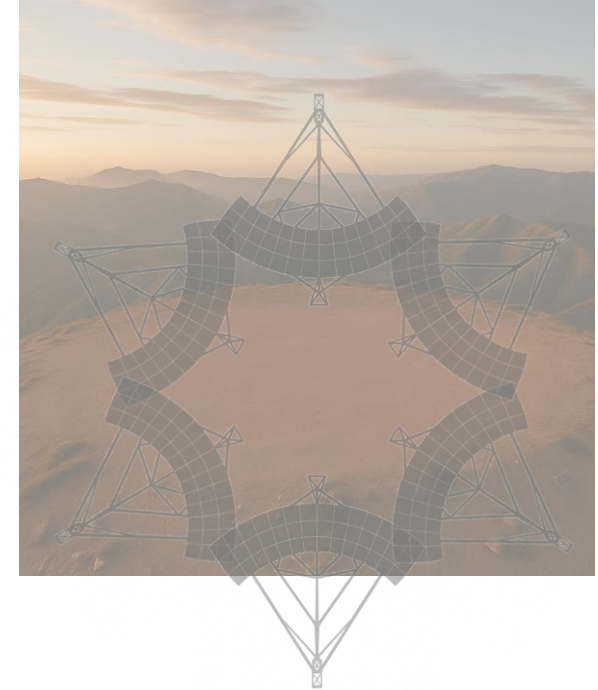
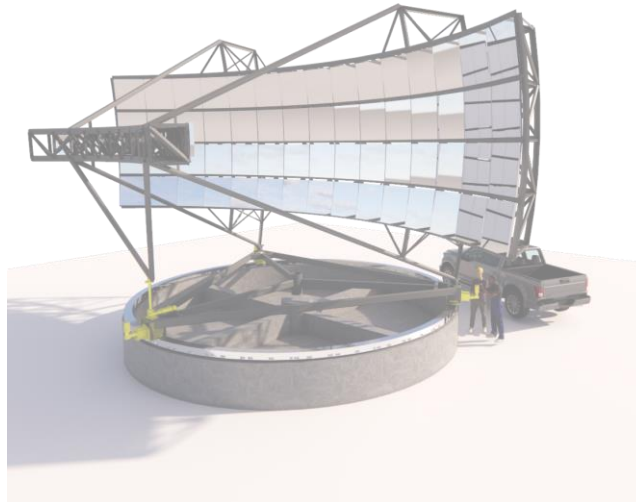
... but there are still gaps to be filled



Trinity looks for Earth-Skimming Tau Neutrinos



The path towards the Trinity Observatory is ready



- Area -> 1 sq meter
- Field of View -> $3.87^\circ \times 3.87^\circ$
- Resolution -> 0.24°
- Commissioning Started October 2023

Demonstrator



The Demonstrator is a Success!!

Purpose:

Validate detection concept

Characterize background

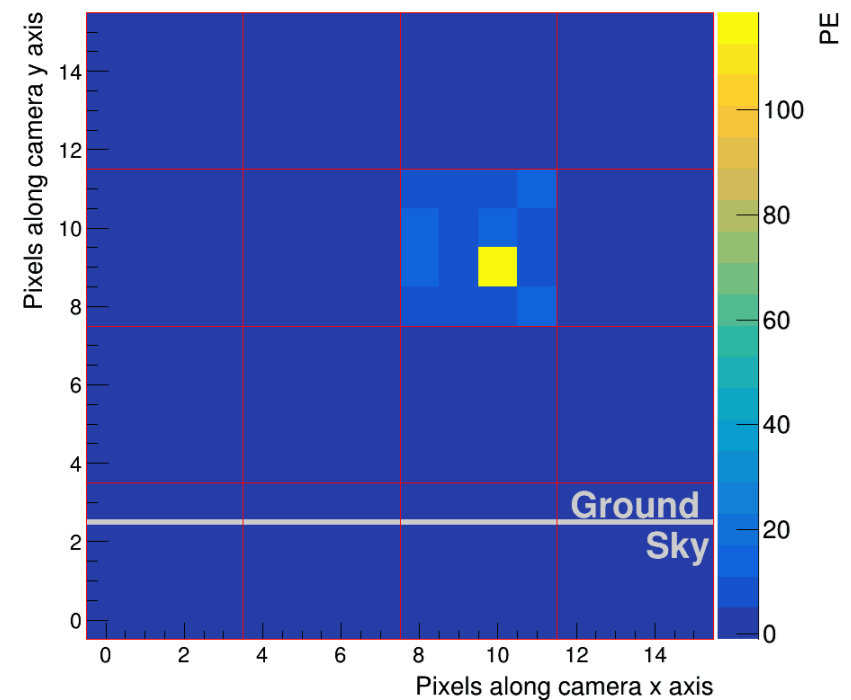
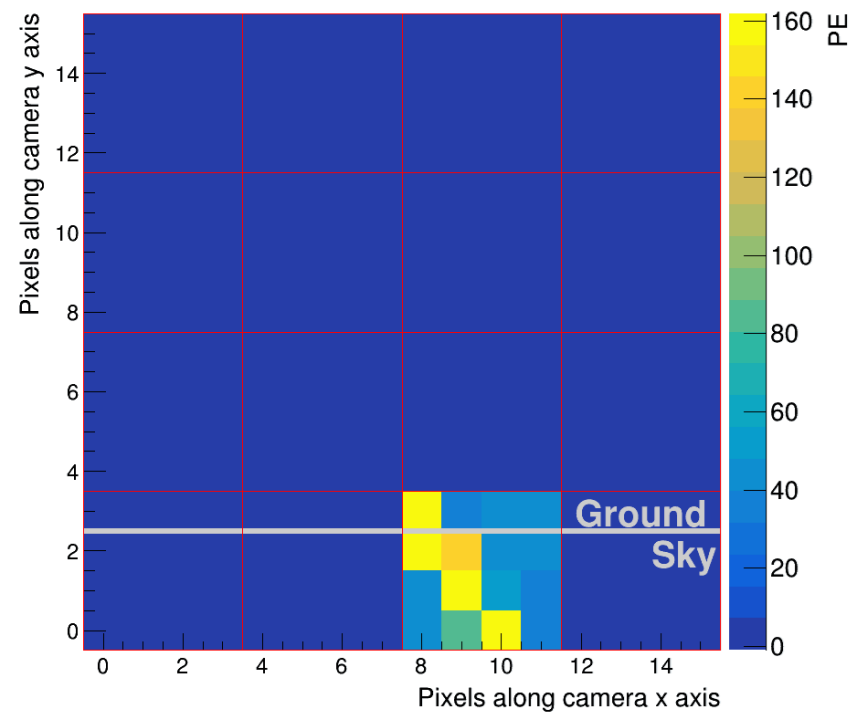
Data Taking Period	October 2024-Dec 2025
Hours Analyzed	554 Hours Door Open 238 Hours Door Closed
Triggered Events	1.2 Million Door Open 0.6 Million Door Closed

Camera paper: [arXiv:2406.08274]

Commissioning paper: [arXiv:2503.11864]

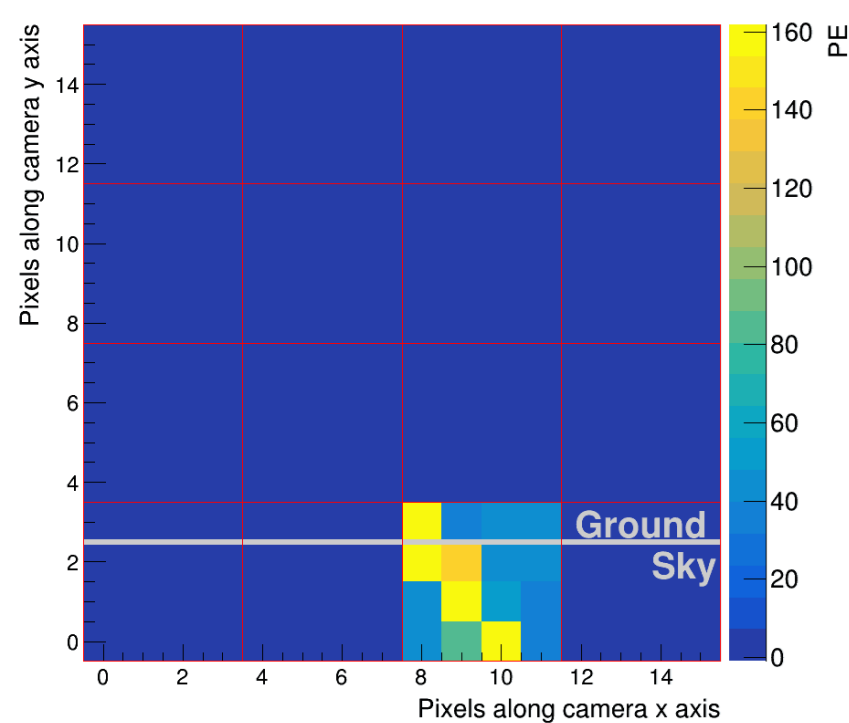


Event Processing Significantly Reduces Noise



1.2 Million Events

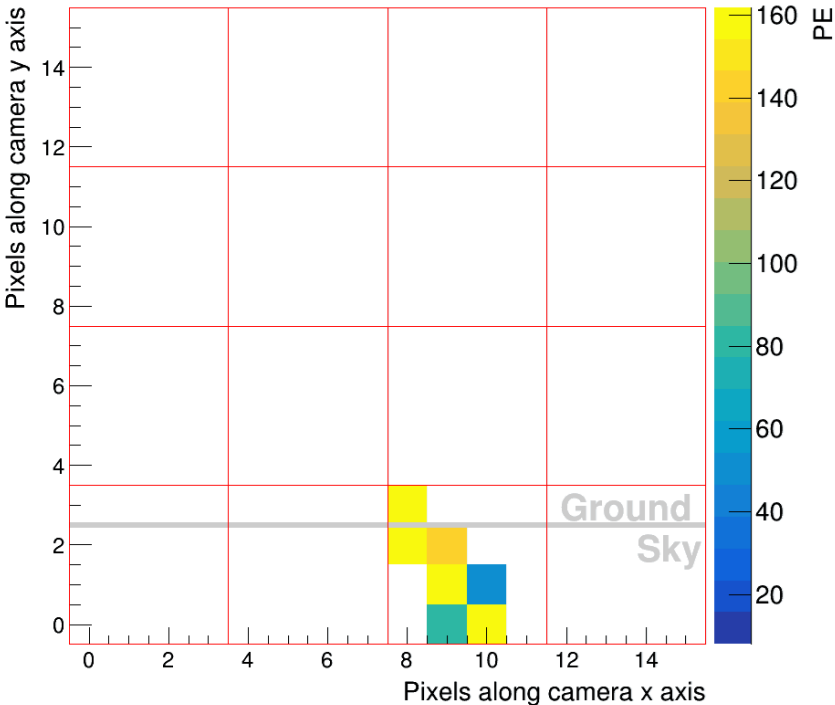
Event Processing Significantly Reduces Noise



1.2 Million Events

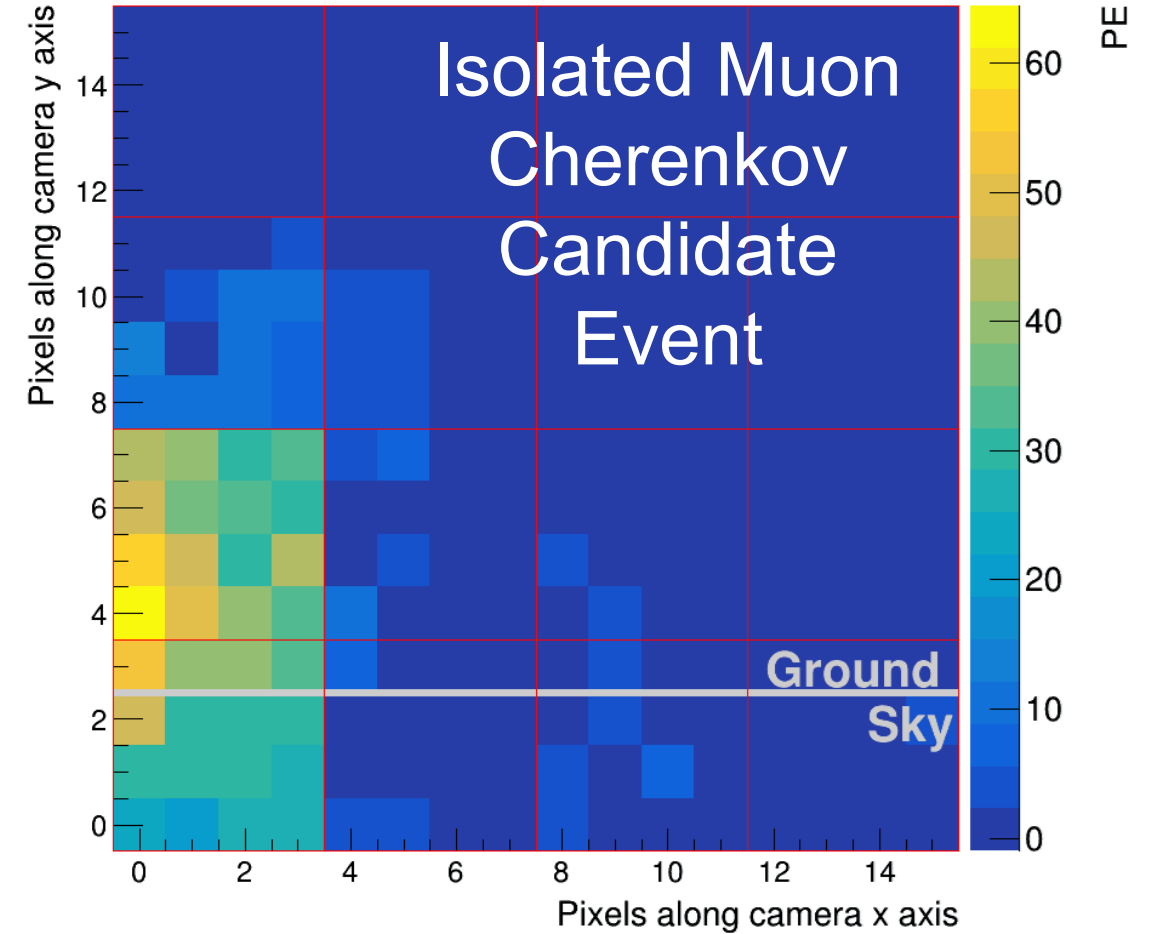
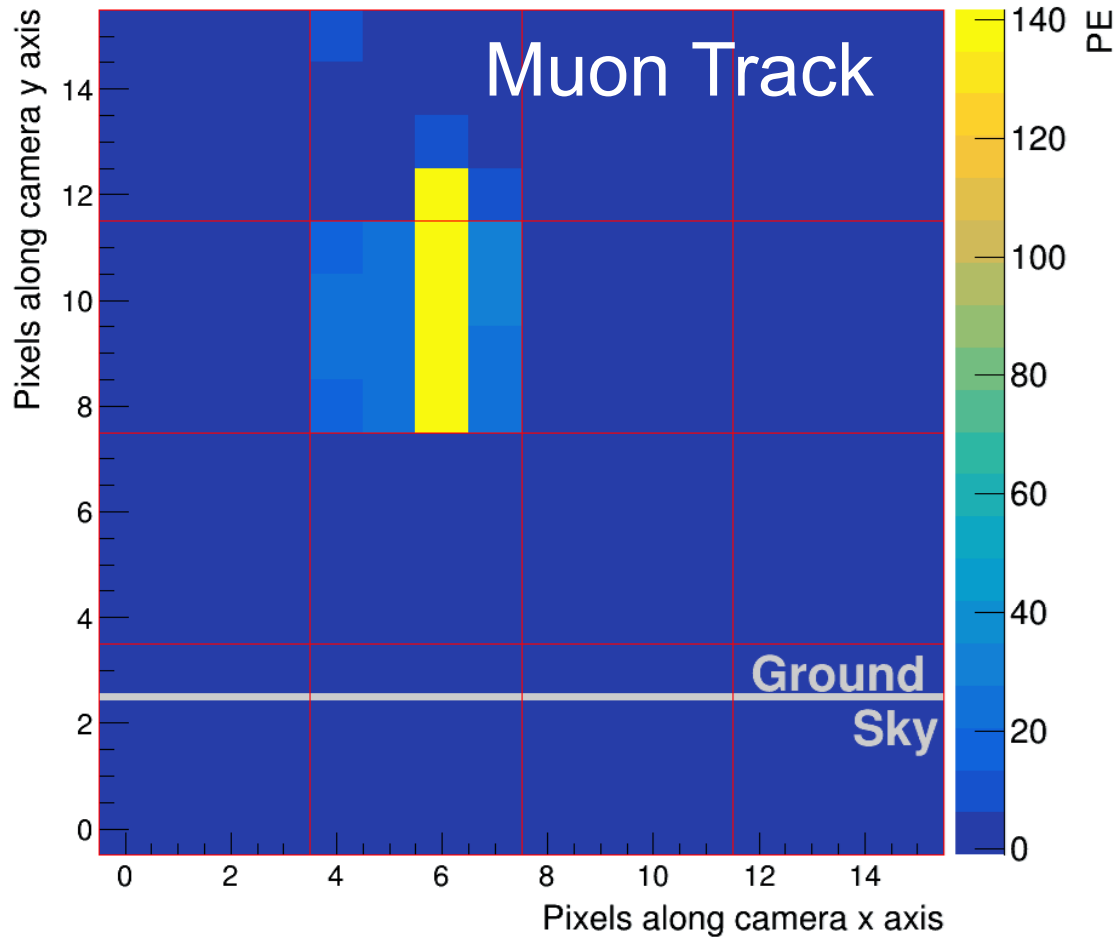


- 3 Surviving pixels
- 2 Core pixels
- Same time bin

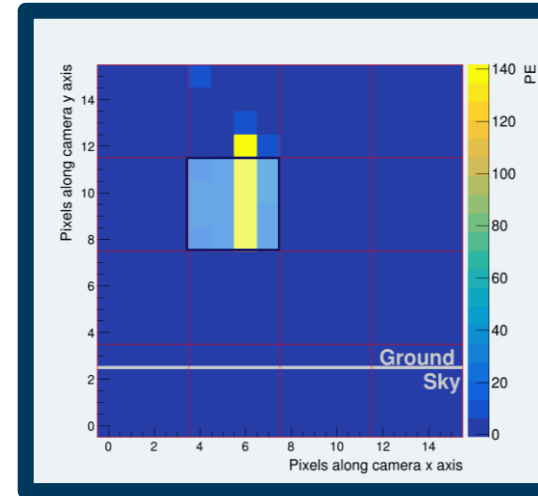


2193 Events

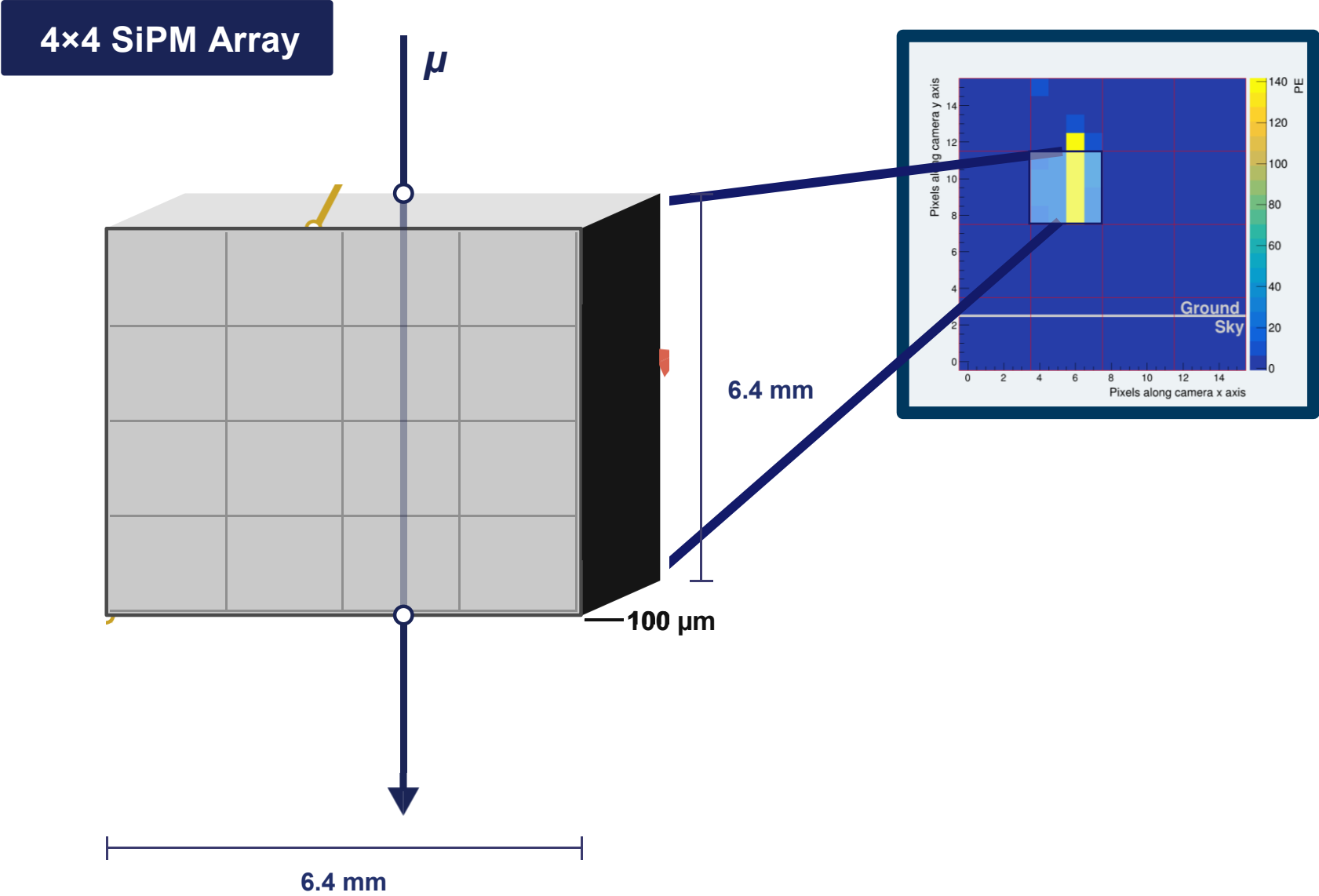
All Surviving Events are Muon Events



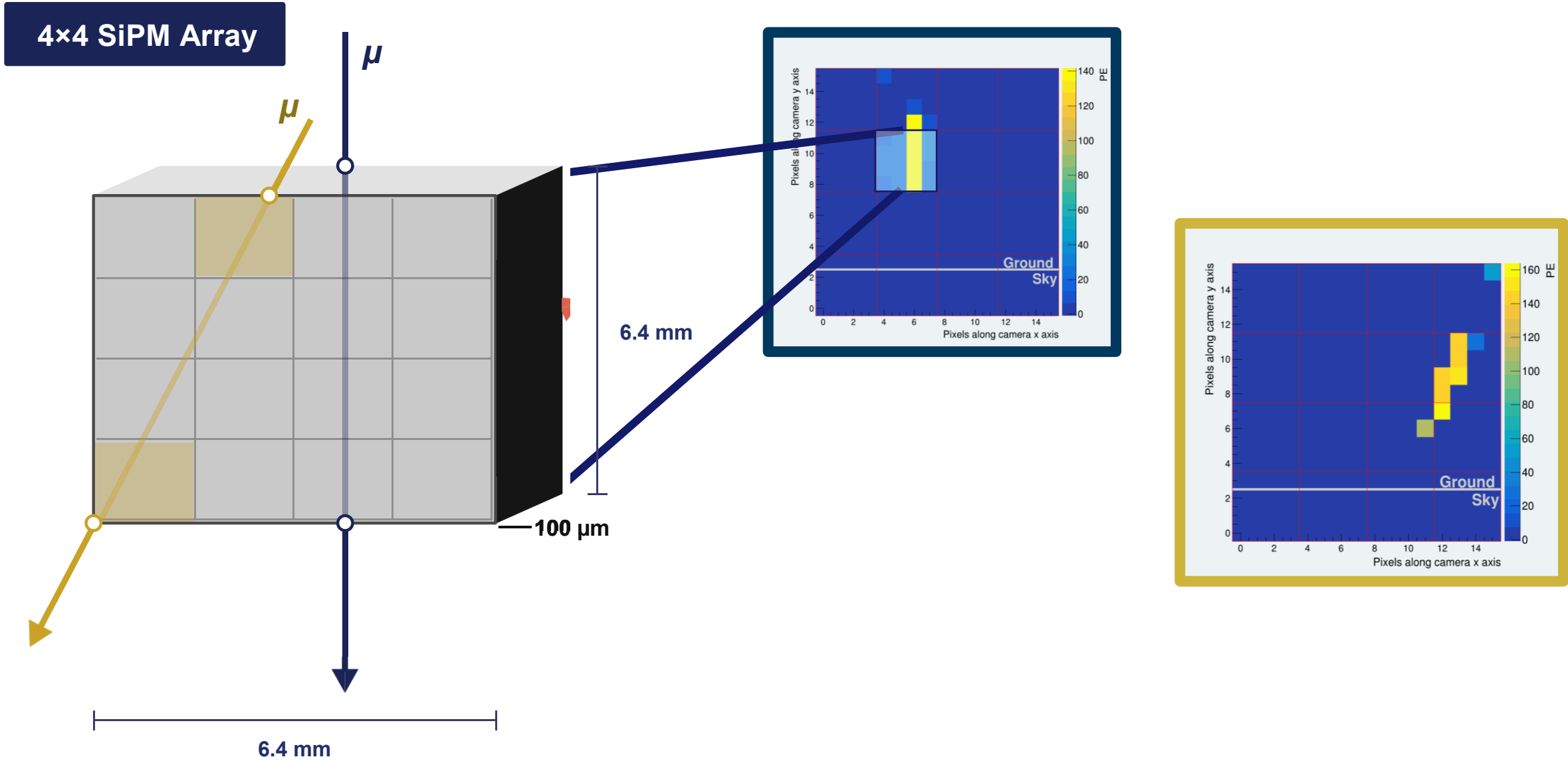
Muon Tracks Arise when Muons Cross the Camera



