

# Prospects for GeV Neutrino Transient Searches with the IceCube Upgrade

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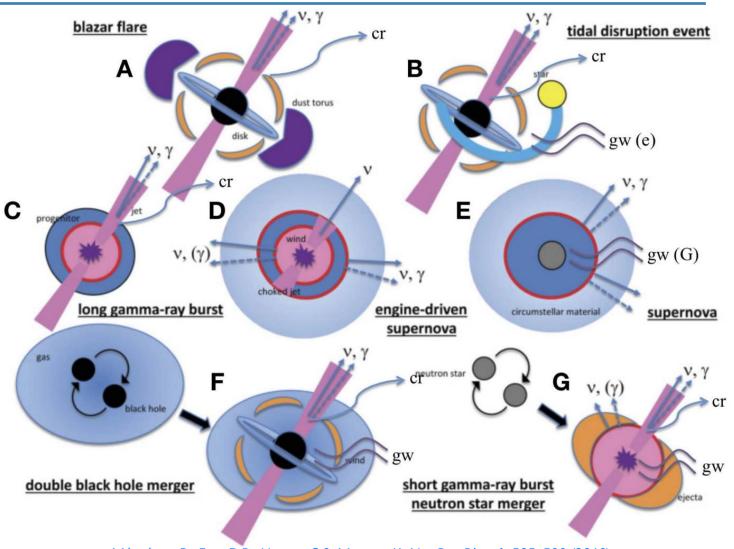


# Multi-Messenger (MM) Transients



- Wide variety of MM transients
- GRBs
  - quasithermal/HE neutrinos
  - connection with cosmic rays (CRs)
     Studies with neutrino + X-ray
- Supernovae
  - MeV-PeV neutrinos
  - GW for Galactic event
- Timing info can suppresses atmospheric background

What's interesting in GeV neutrinos?



Mészáros, P., Fox, D.B., Hanna, C.& Murase, K. Nat Rev Phys 1, 585-599 (2019)

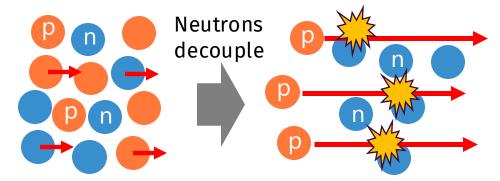
### **Quasithermal Neutrinos from GRBs**

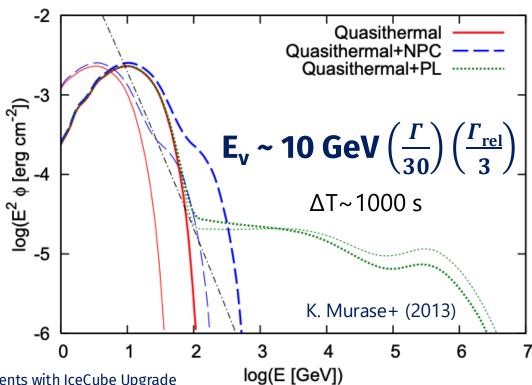


Predicted to arise from proton-neutron collision in jet

P. Mészáros & M. J. Rees (2000), J. N. Bahcall & P. Mészáros (2000)

- Does not rely on CR acceleration
   => Robust prediction
- Neutrinos produced below photosphere
  - Uniquely probe of subphotospheric environment
  - Key to understanding GRB emission
  - Constrain jet dynamics
     Studies by Nakama-san & Kashiyama-san
- GeV neutrinos are expected in jets with Γ = O(10): low-luminosity GRBs (LLGRBs)
  - More GRBs are being found by EP/SVOM
  - Promising CR + neutrino source

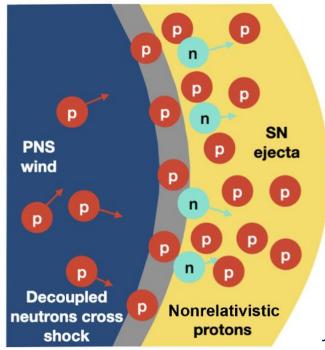




# **Quasithermal Neutrinos from Supernovae**

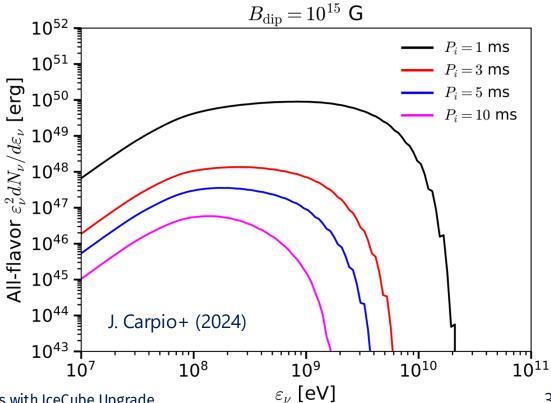


- Quasithermal neutrinos also expected from supernovae (SNe)
- Dependence on protoneutron star (PNS) properties: magnetic field & rotation period
- Spectrum expected to extend to GeV energies (ΔT~100 s)
- Simultaneous MeV-PeV neutrino measurement may be possible I. Tambora & K. Murase (2018)



Decoupled neutrons collide with nonrelativistic protons in ejecta

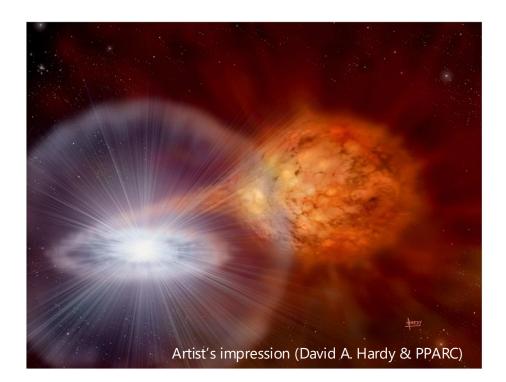
Adapted from J. Carpio+ (2024)