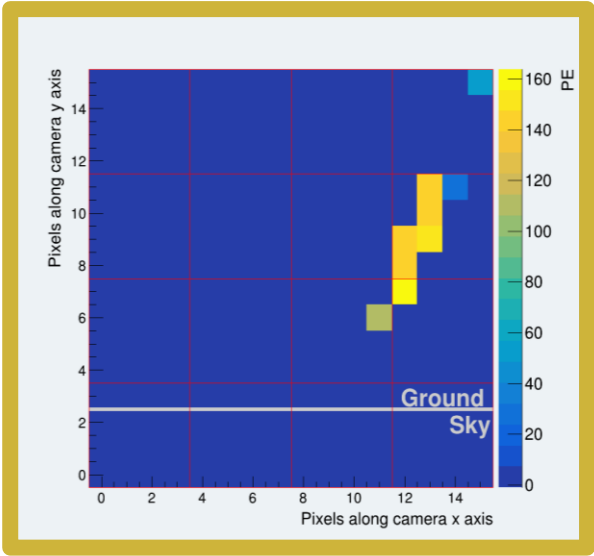
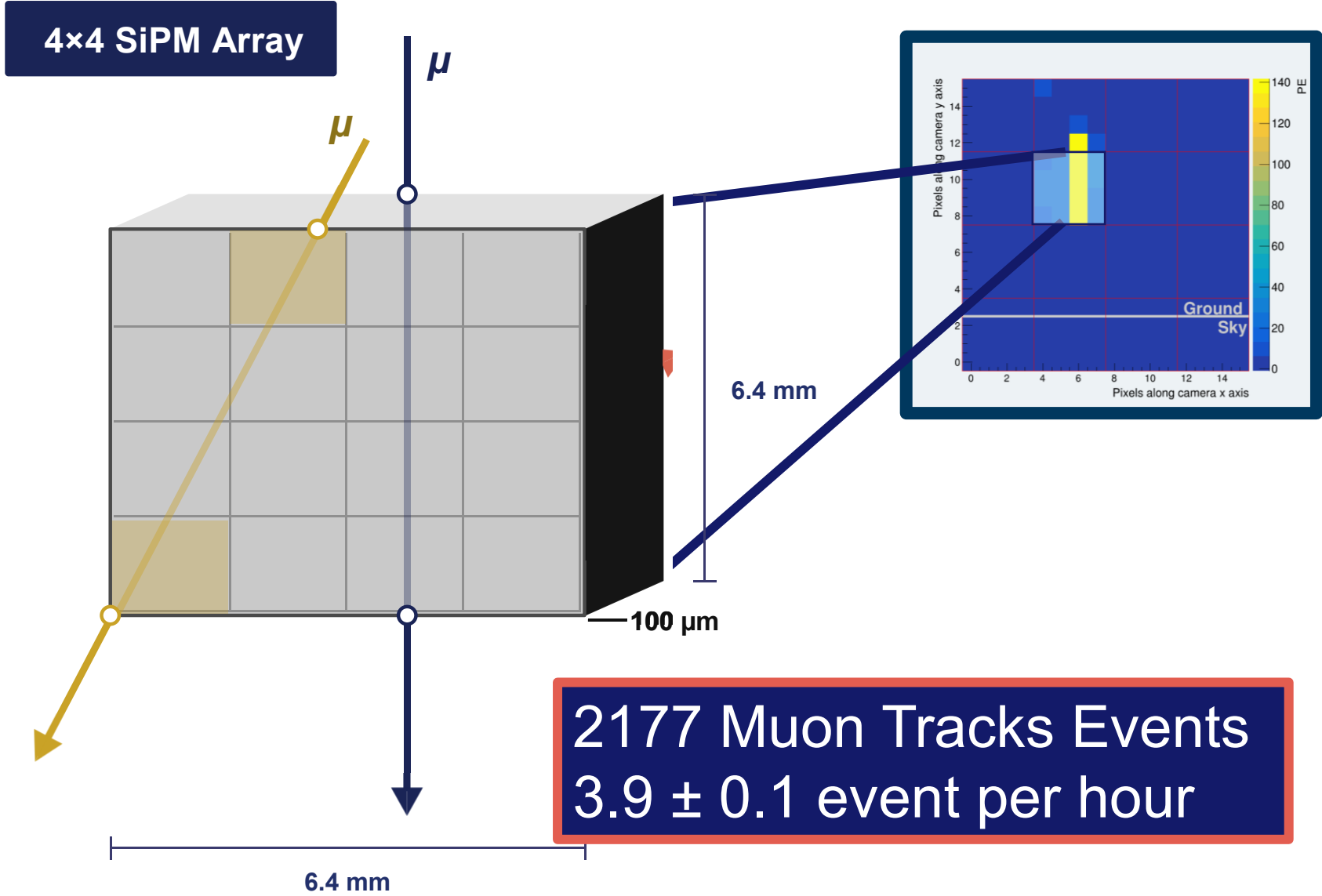
Muon Tracks Arise when Muons Cross the Camera



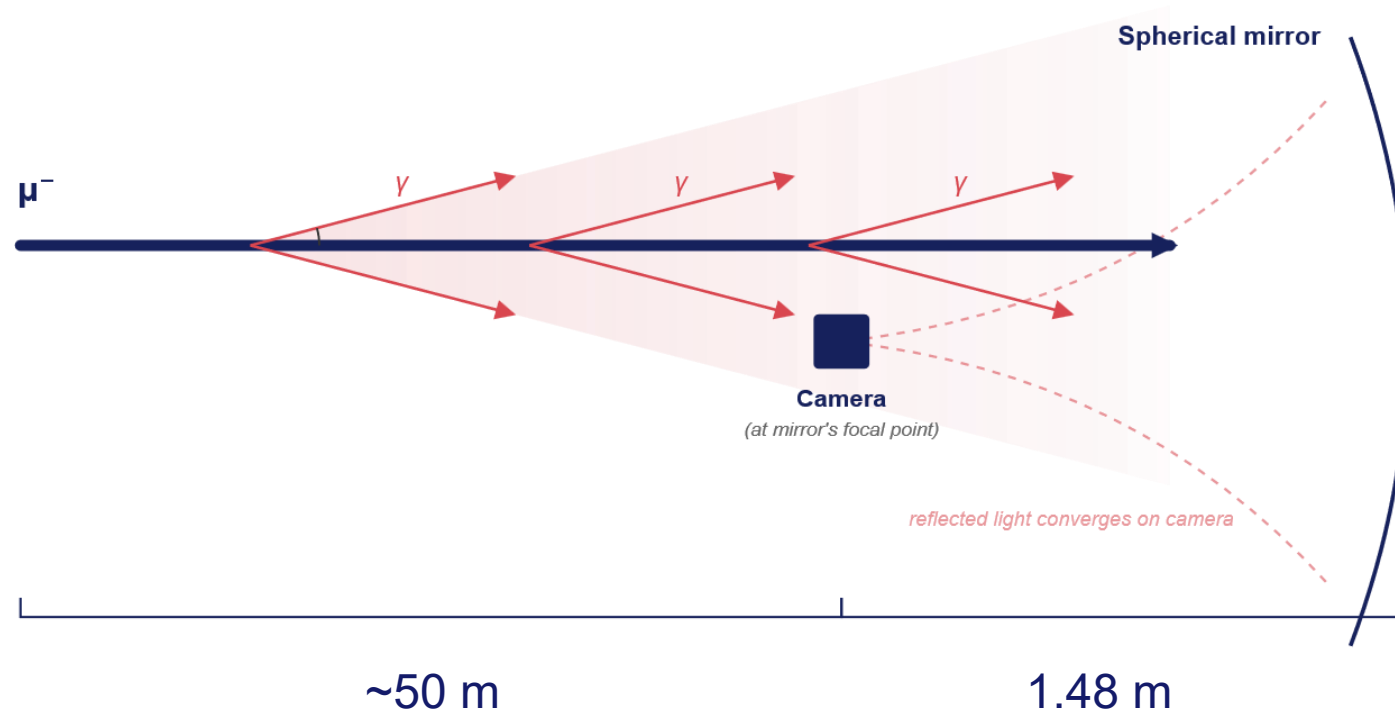
Muon Tracks Arise when Muons Cross the Camera



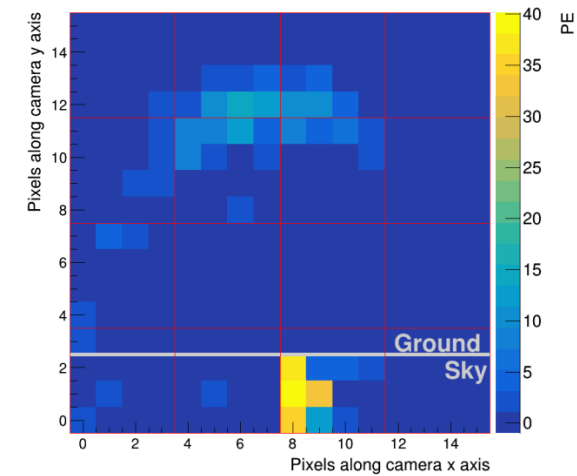
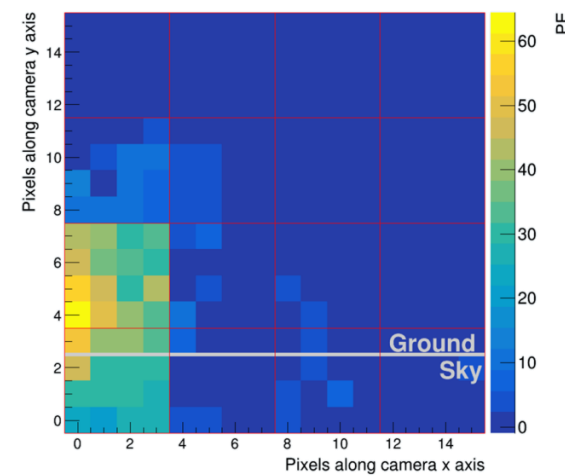
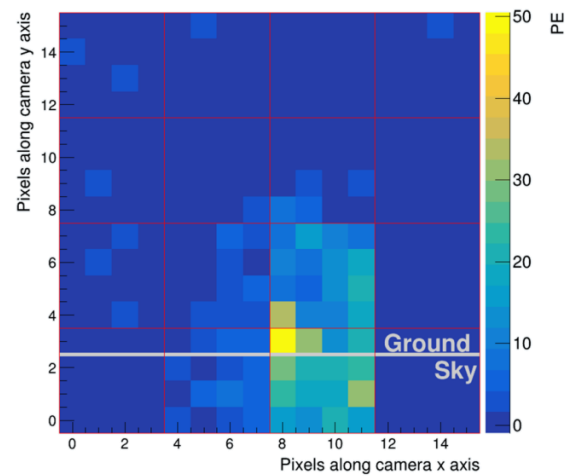
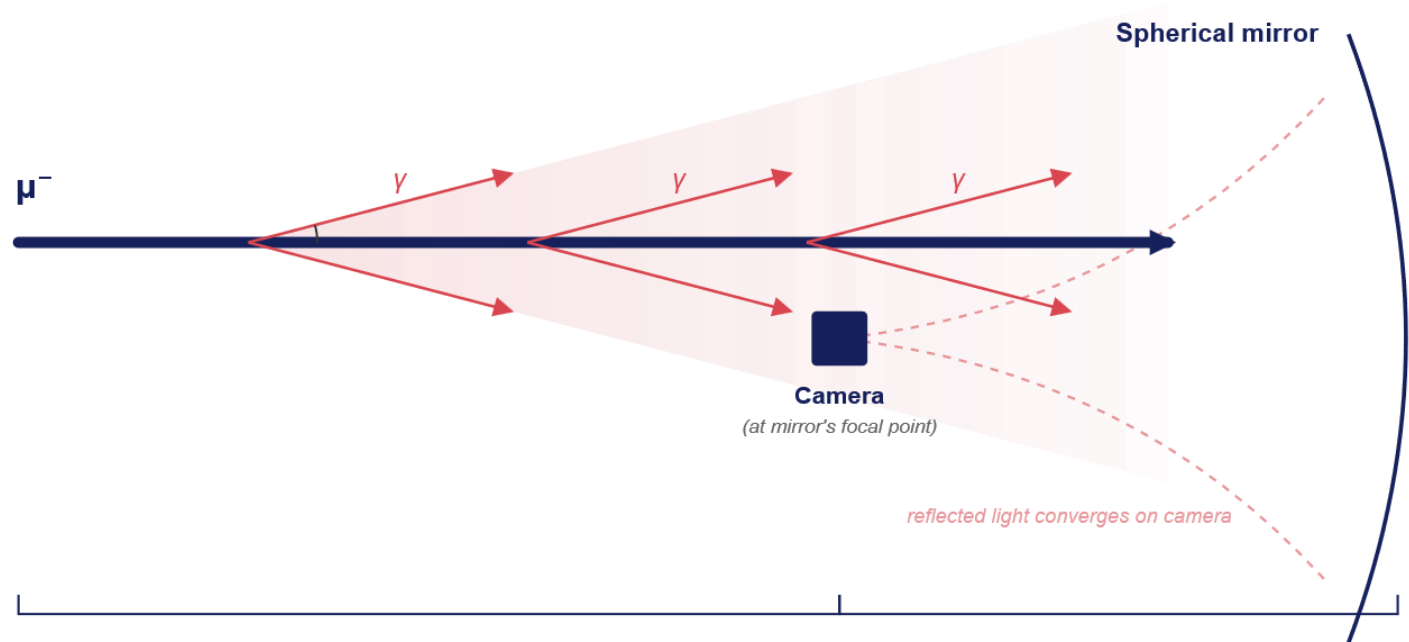
Muon Tracks Arise when Muons Cross the Camera



Cherenkov Light from Muons Also Survives

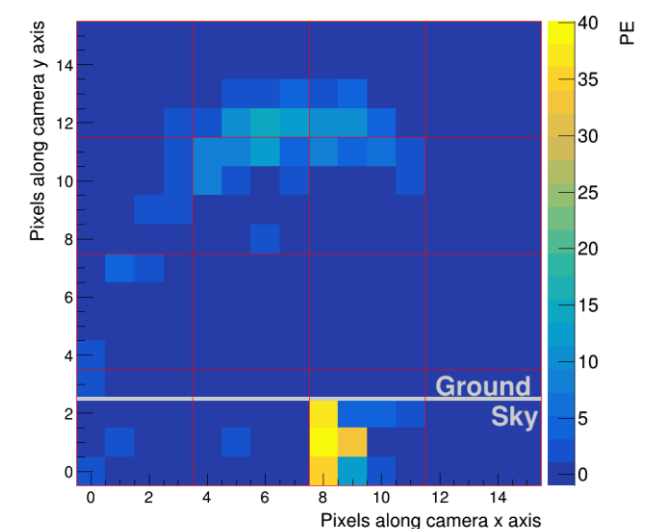
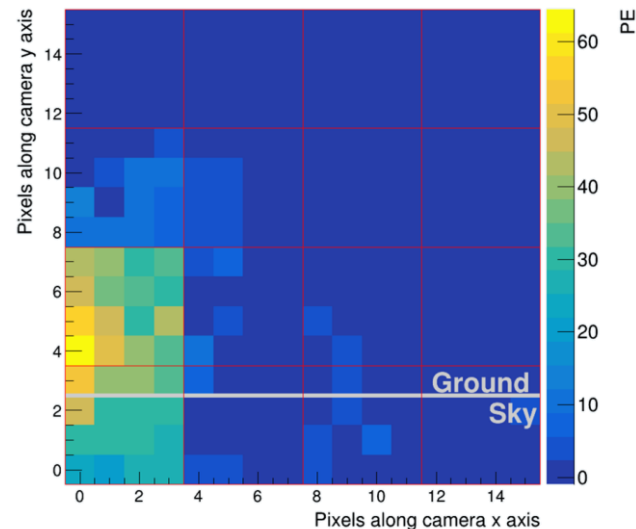
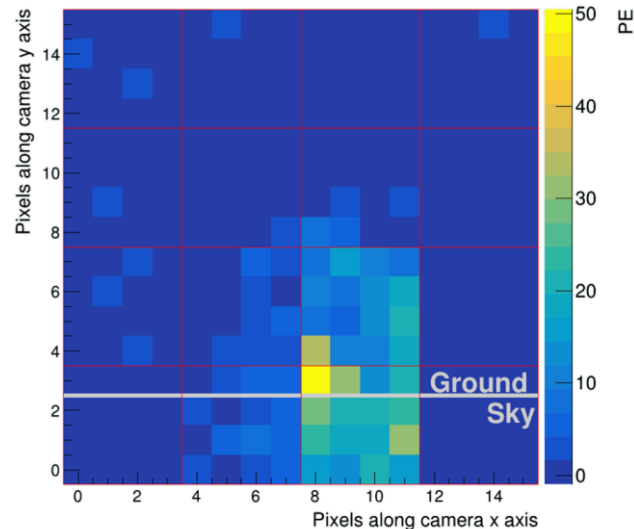


Cherenkov Light from Muons Also Survives

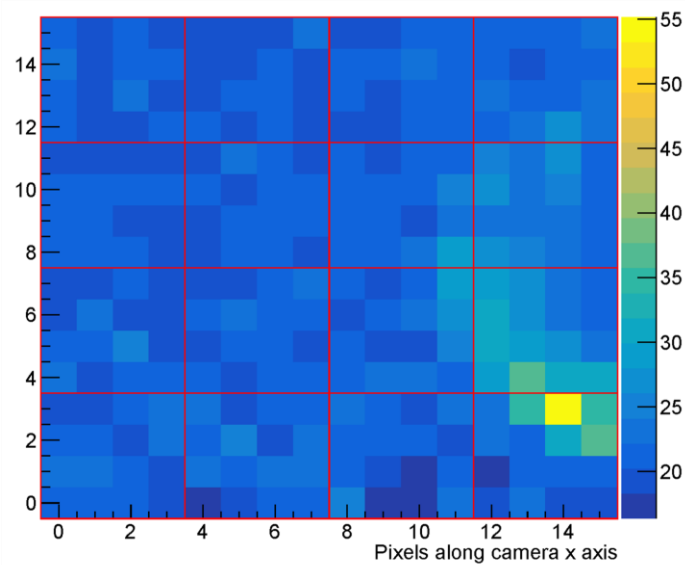
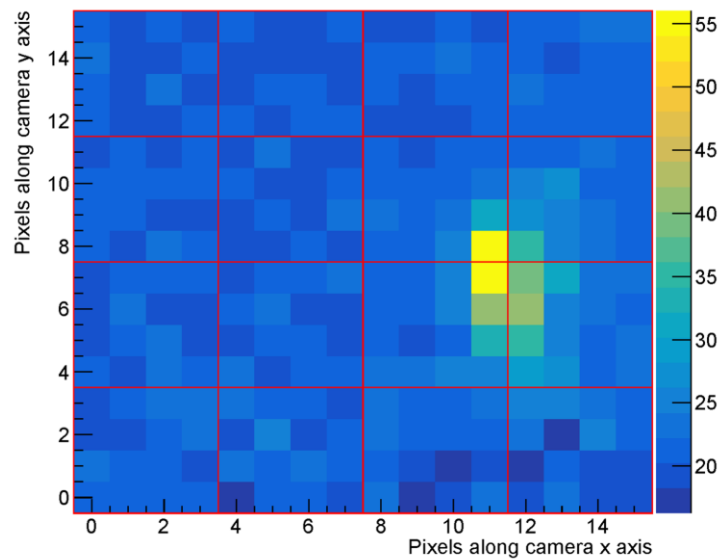


Cherenkov Light from Muons Also Survives

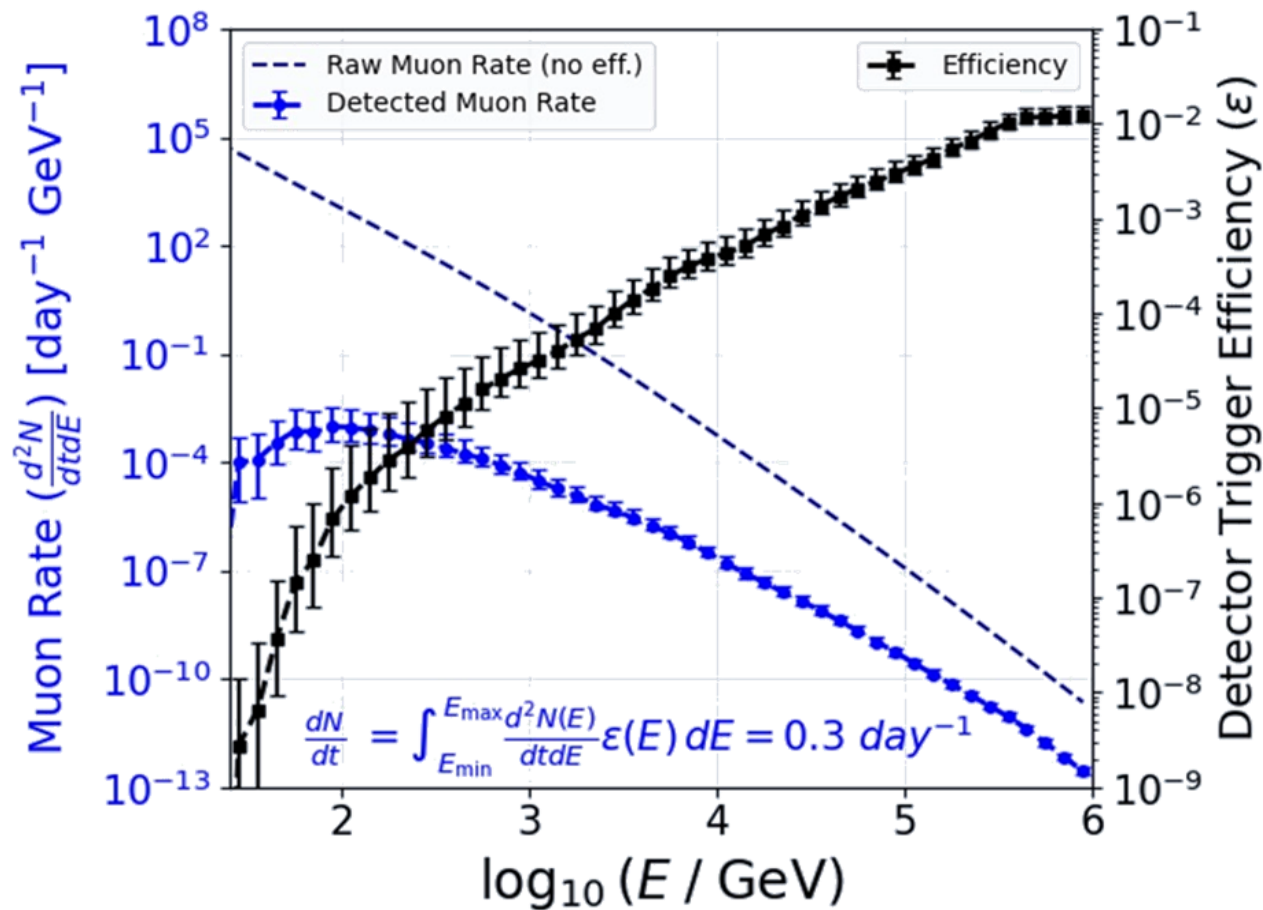
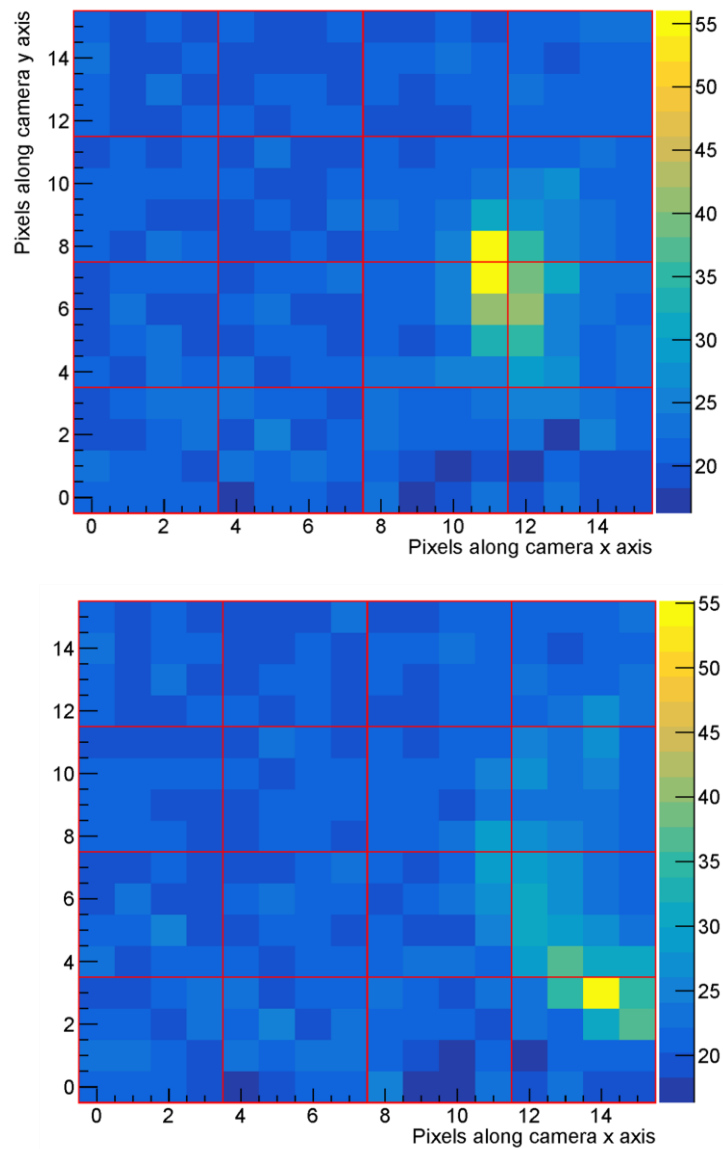
16 Isolated Muon Cherenkov Candidate Events
 1.0 ± 0.1 event per 34 hours



Muon Cherenkov Events are Consistent with Simulations

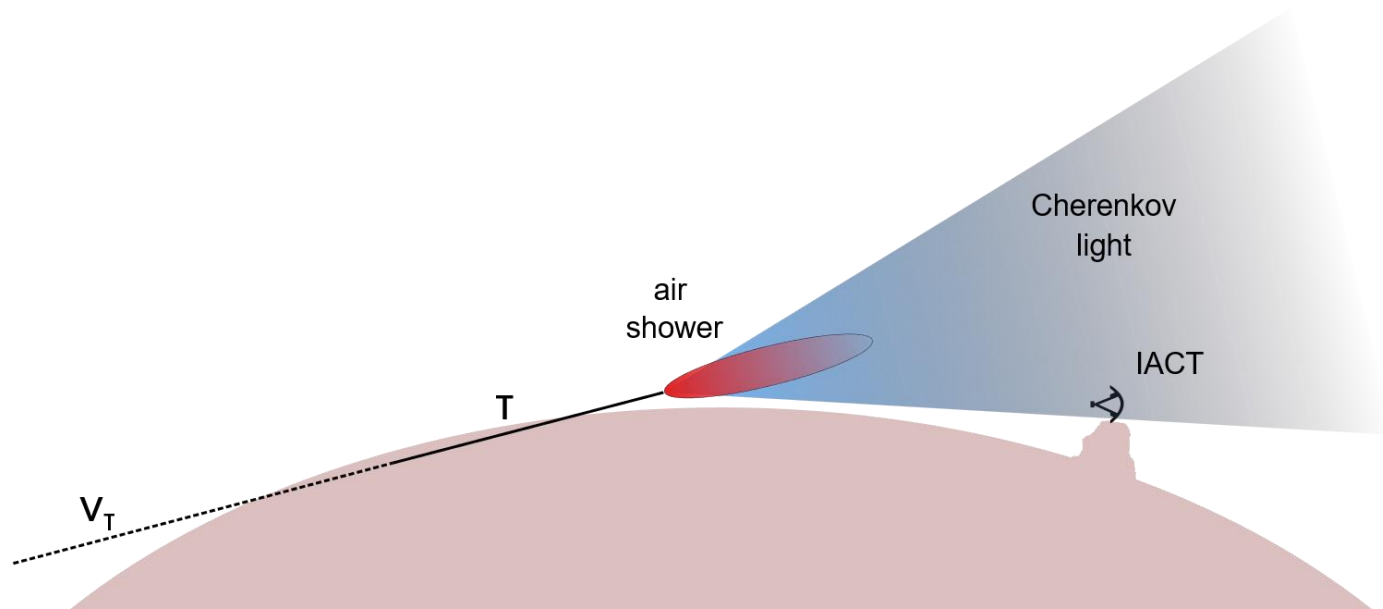


Muon Cherenkov Events are Consistent with Simulations

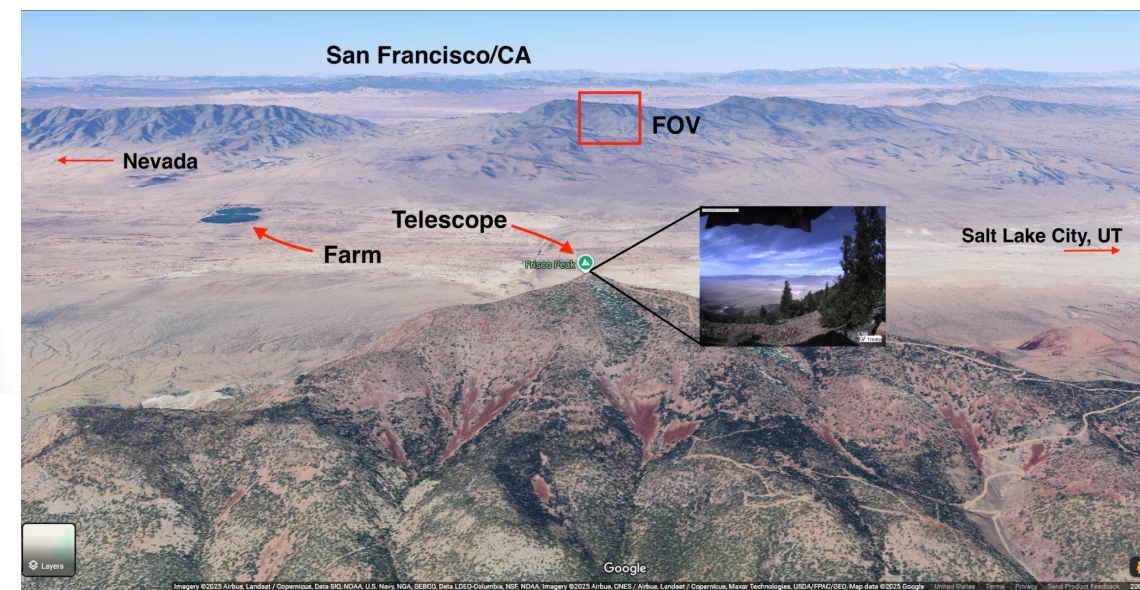
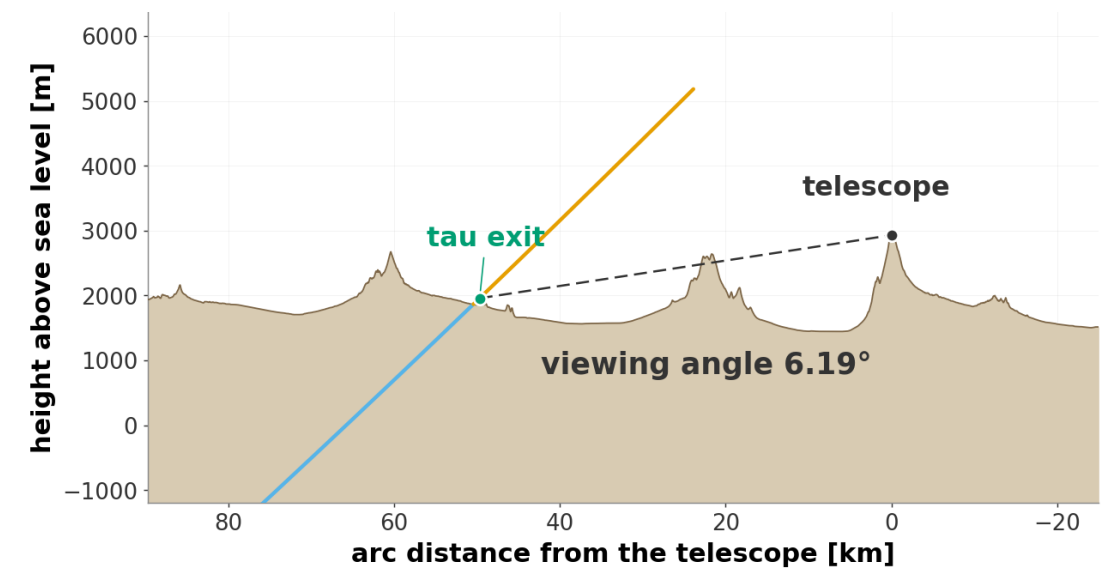
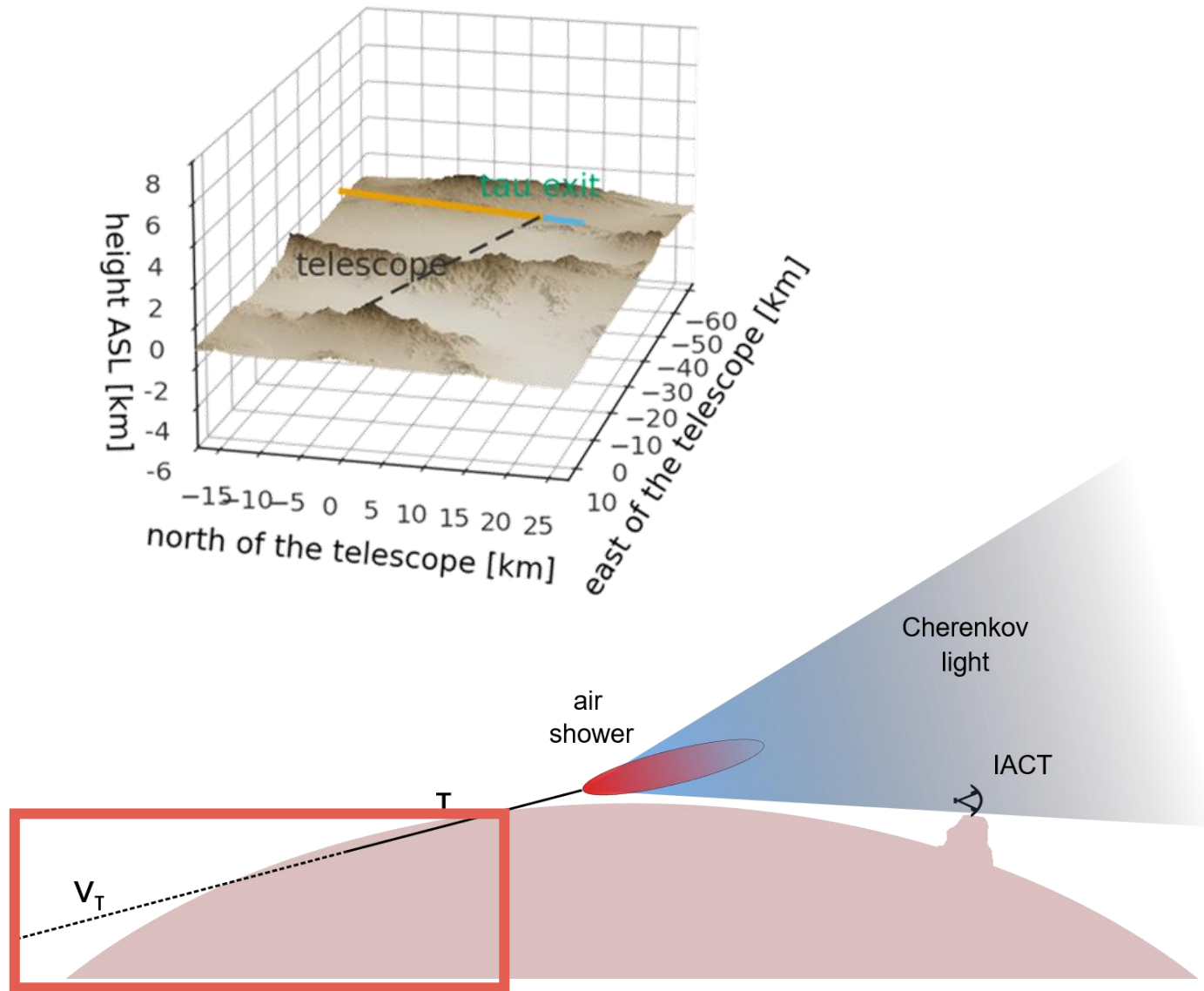


Simulated observed muon rate is $0.01_{-0.003}^{+0.02}$ event/hour

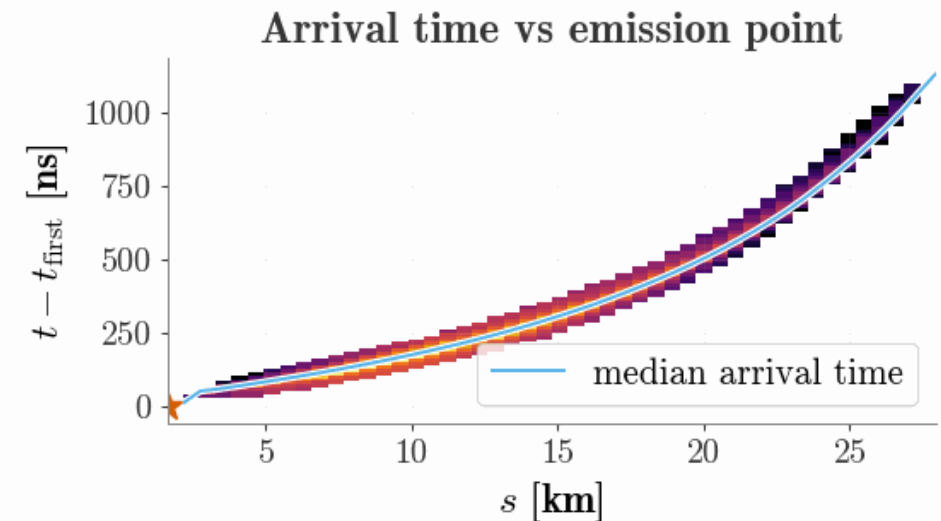
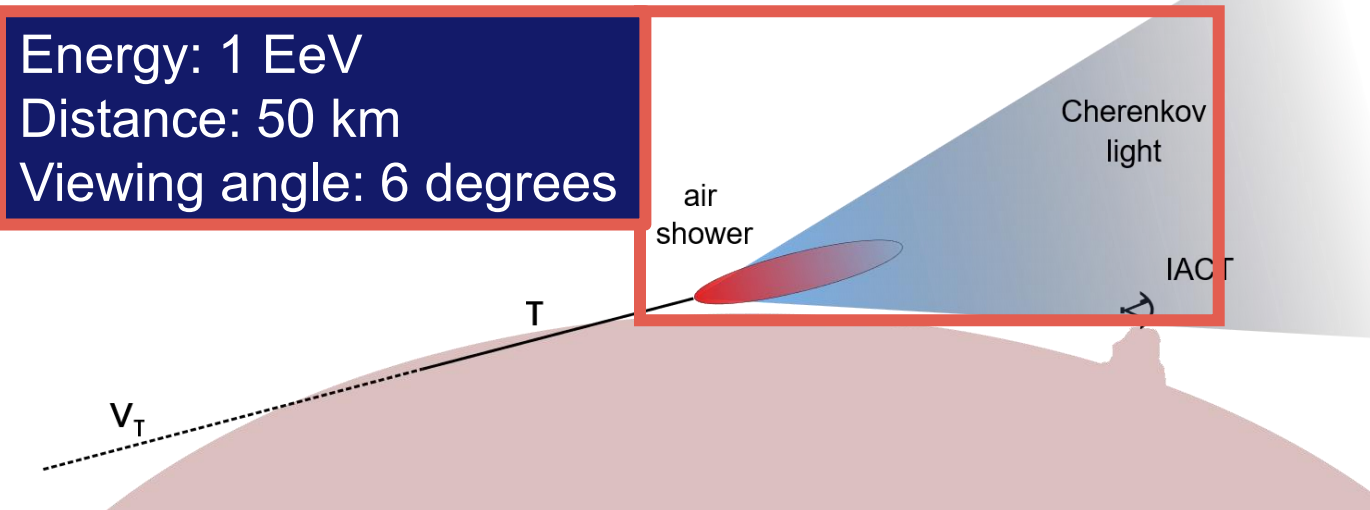
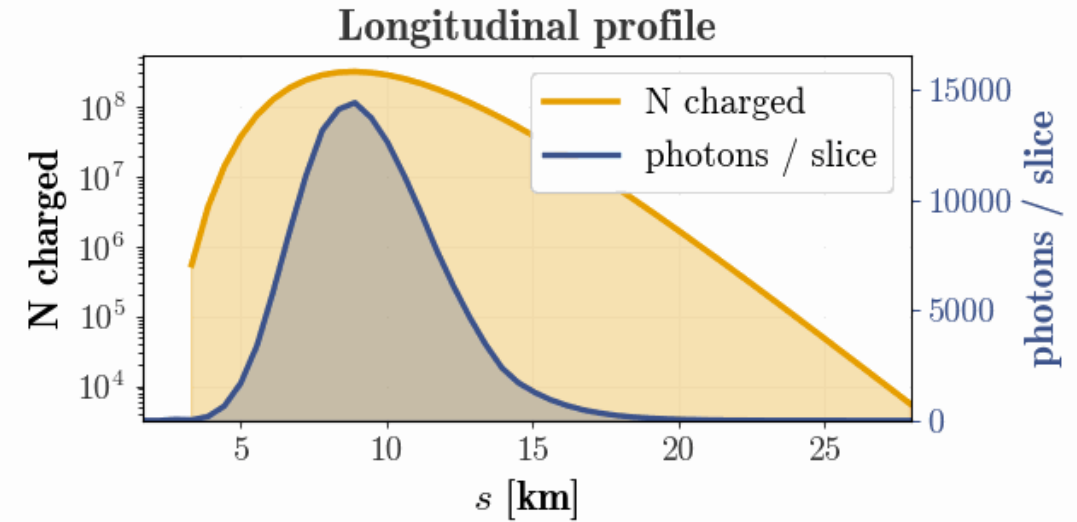
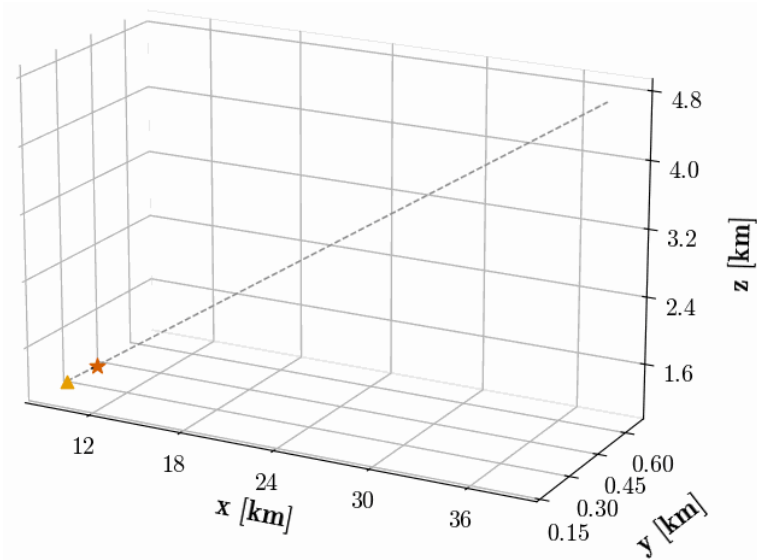
Tau Neutrino Simulation Chain



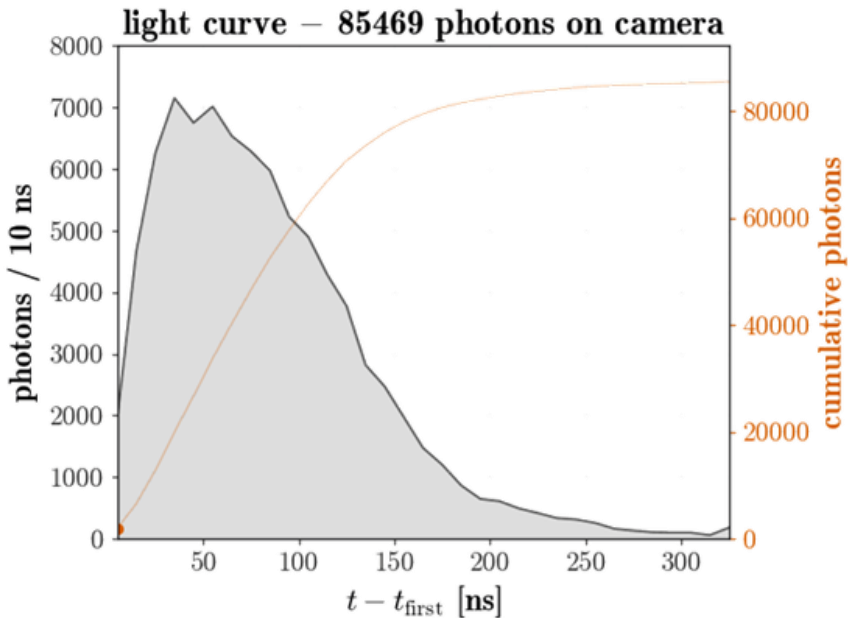
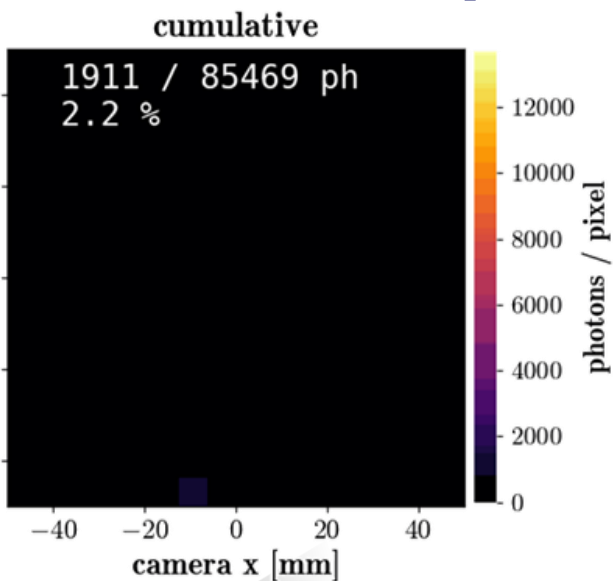
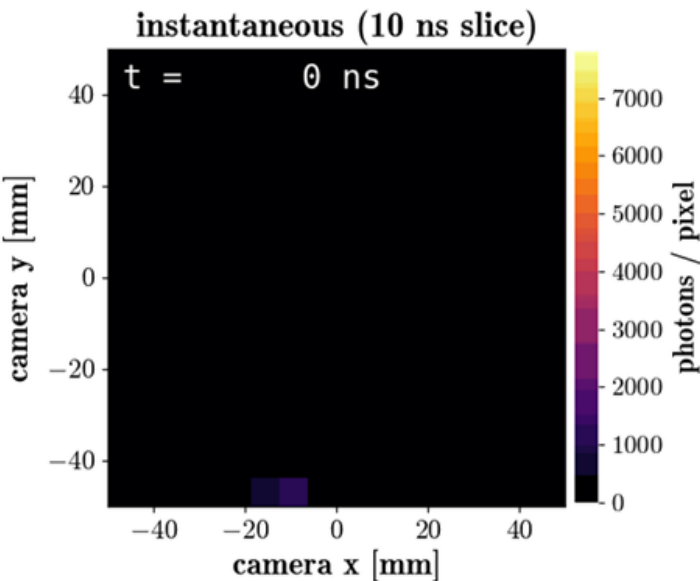
Tau Neutrino Simulation Chain: ISOG



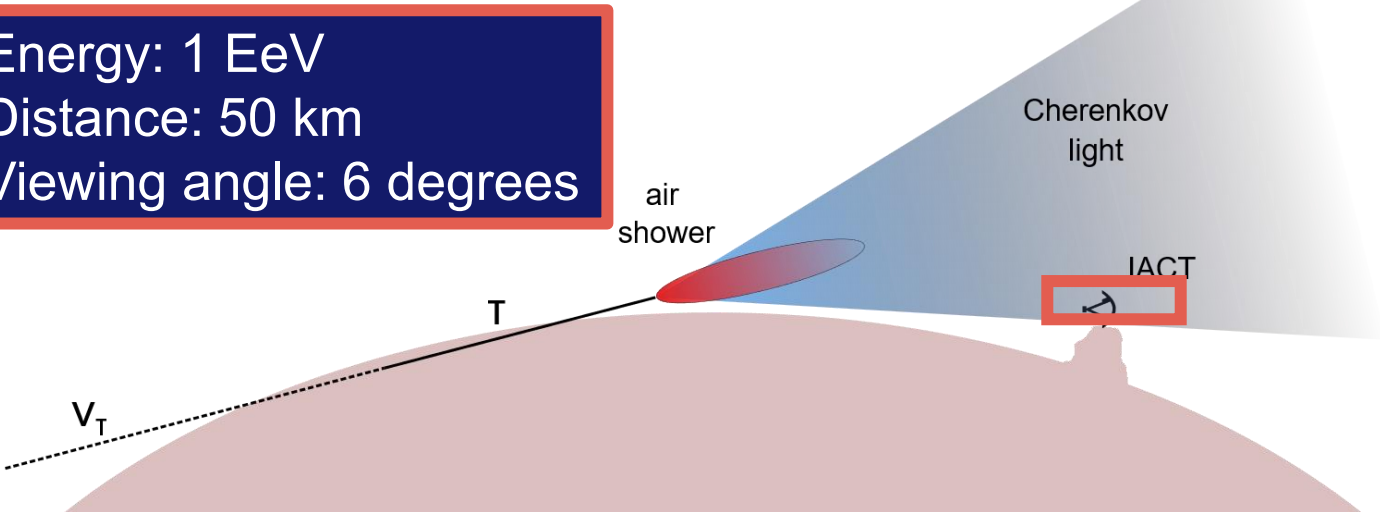
Tau Neutrino Simulation Chain: CHASM



Tau Neutrino Simulation Chain: GrOptics

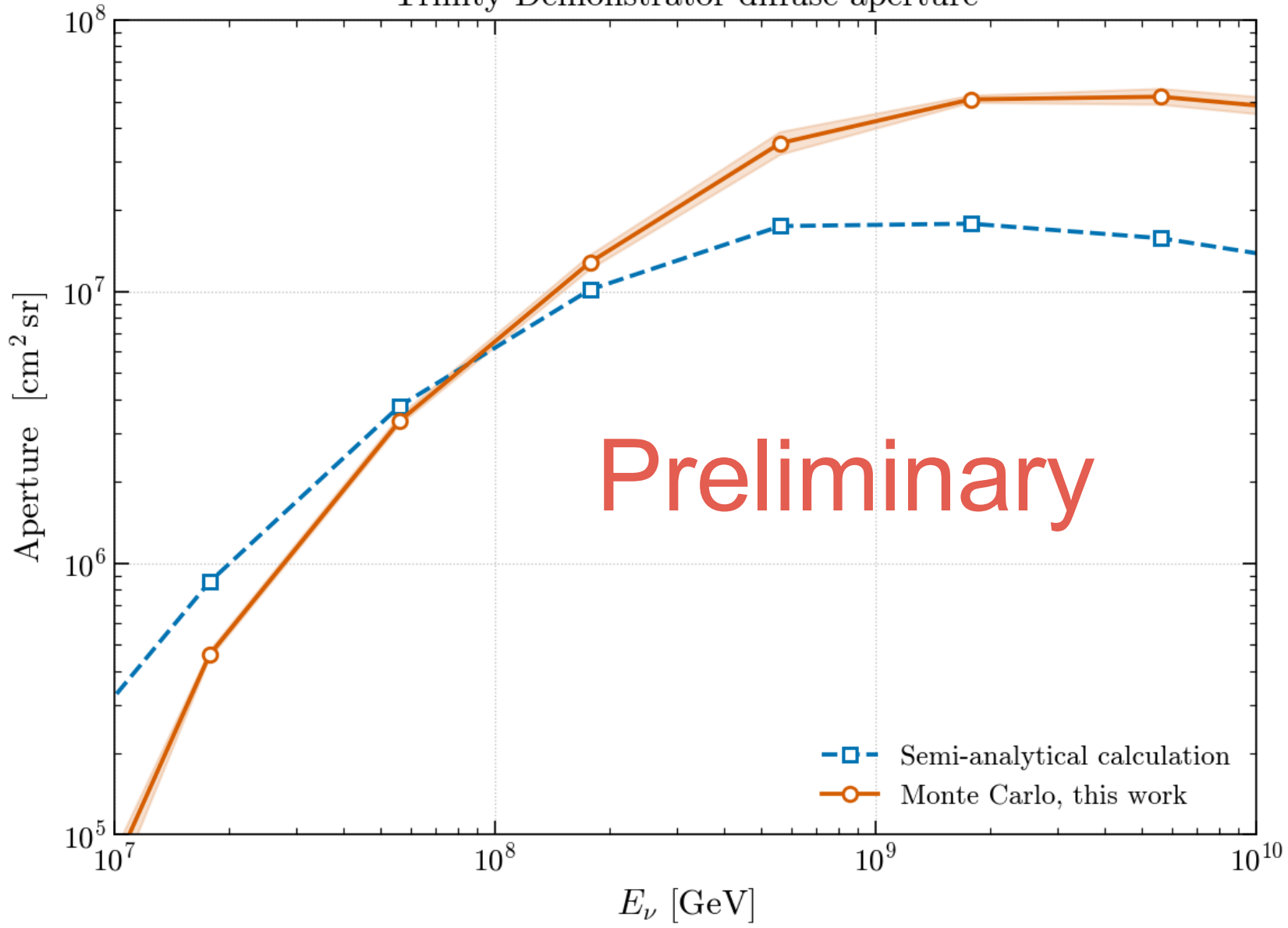


Energy: 1 EeV
Distance: 50 km
Viewing angle: 6 degrees



Effective Area

Trinity Demonstrator diffuse aperture



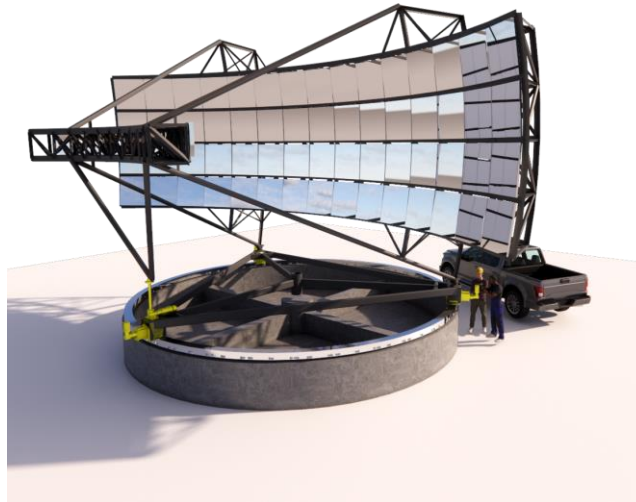
Pointing:
90 degree
zenith

Maximum
Distance:
~150 km
(horizon)

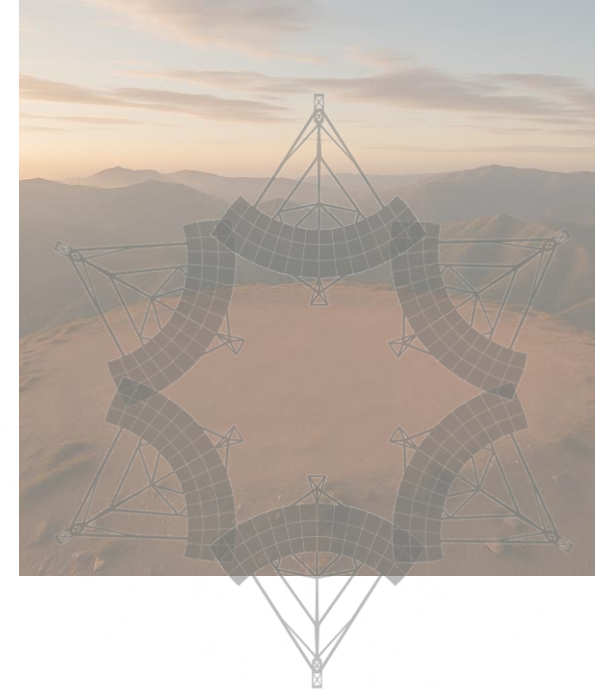
The path towards the Trinity Observatory is ready



- Area -> 1 sq meter
- Field of View -> $3.87^\circ \times 3.87^\circ$
- Resolution -> 0.24°
- Taking data since October 2023



- Area -> 60 sq meter
- Field of View -> $60^\circ \times 5^\circ$
- Resolution -> 0.3°
- Construction starting next year. (?)



Demonstrator

Trinity One

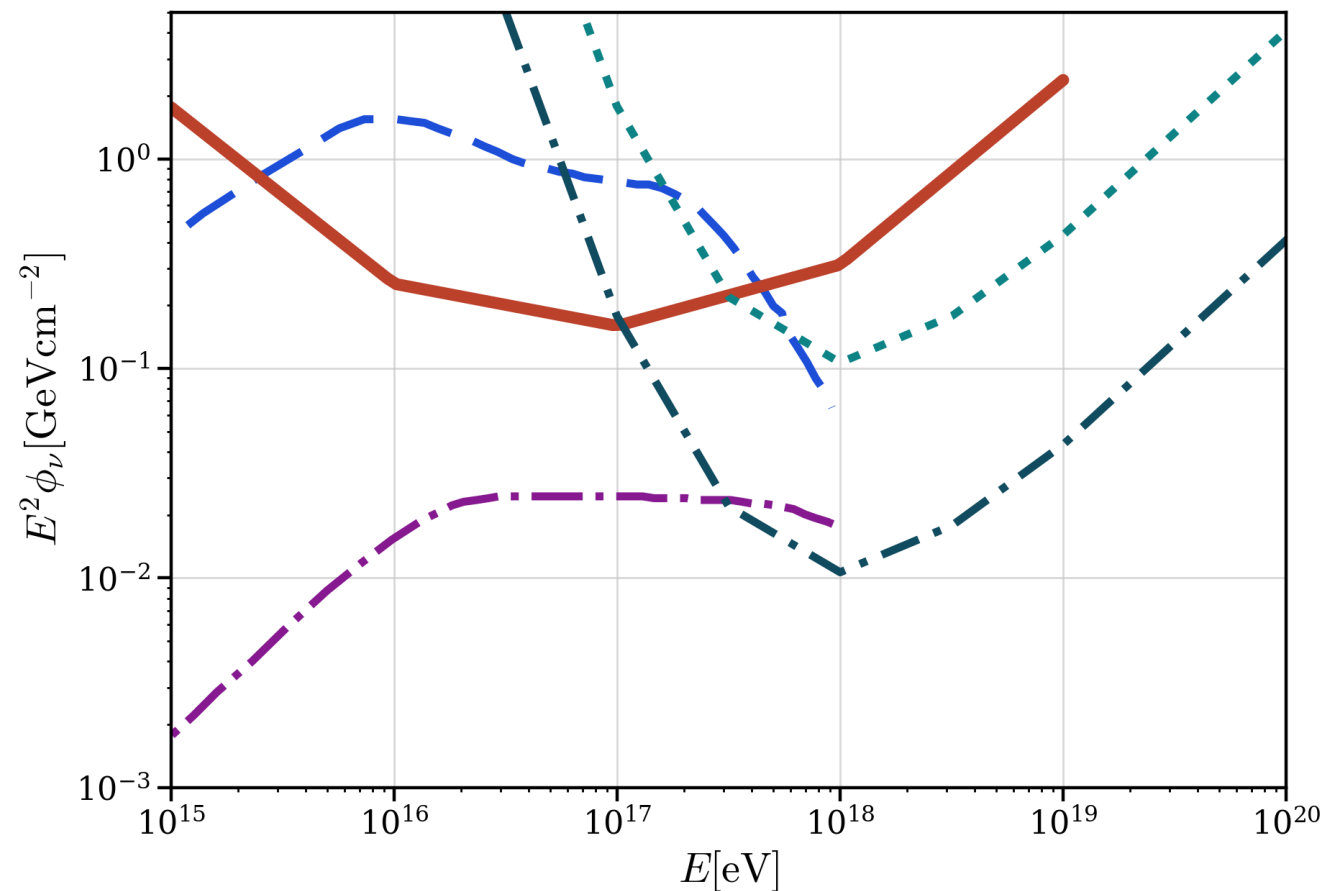
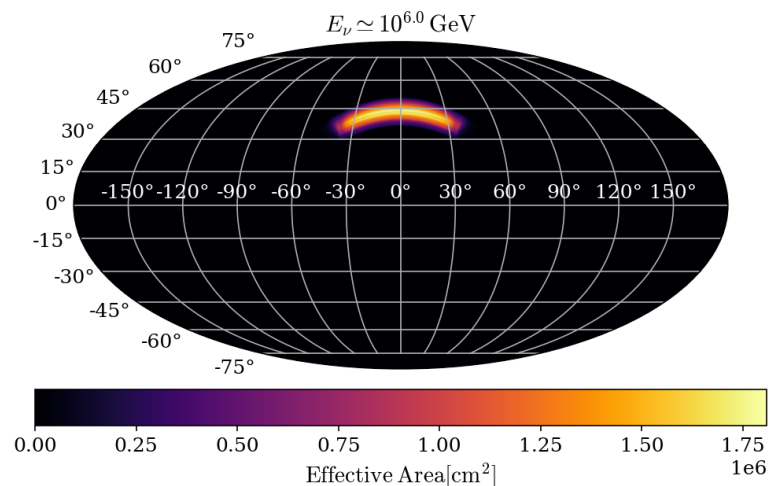
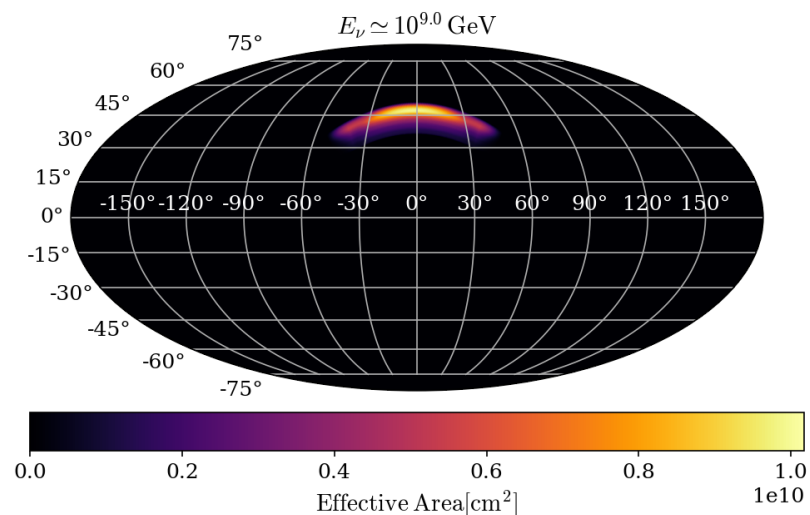


Trinity

draudales@gatech.edu

trinity-observatory.org

Trinity-One will have very deep point source sensitivity



Models

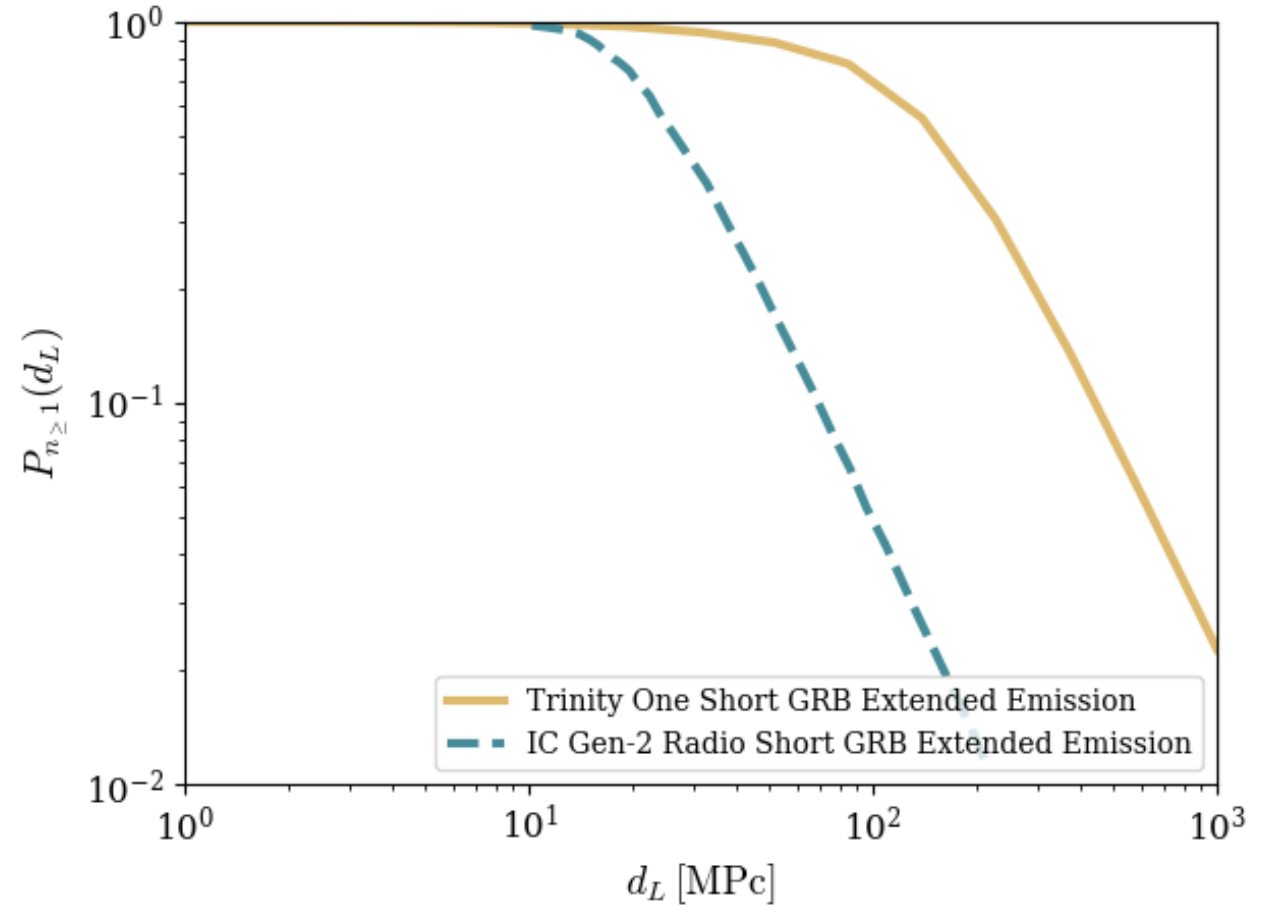
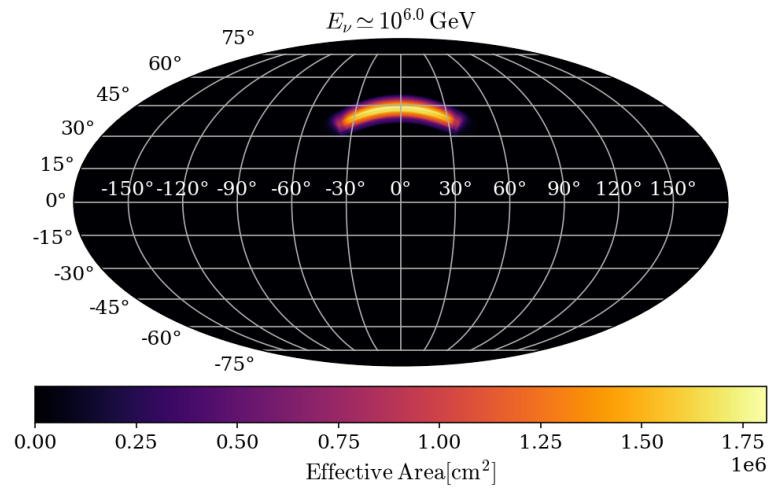
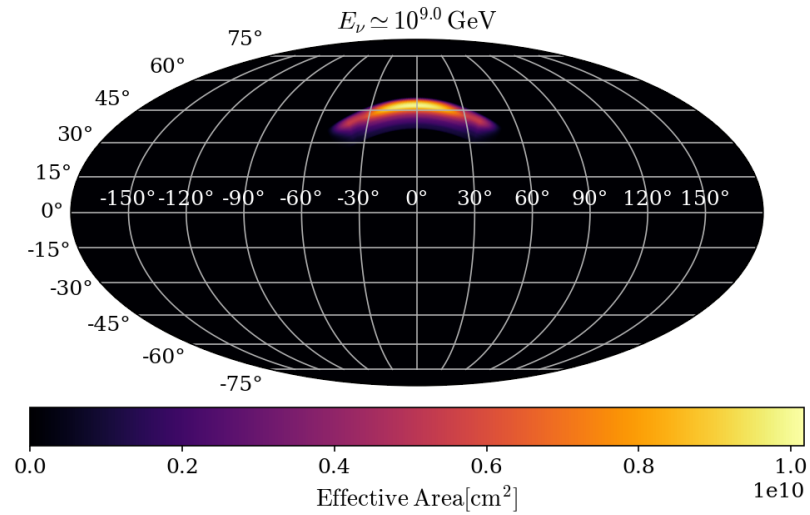
- Short GRB Prompt Emission 40 MPc
- Short GRB Extended Emission 40 MPc

Instruments

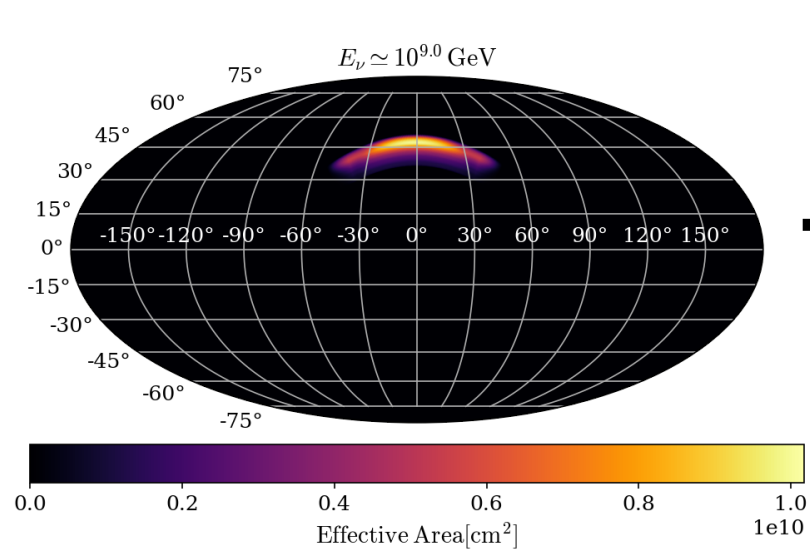
- Trinity One
- BEACON 100
- BEACON 1000



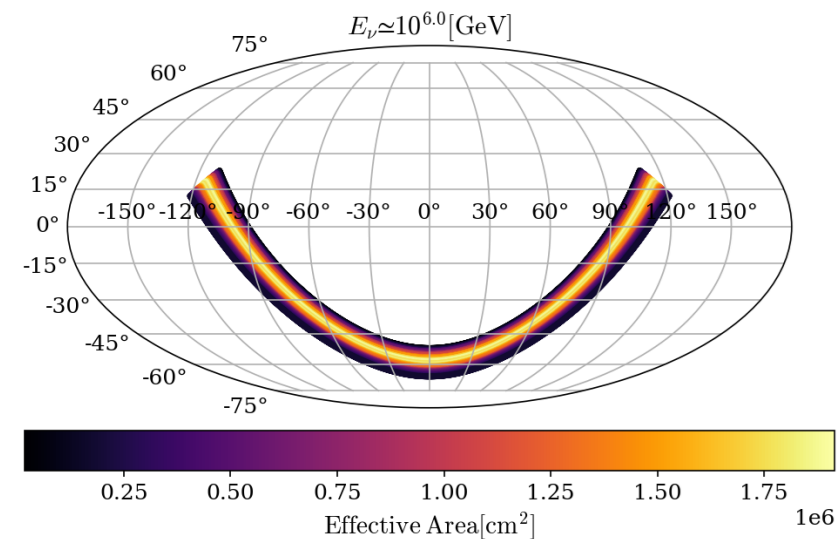
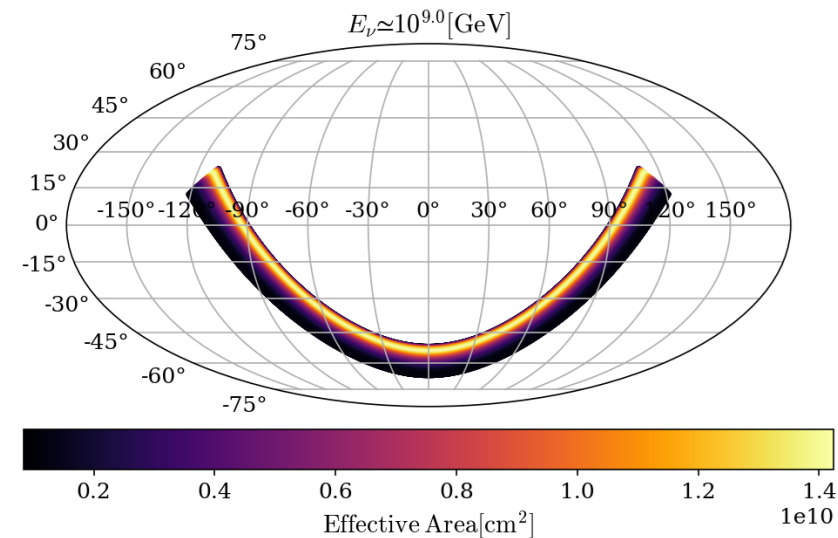
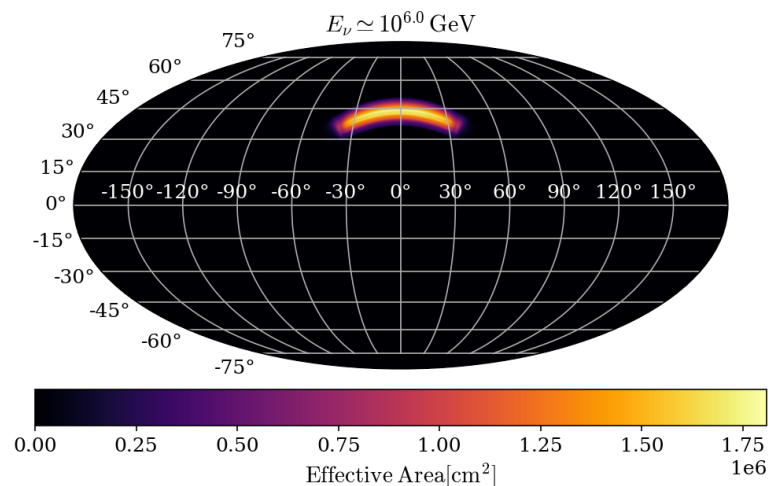
Trinity-One will have very deep point source sensitivity



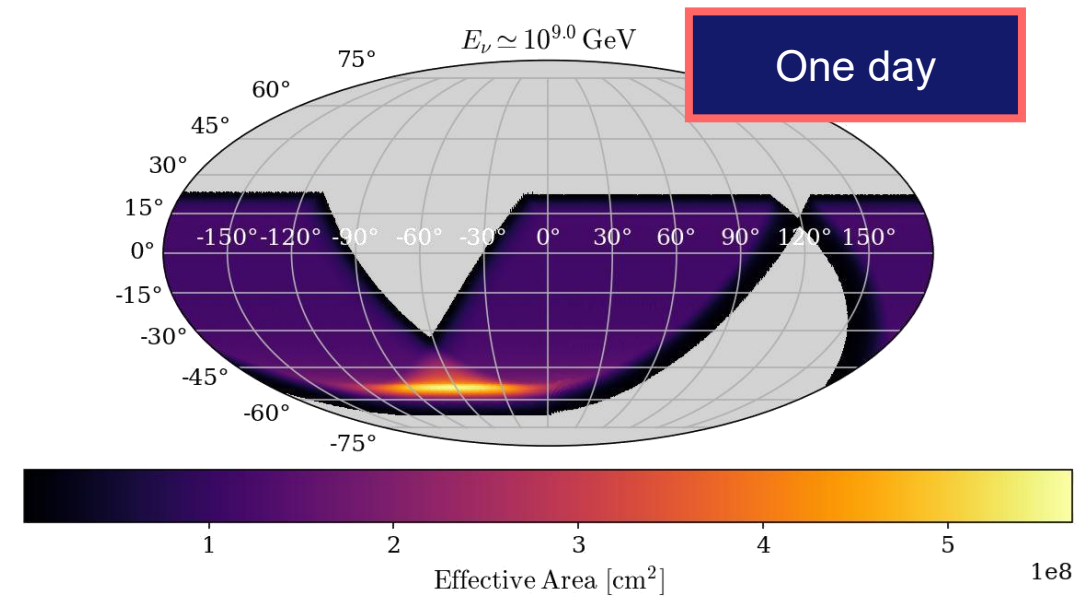
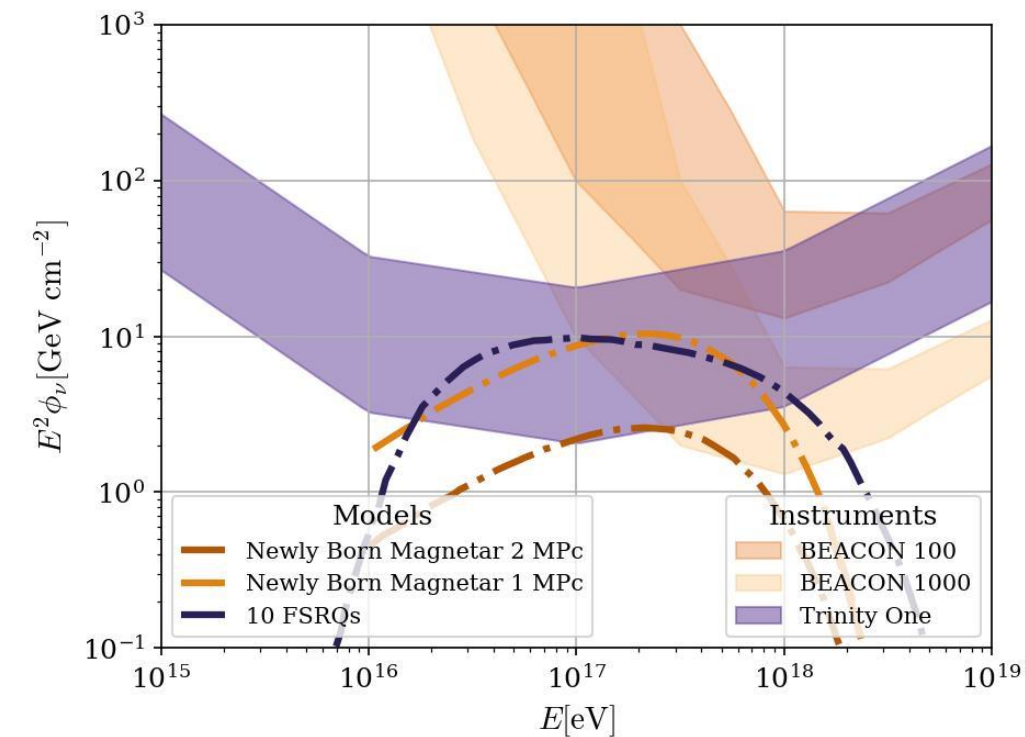
Azimuth rotation will enable source follow-ups



Accessible sky
with repointing



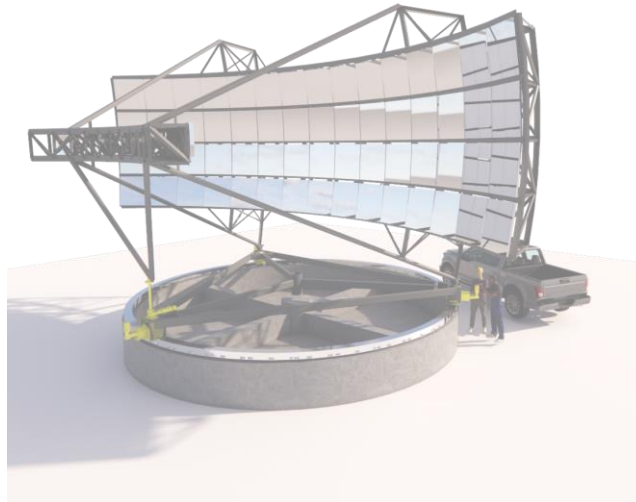
Azimuth rotation also enhances long duration burst sensitivity



The path towards the Trinity Observatory is ready



- Area -> 1 sq meter
- Field of View -> $3.87^\circ \times 3.87^\circ$
- Resolution -> 0.24°
- Taking data since October 2023



- Area -> 60 sq meter
- Field of View -> $60^\circ \times 5^\circ$
- Resolution -> 0.3°
- Construction starting next year. (?)



- 3 sites
- 6 telescopes per site
- Linear increase in diffuse flux sensitivity with number of telescopes

Demonstrator

Trinity One

Trinity Observatory



Trinity

draudales@gatech.edu

trinity-observatory.org

Summary and Outlook

- Current Data Analysis Run Points to a Background Free Experiment.
- Event discrimination and selection based on end-to-end Monte Carlo on the way!
- Pretty good transient source sensitivity and follow up potential with repointing.
- Limit on diffuse neutrino flux and some point sources soon!

Thank you!!



Phenomenology
and Science

Tau Simulations and Performance

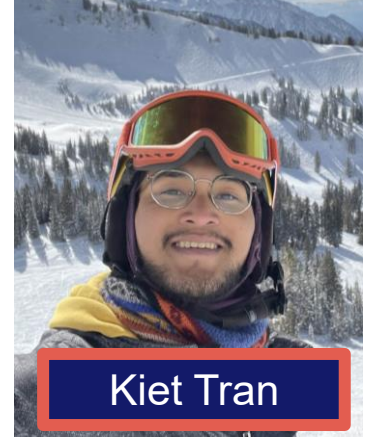


David
Raudales (me)



Nathan
Rauch

Muon Simulations



Kiet Tran

Analysis and Operations



Sameeksha
Saini



Sofia
Stepanoff

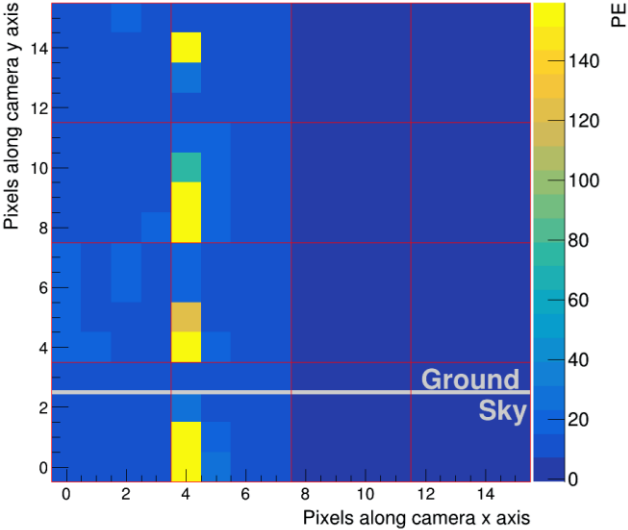
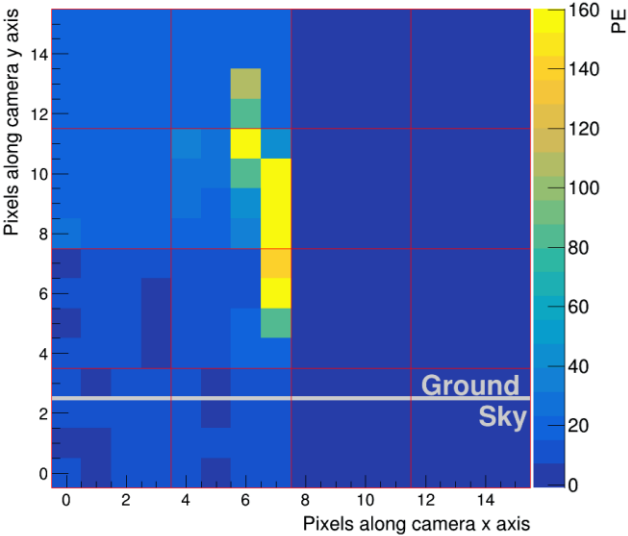
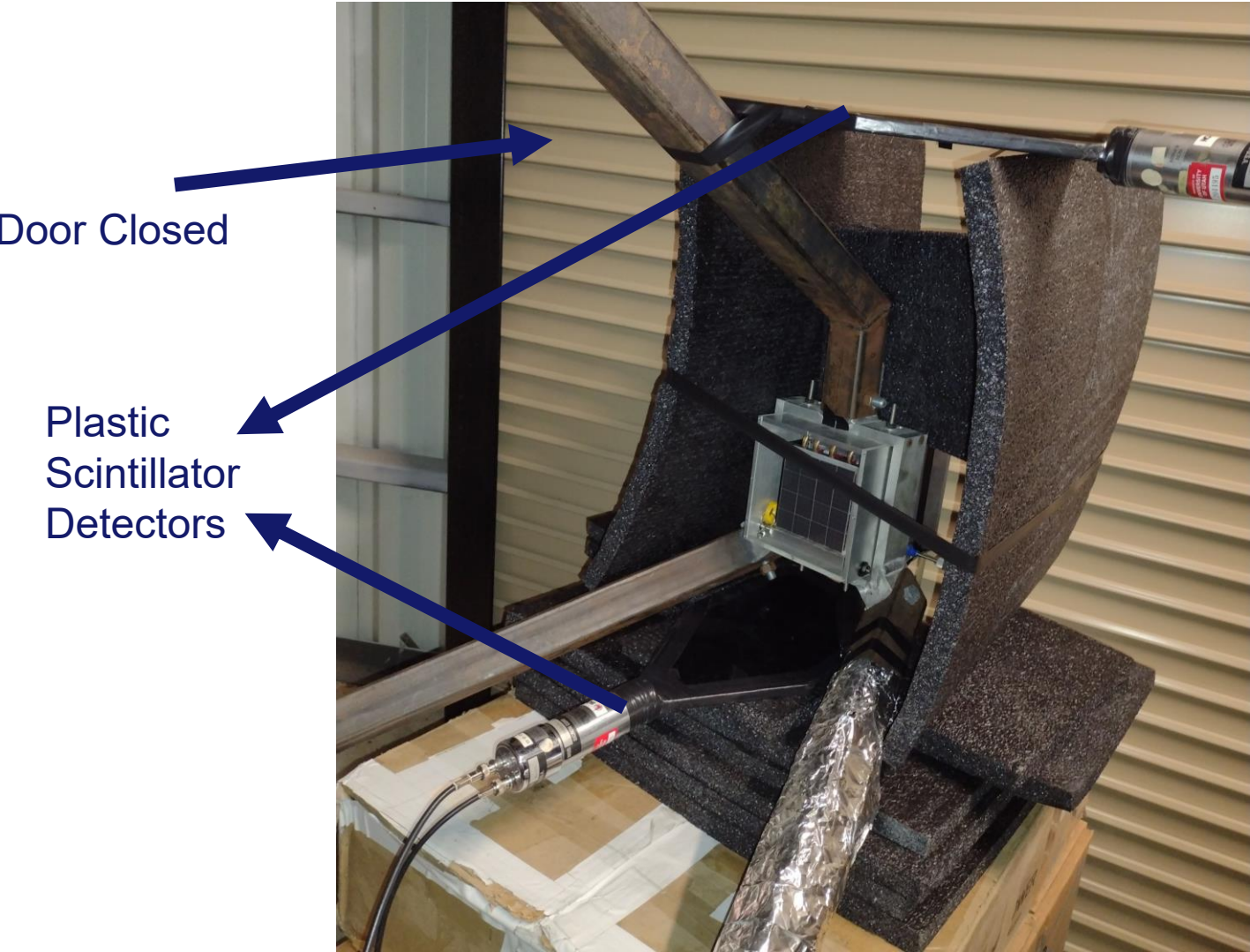
Atmospheric Calibration



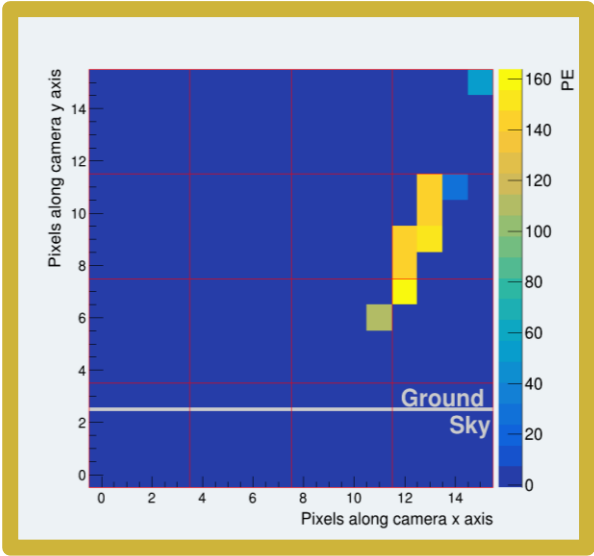
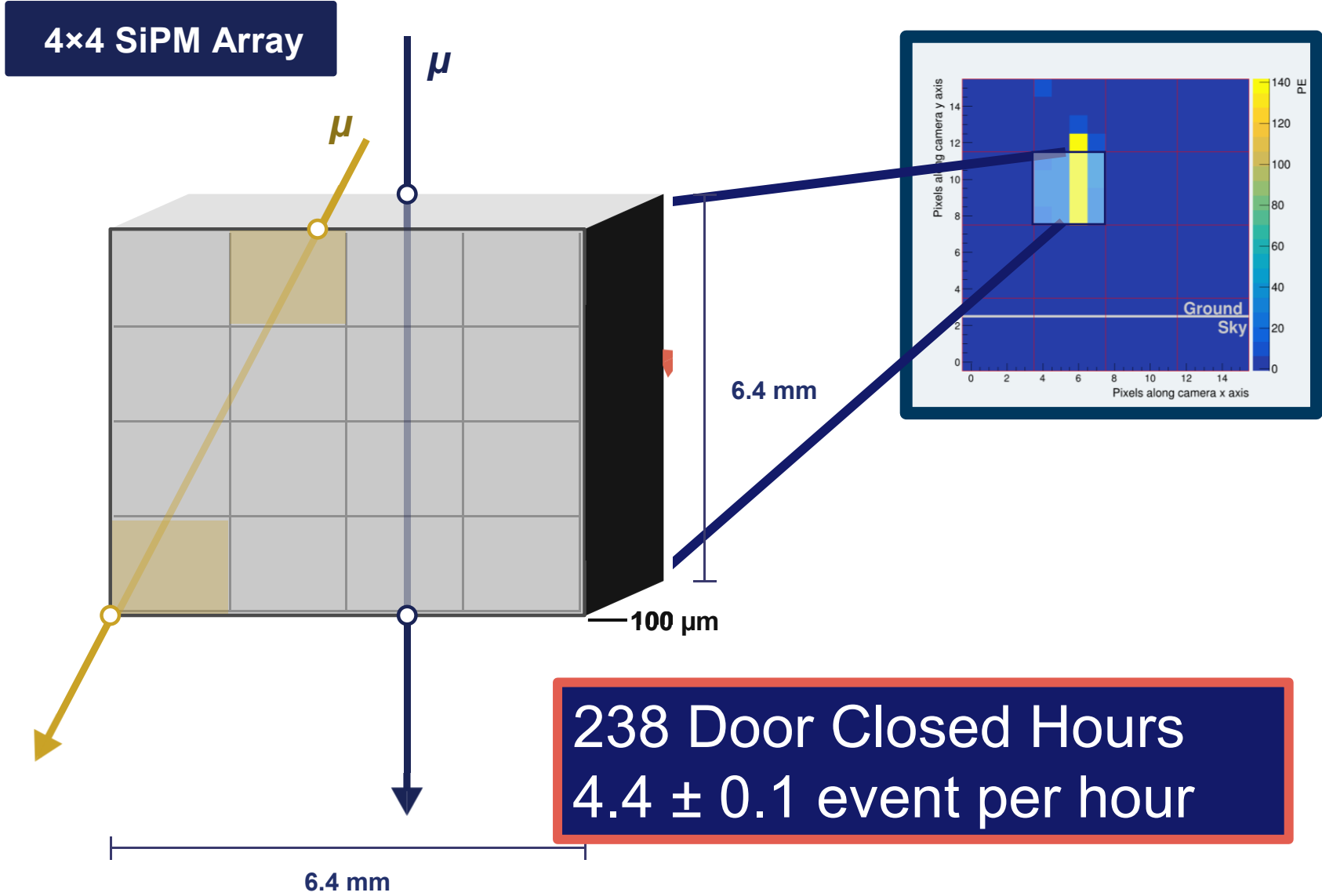
Jake
McMillan

Backups

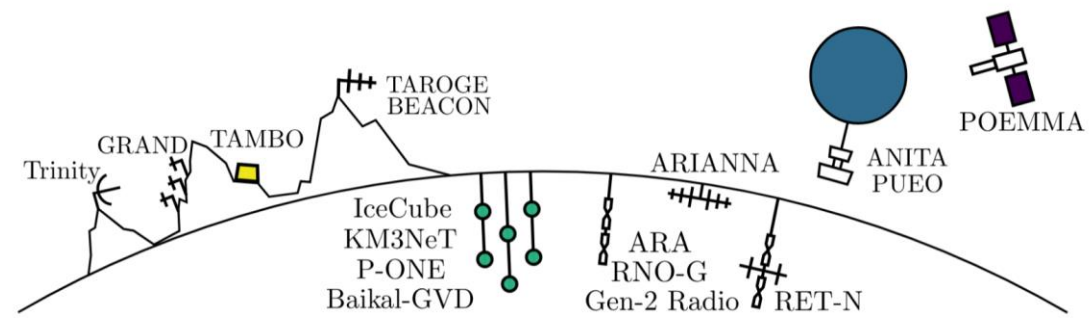
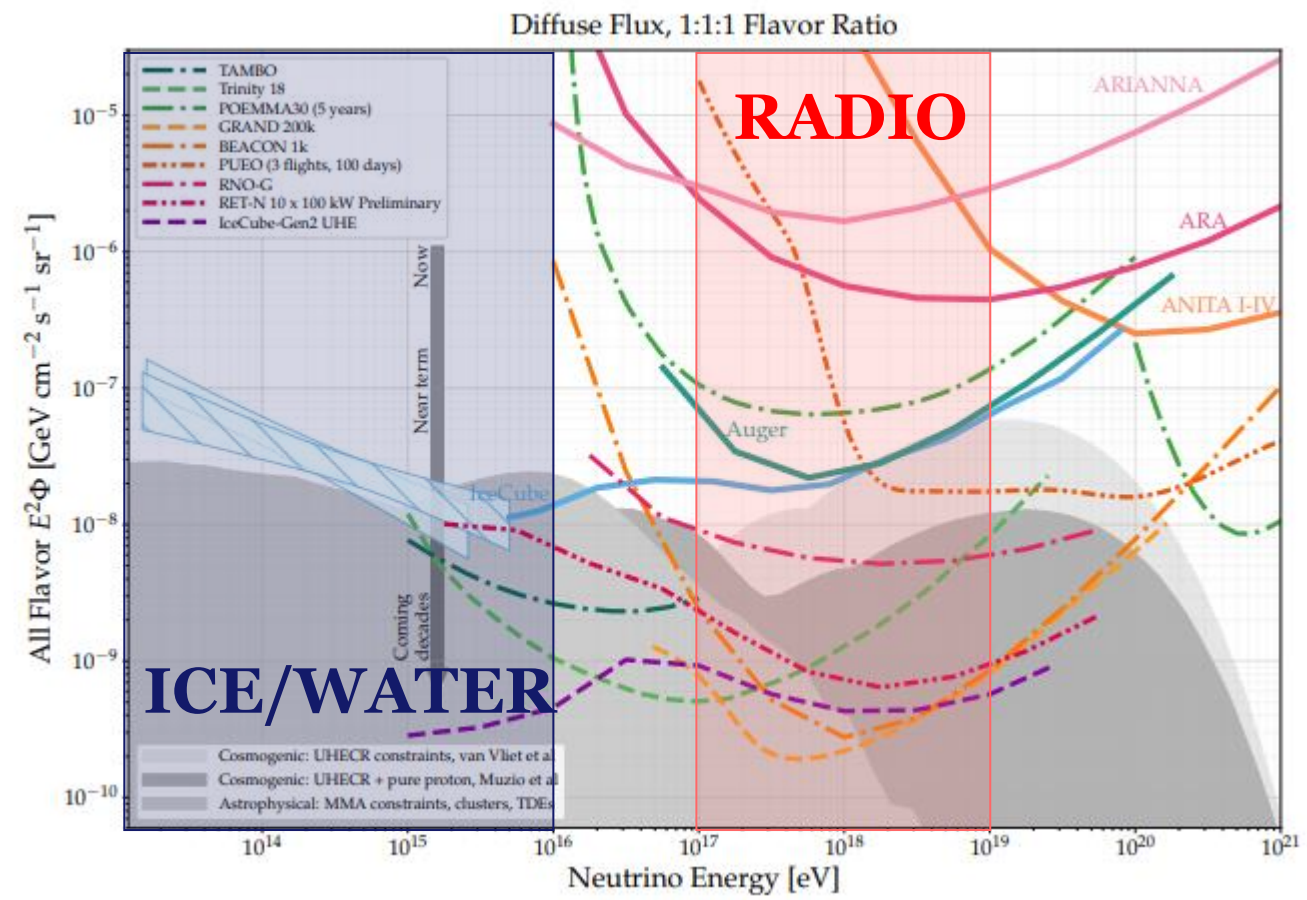
Images consistent with scintillator trigger



Muon Tracks Arise when Muons Cross the Camera



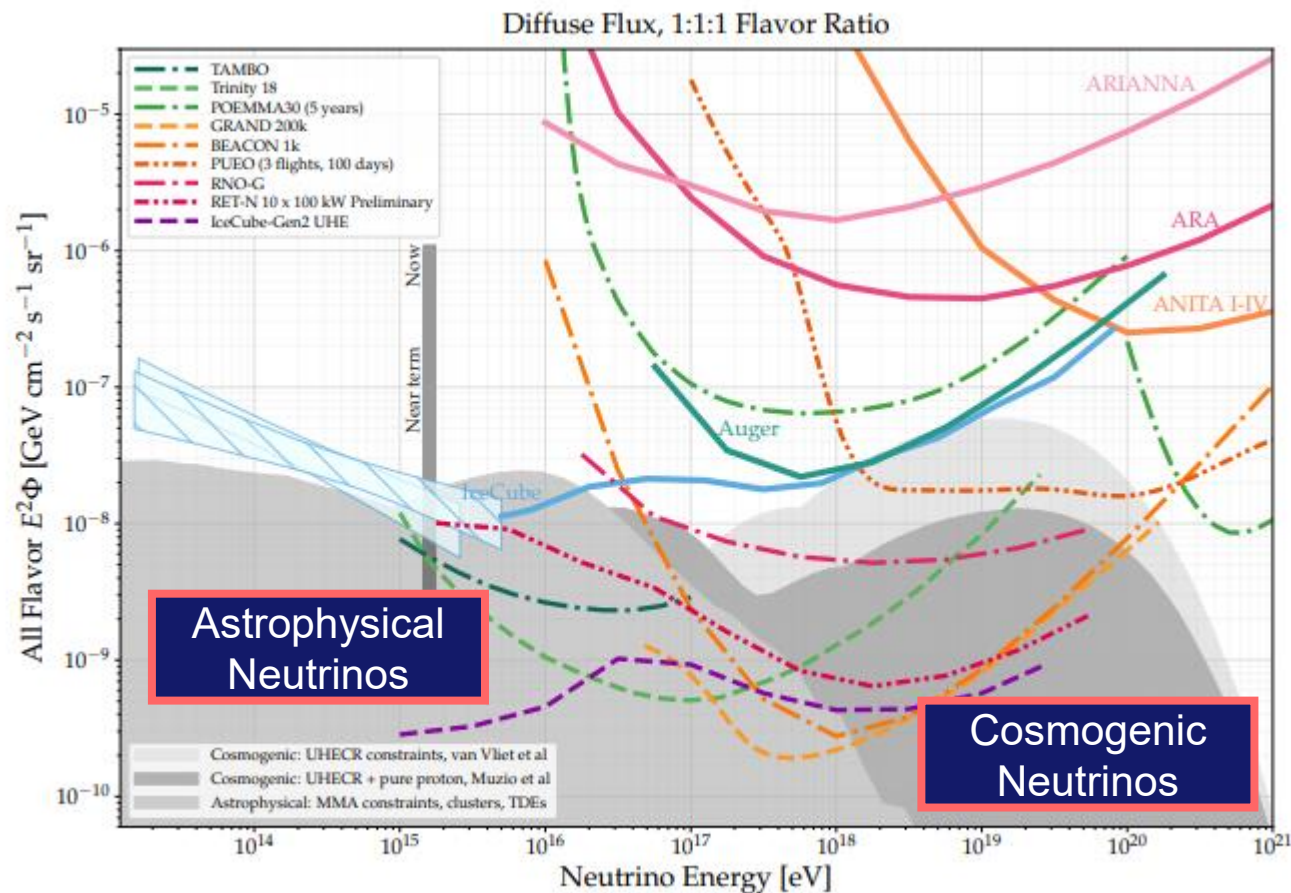
Neutrino Telescopes Landscape



Esteban, Prohira, Beacom, Phys. Rev. D 106, 023021

Ackermann, M. *et al.*, Snowmass, **JHEAp** 36 (2022) 55–110

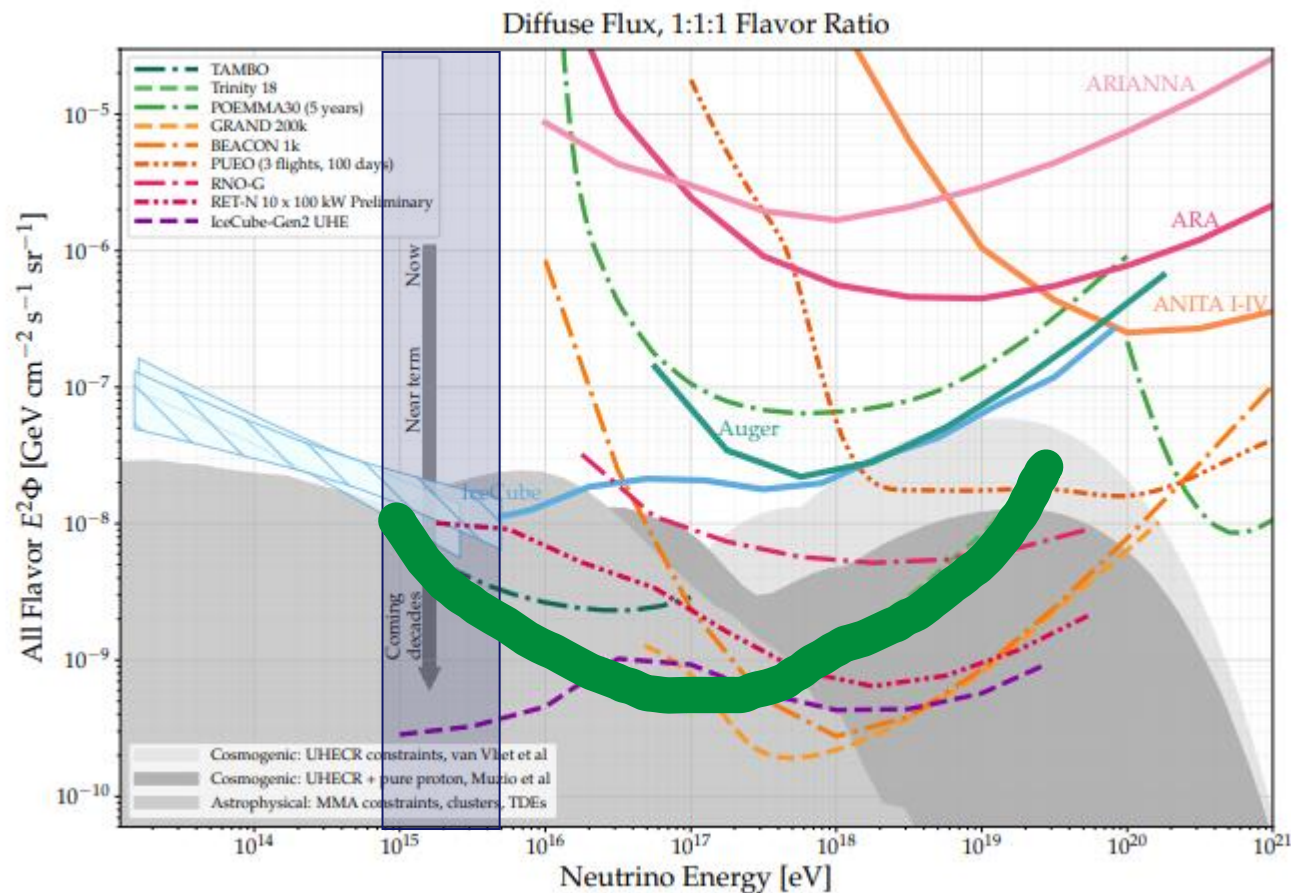
Neutrino Telescopes Landscape



- Closes the gap between ice/water Cherenkov telescopes and radio detectors

Ackermann, M. *et al.*, Snowmass, **JHEAp** 36 (2022) 55–110

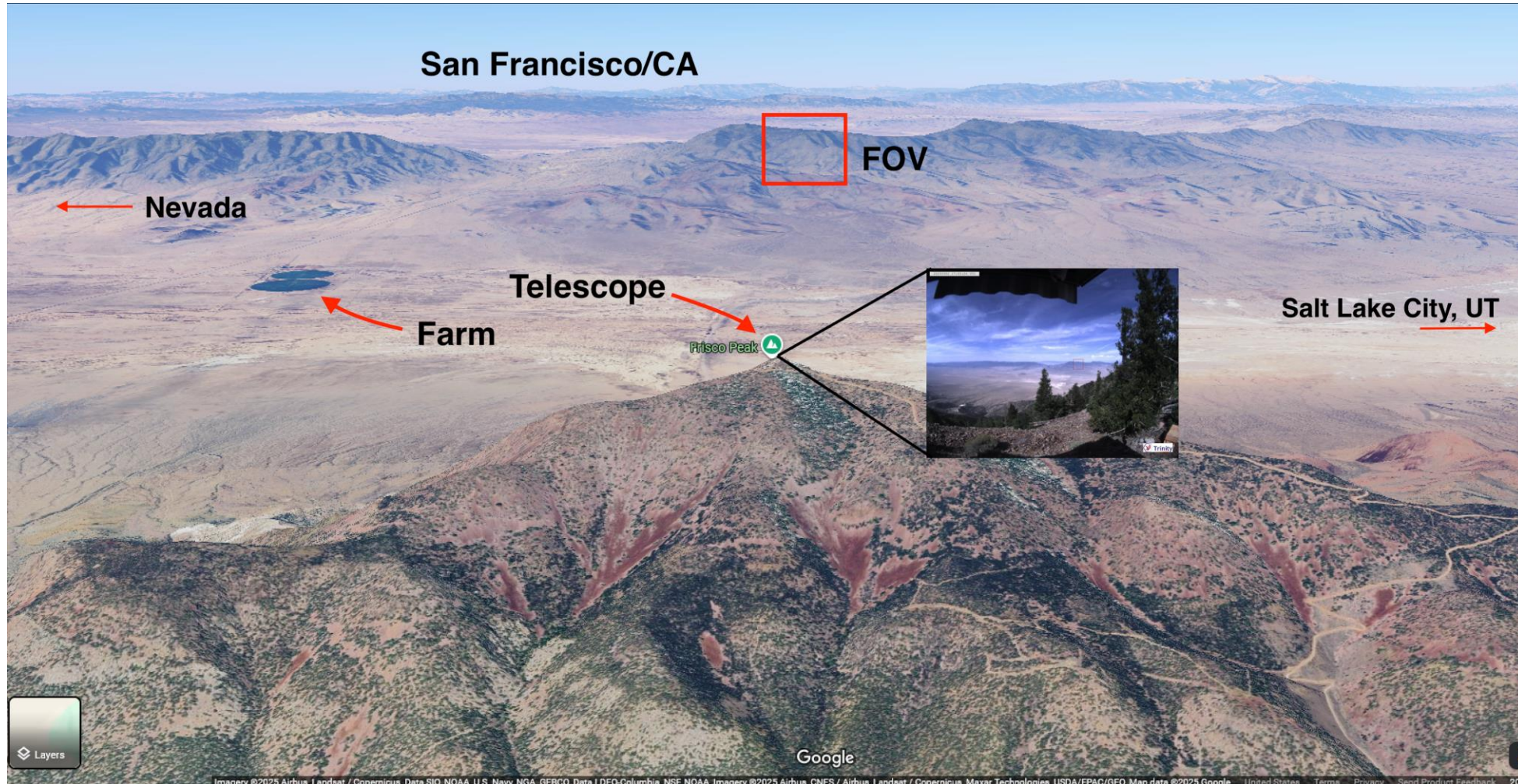
Neutrino Telescopes Landscape



- Closes the gap between ice/water Cherenkov telescopes and radio detectors
- Overlap with IceCube ensures neutrino detection

Ackermann, M. *et al.*, Snowmass, **JHEAp** 36 (2022) 55–110

What is the past, present and future of Trinity?



Commissioning

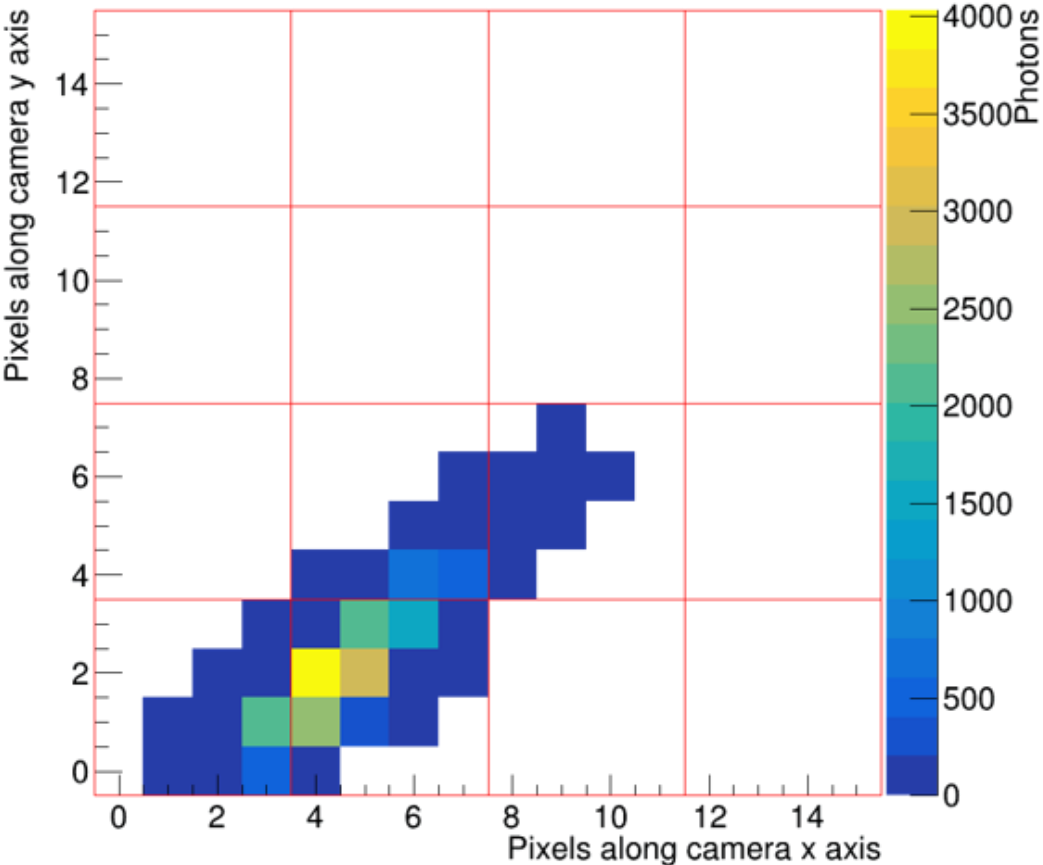
- Aligning optics
- Signal calibration
- Trigger calibration
- Remote operation



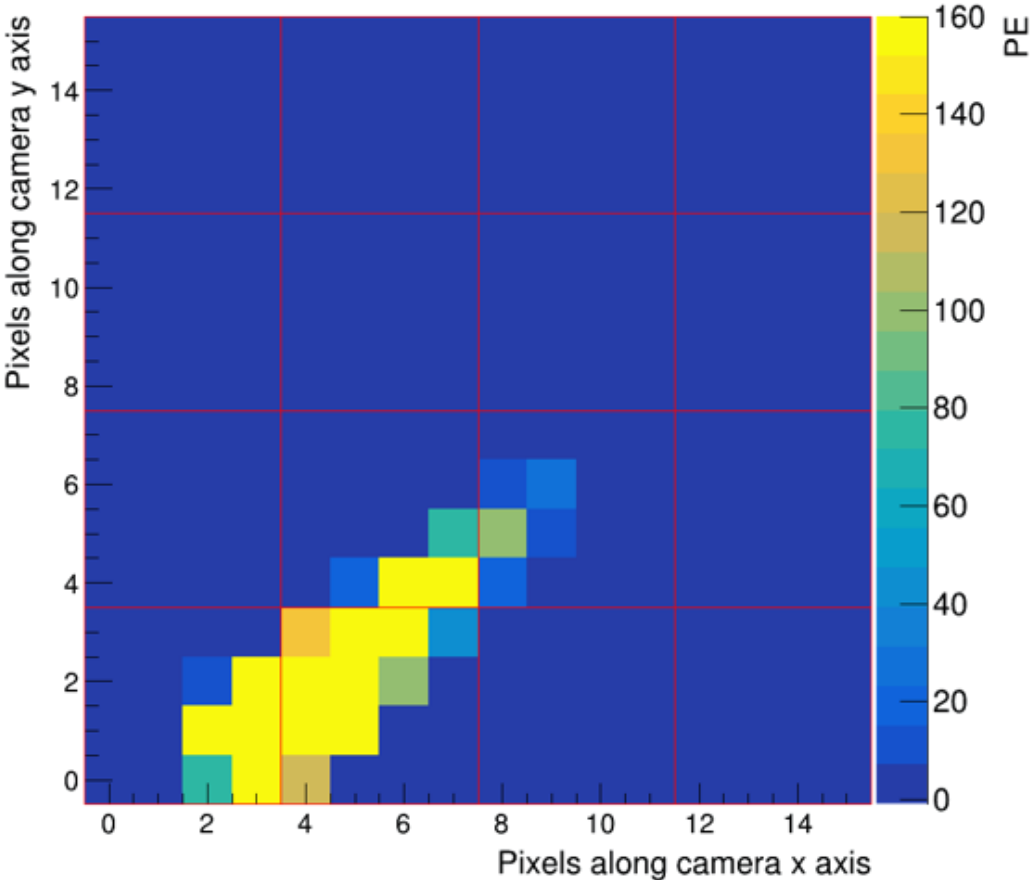
**Commissioning paper:
Bagheri et al., Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A
1080, 170769 (2025)**

Event Cleaning

Simulated Gold-Plated Event
Energy: 414 PeV, Distance: 170 km, Emergence Angle: 1.75°

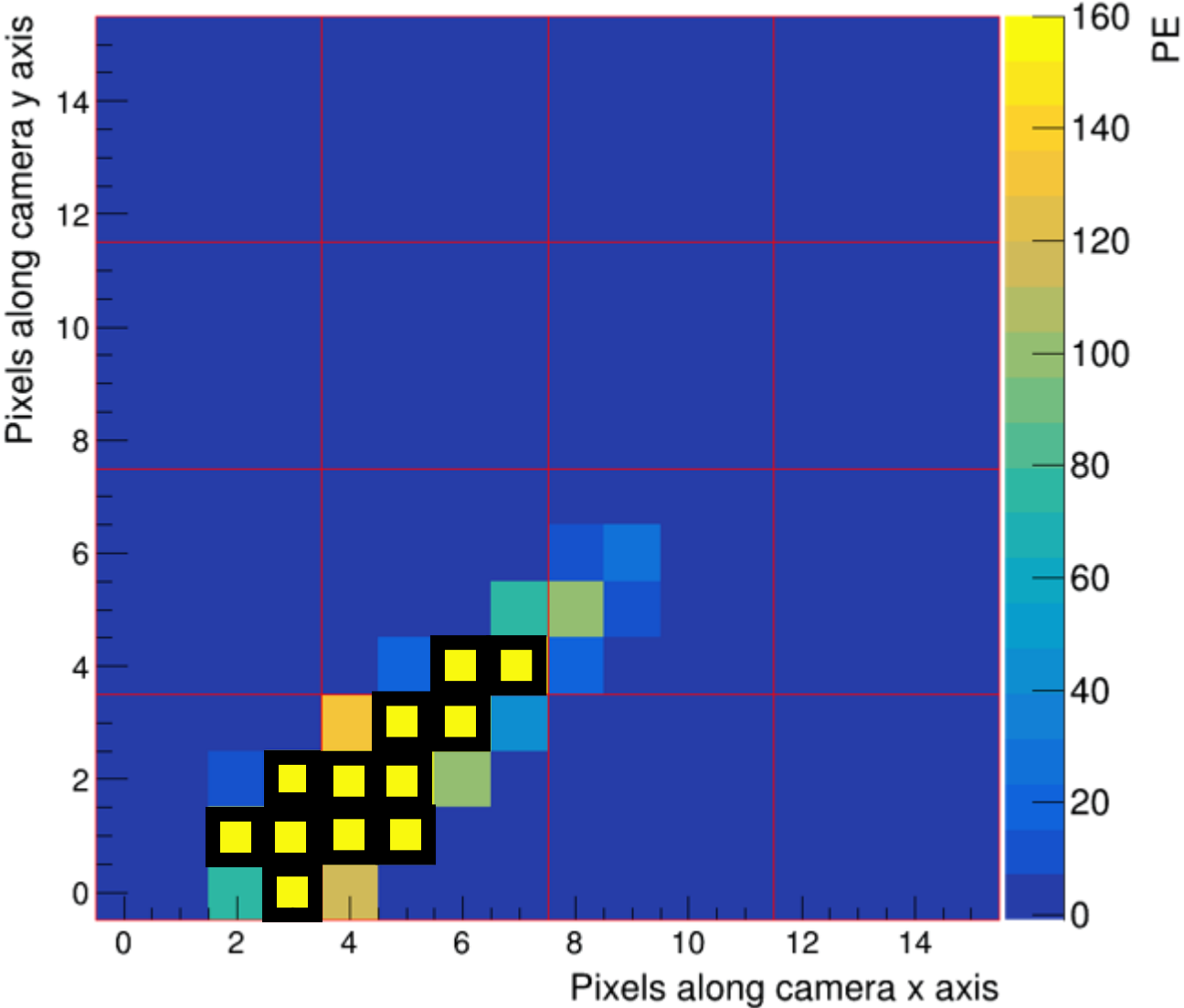


Expected Camera Response



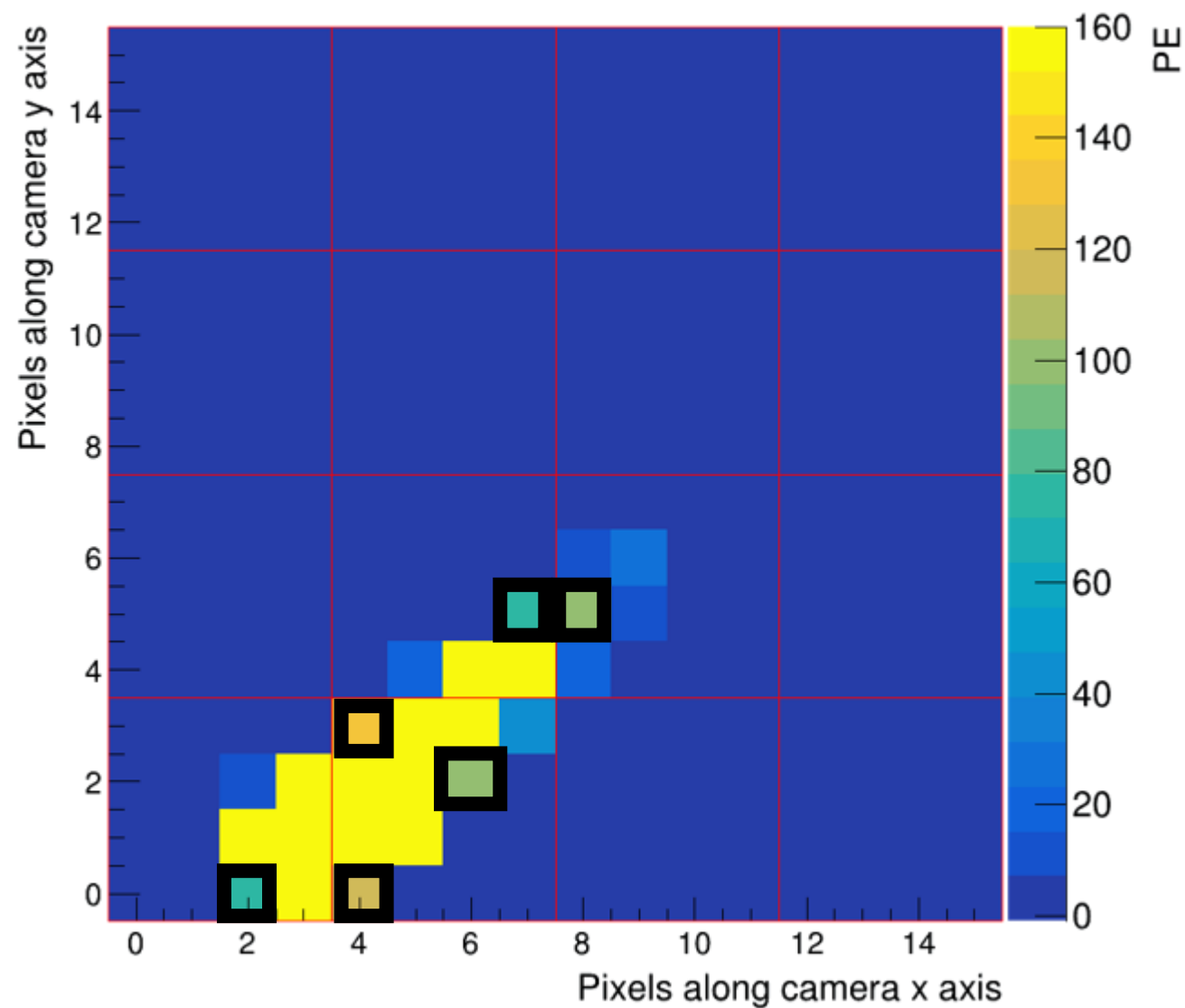
Event Cleaning

Core Pixel Selection



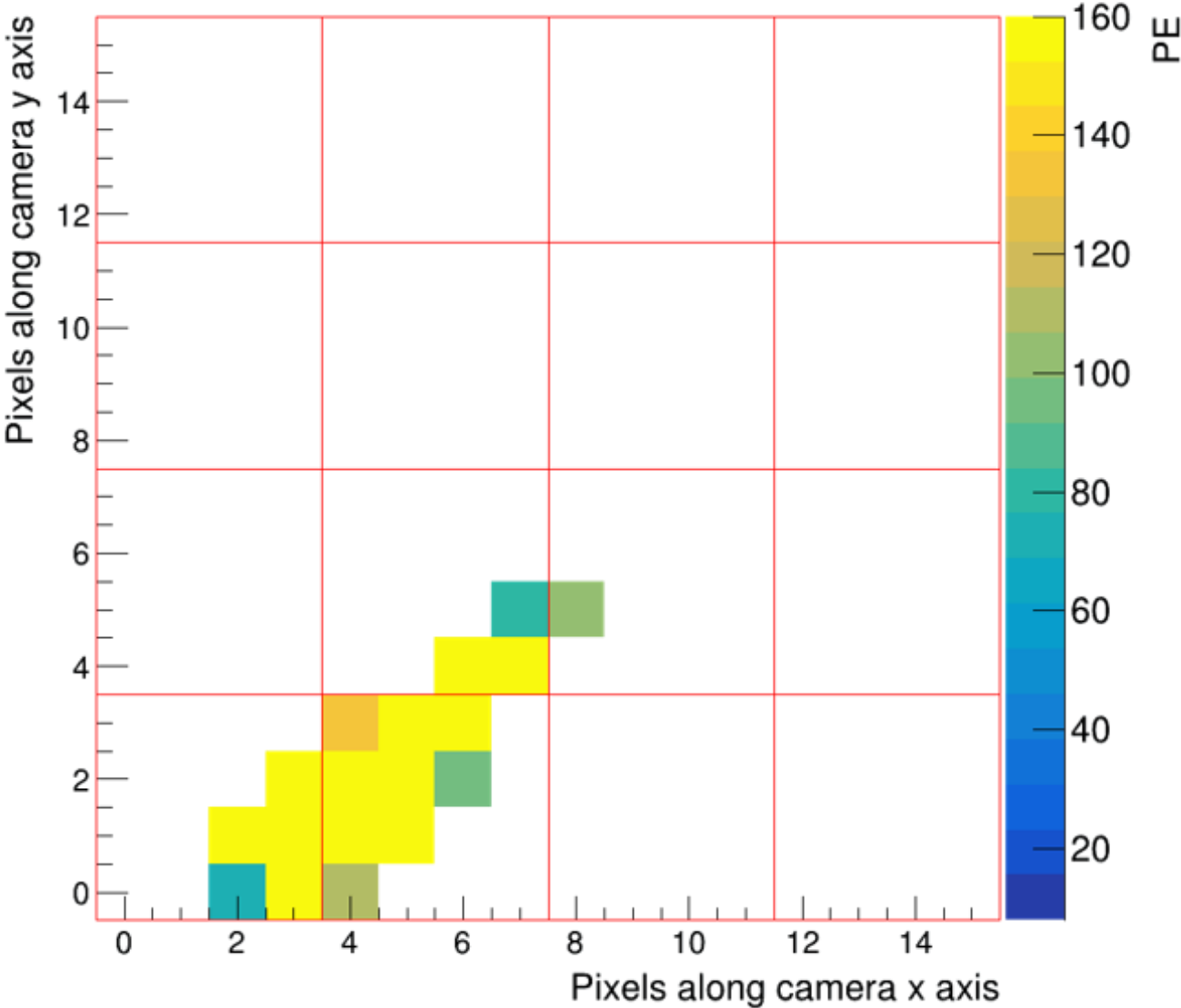
Event Cleaning

Boundary Pixel Selection



Event Cleaning

Cleaned Event



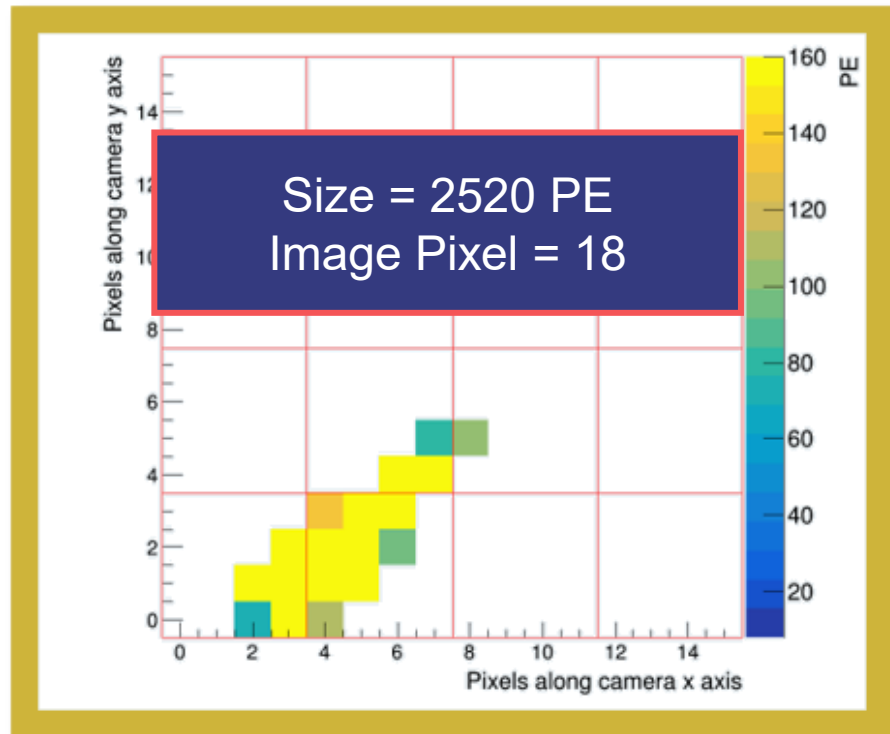
Distribution of Cleaned Events

Image Pixels:

Pixels in the
cleaned
image

Size:

Sum signal of all
pixels in the
cleaned image



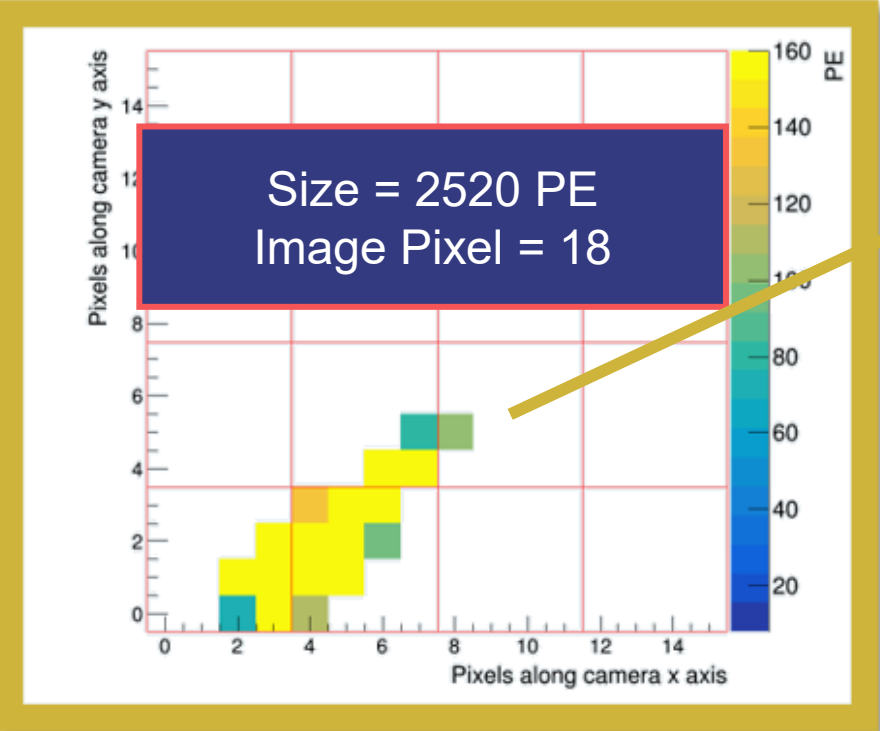
Distribution of Cleaned Events

Image Pixels:

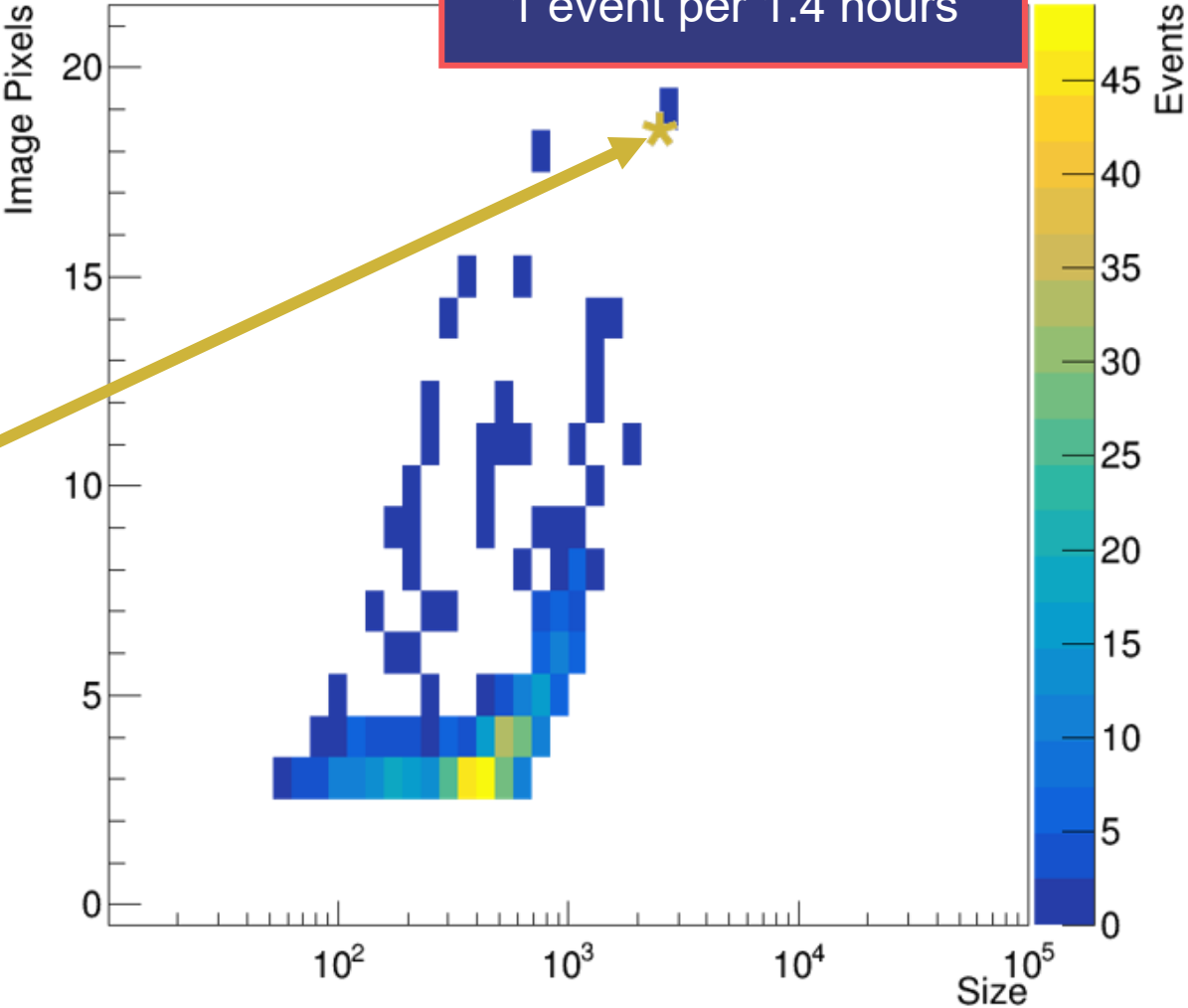
Pixels in the
cleaned
image

Size:

Sum signal of all
pixels in the
cleaned image

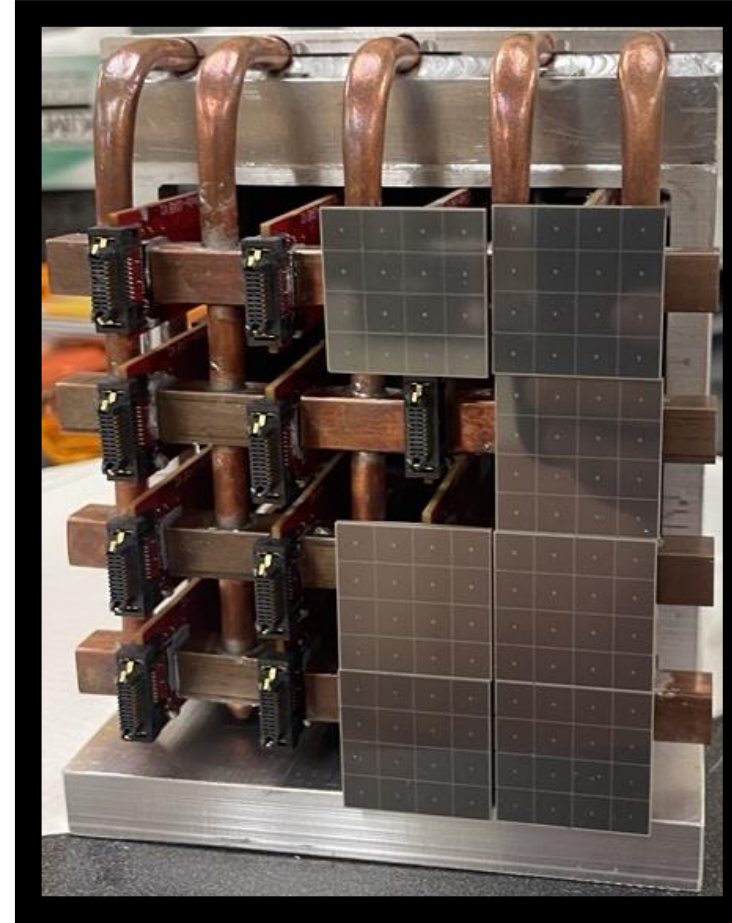
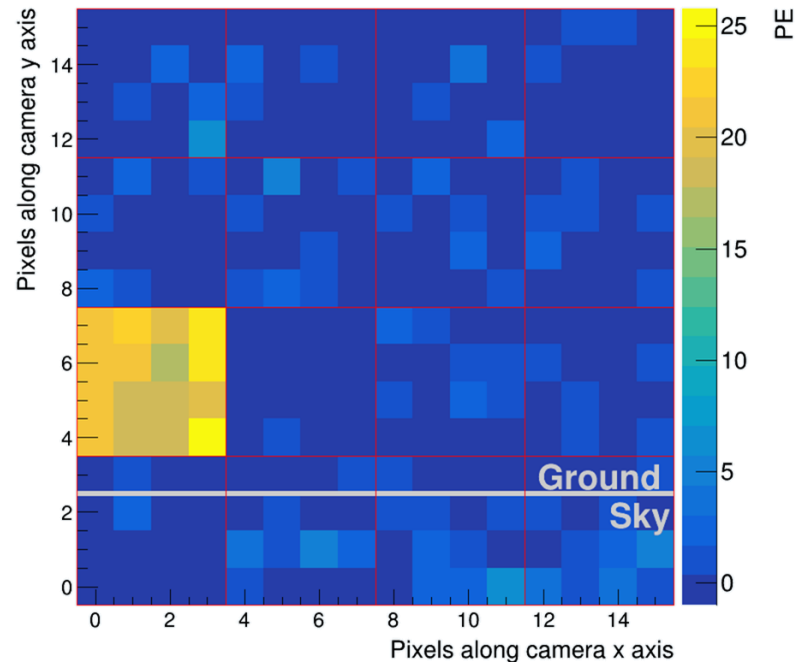


497 events
1 event per 1.4 hours

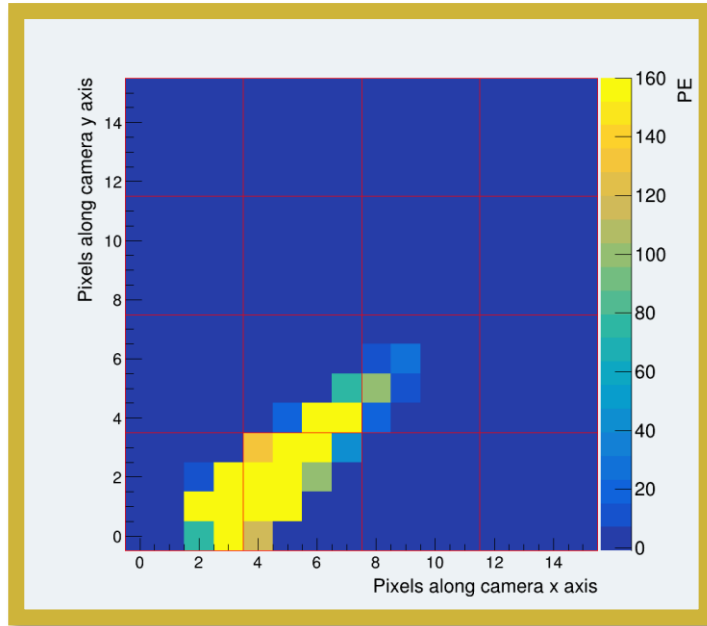


Event Taxonomy

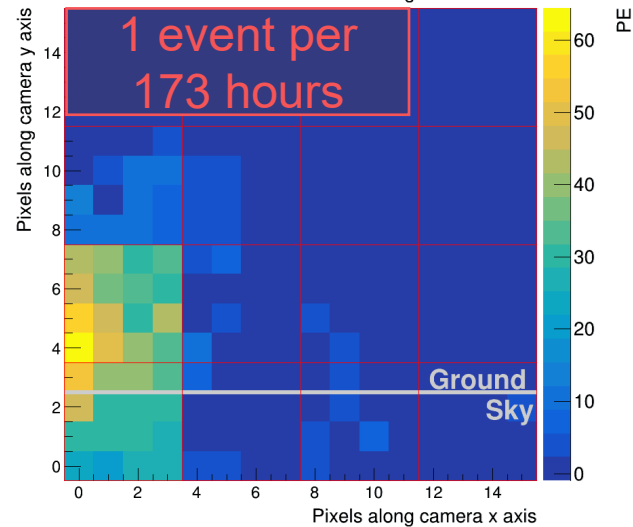
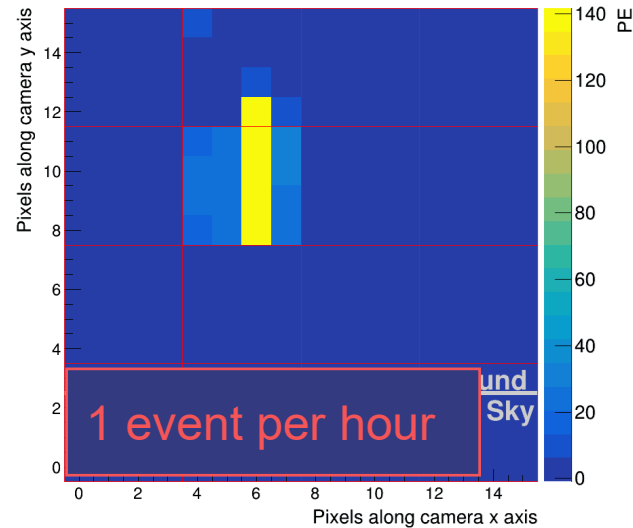
19 events in one glitching camera module



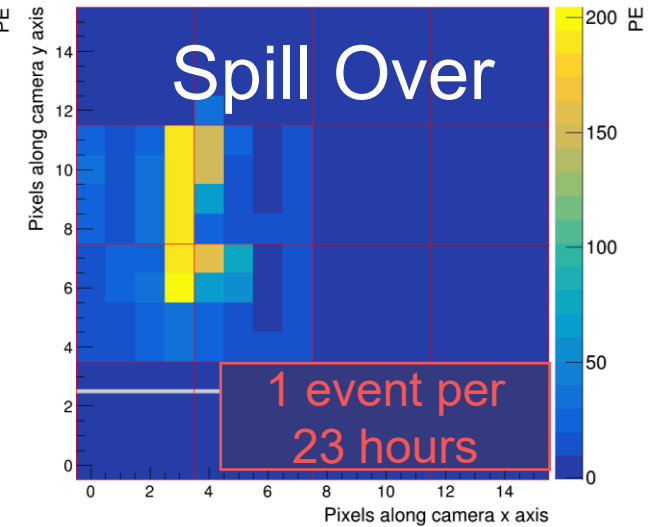
Trinity Is Effectively Background Free!



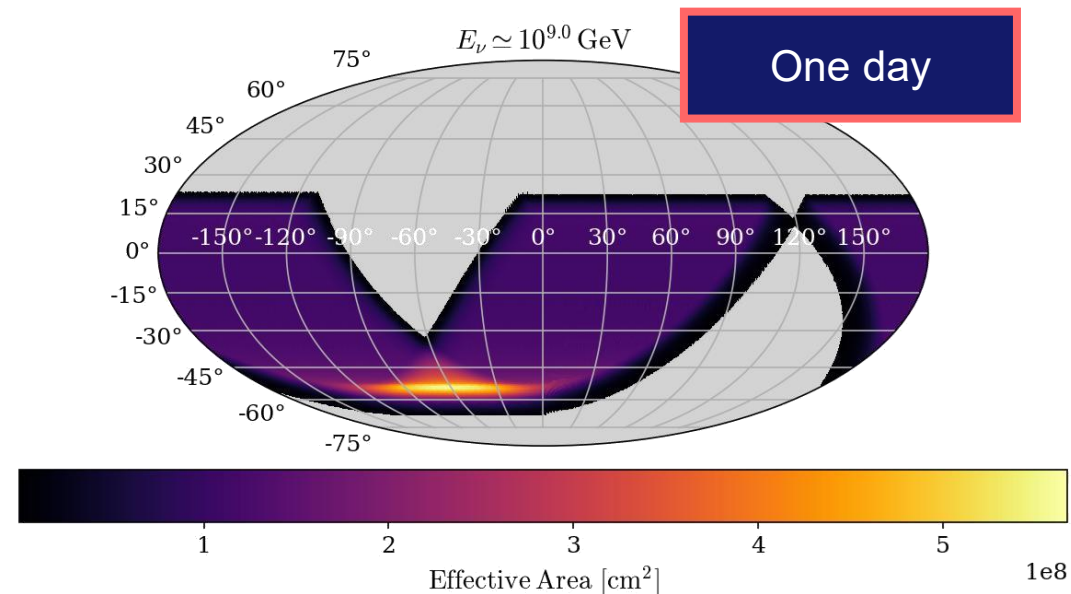
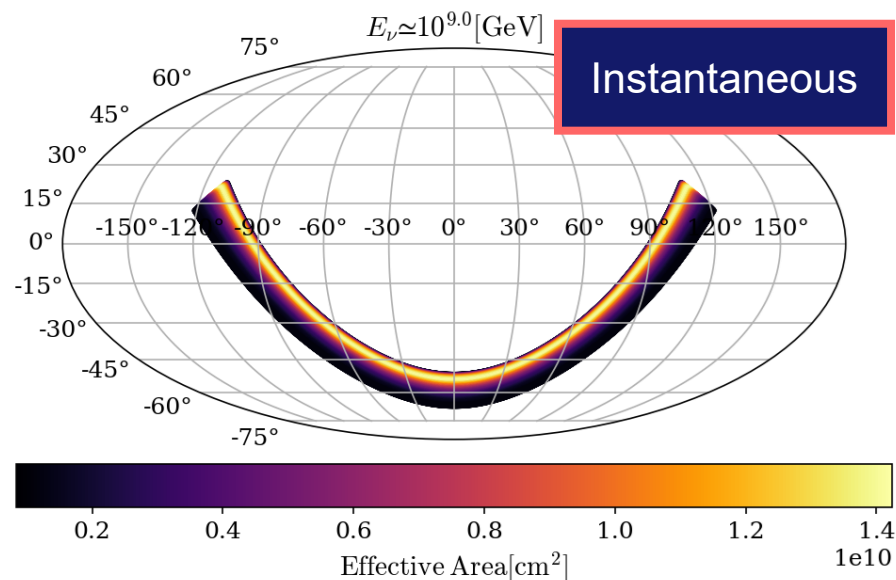
Gold Plated Simulation Event



Background events are caused by muons hitting the camera.

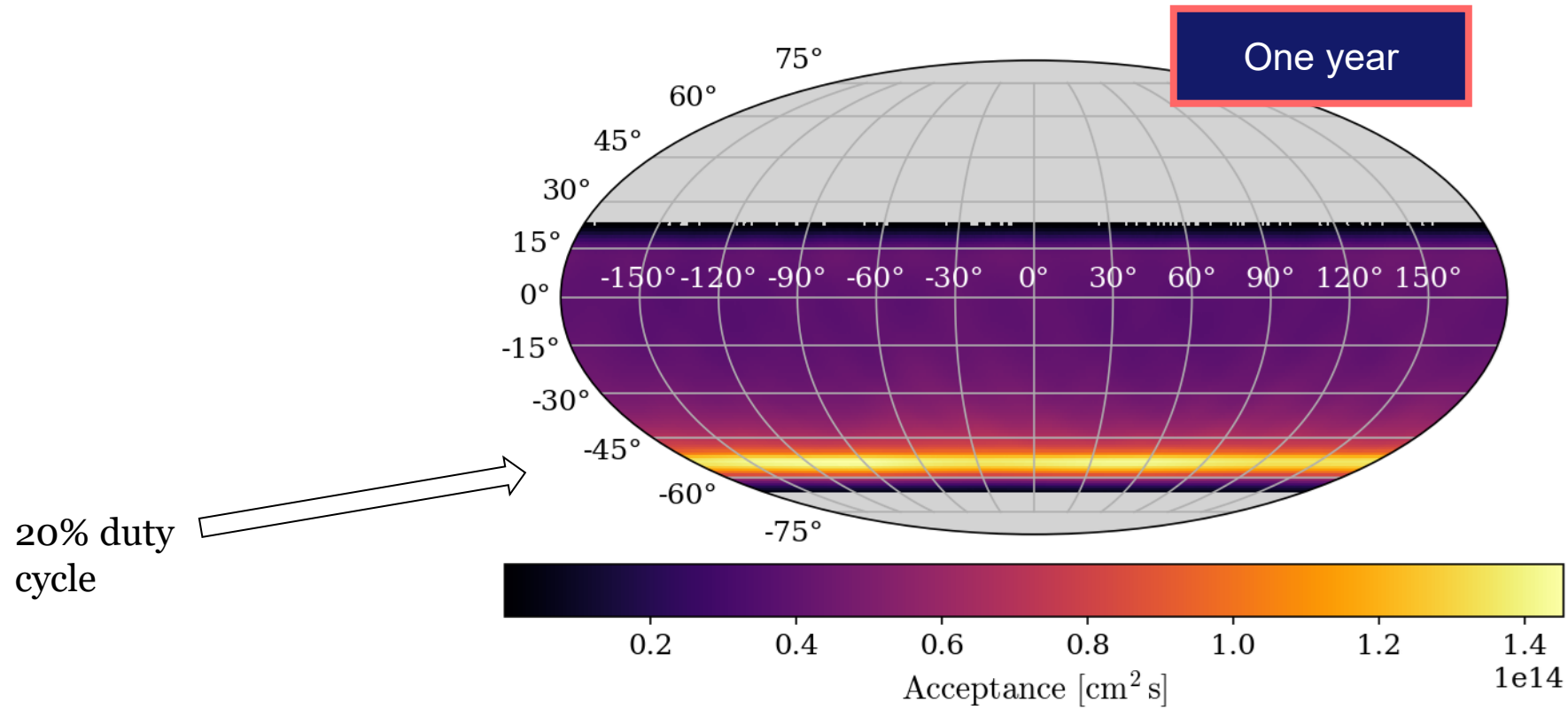


Daily Effective Area

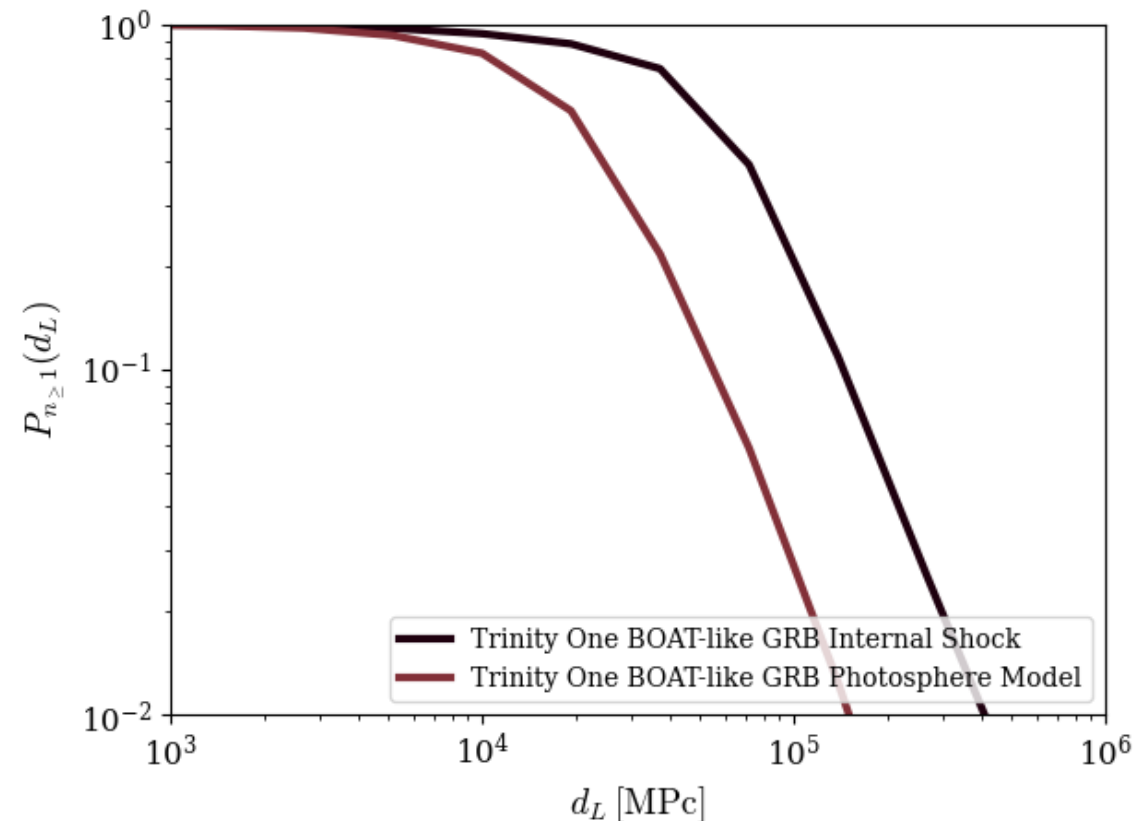
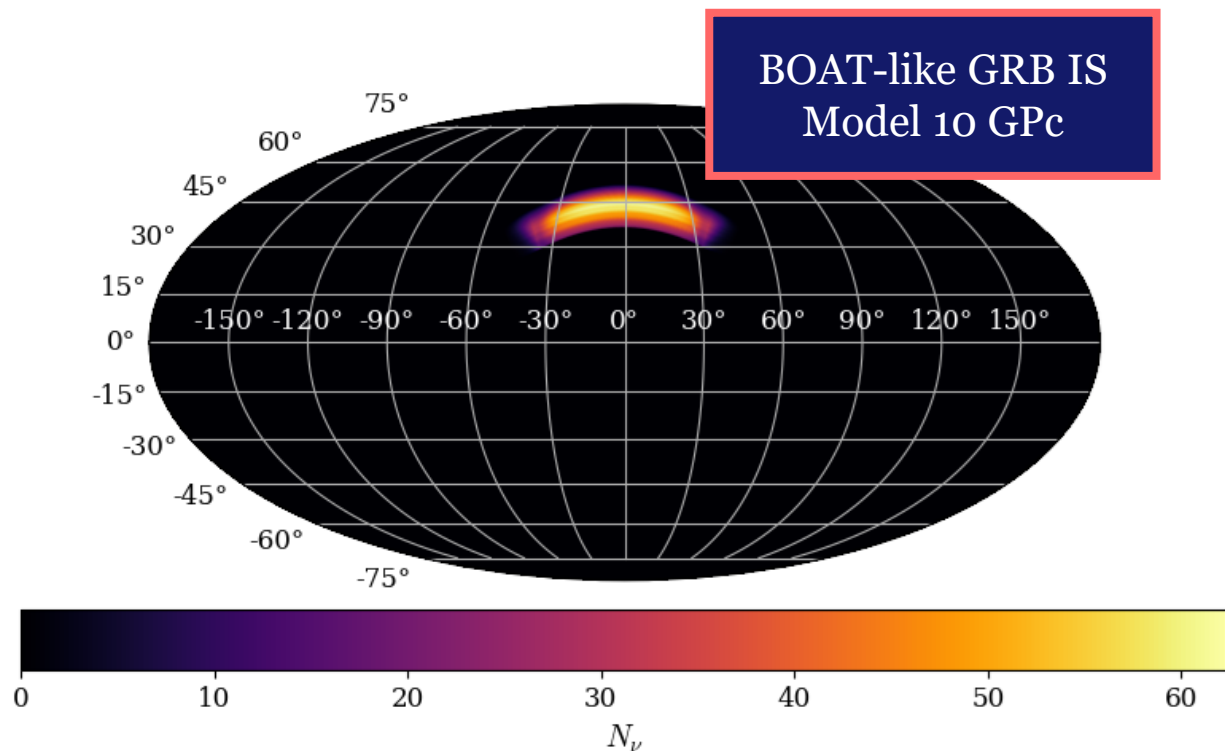


$$\langle A_{eff}(\phi, \theta, E_\nu) \rangle = \frac{1}{T} \int dt A_{eff}(\phi, \theta, E_\nu)$$

Acceptance

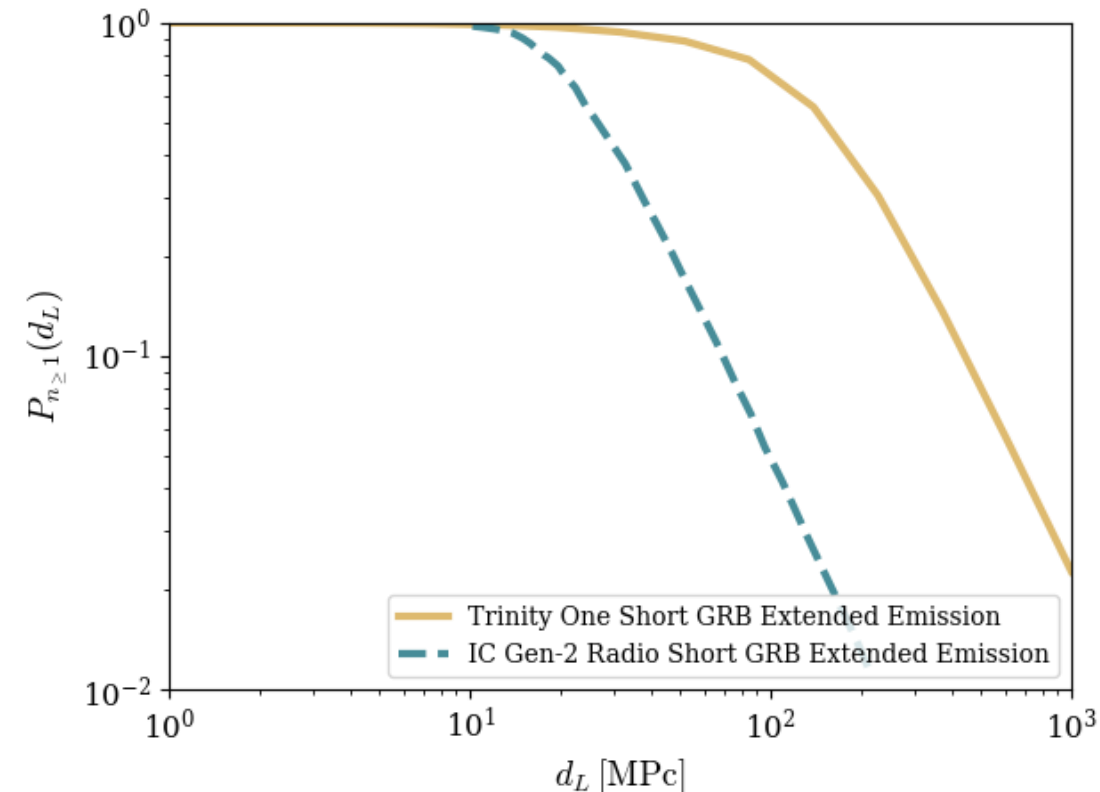
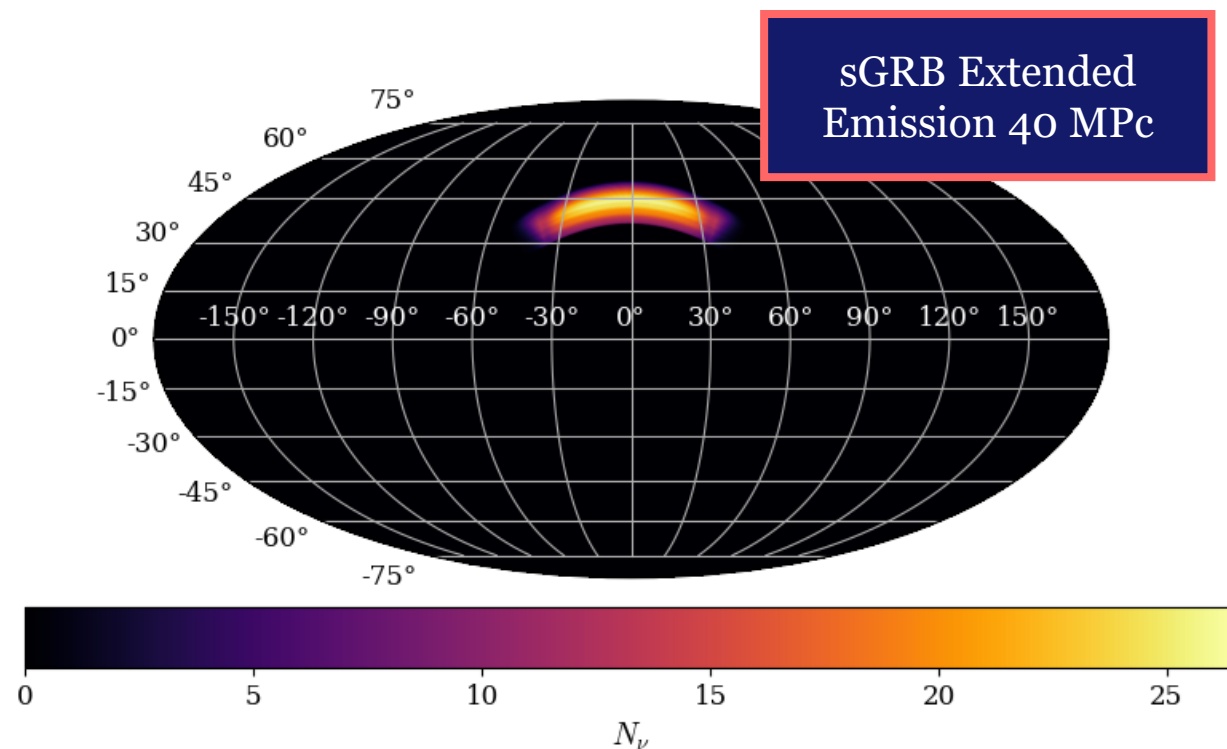


What Can We Expect from Transient Sources?



$$P_{n \geq 1}(d_L) = \frac{1}{\Omega_{\text{norm}}} \int_{\Omega} d\Omega p_{n \geq 1}(\phi, \theta, d_L) \longrightarrow p_{n \geq 1}(\phi, \theta, d_L) = 1 - \exp(-N_v(\phi, \theta, d_L))$$

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