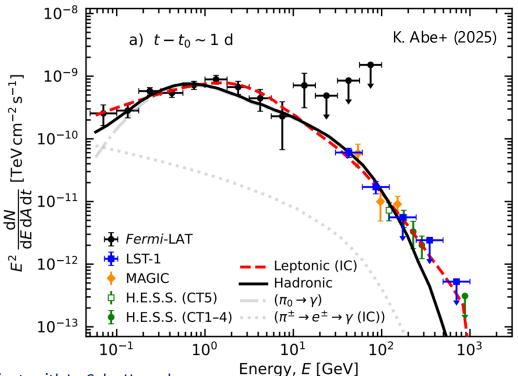


### **Galactic Novae**



- Thermonuclear explosion in binaries hosting white dwarf
- GeV-TeV gamma rays detected from 2021 outburst of RS Ophiuchi
  - Observations support hadronic emission. Should be accompanied by neutrinos
- T Coronae Borealis predicted to erupt in the next few years with ~7 times higher flux



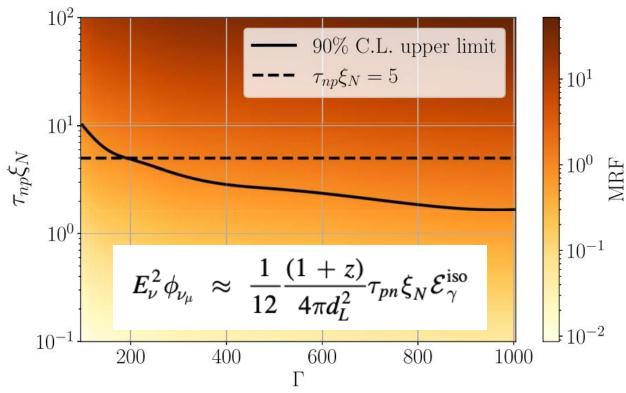


# Past Searches with IceCube-DeepCore



- Searches for sub-TeV transients with IceCube DeepCore (IceCube infill array)
  - GRBs (2024)
  - novae (2023)
  - GW (2023)
  - supernovae (2023, TeV-PeV)
- No detection yet, but constraining their physical properties
  - e.g. GRB baryon loading factor
- Can we enhance and extend these transient searches?

#### Constraints on GRB221009A baryon loading factor



K. Murase+ (2022), IceCube Collaboration (2024)

# **IceCube Upgrade**

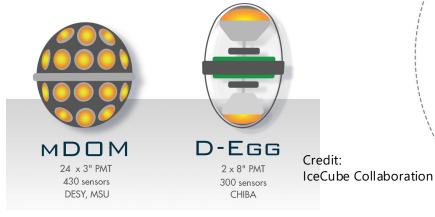


1000m

New seven strings in DeepCore region

• 100 multi-PMT modules / string

Denser spacing (20-30 m × 3 m)



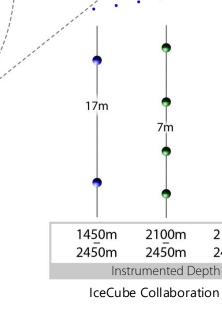
• Enhance GeV capabilities:

• Transients, oscillation, dark matter...

• Improve ice calibration



100m



IceCube Collaboration (2022)

2150m

2425m

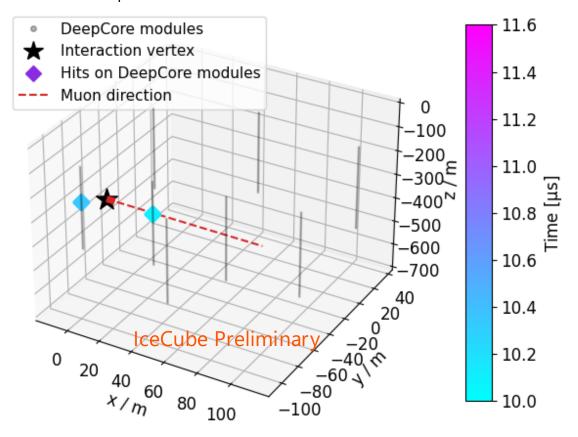


### **Performance Evaluation with Simulation**



- Simulation
  - Extend IceCube+DeepCore simulation with Upgrade modules added
- DeepCore-based event selection
  - Coincidence trigger, veto, simple cuts
- Using machine-learning techniques
  - Energy and direction reconstruction
  - Noise cleaning and muon rejection

#### 1.7 GeV $v_{\mu}$ charged-current event (signal only)



### **Performance Evaluation with Simulation**



#### Simulation

 Extend IceCube+DeepCore simulation with Upgrade modules added

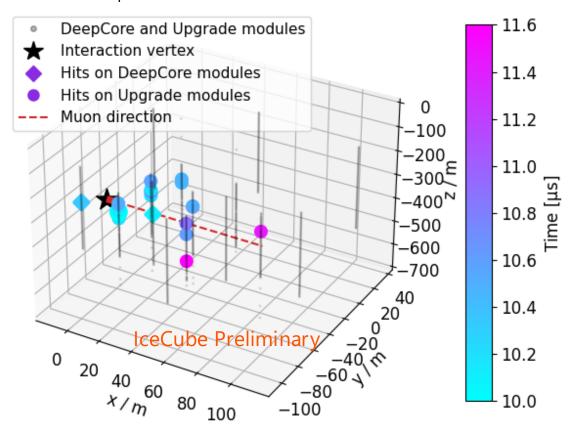
#### DeepCore-based event selection

Coincidence trigger, veto, simple cuts

#### • Using machine-learning techniques

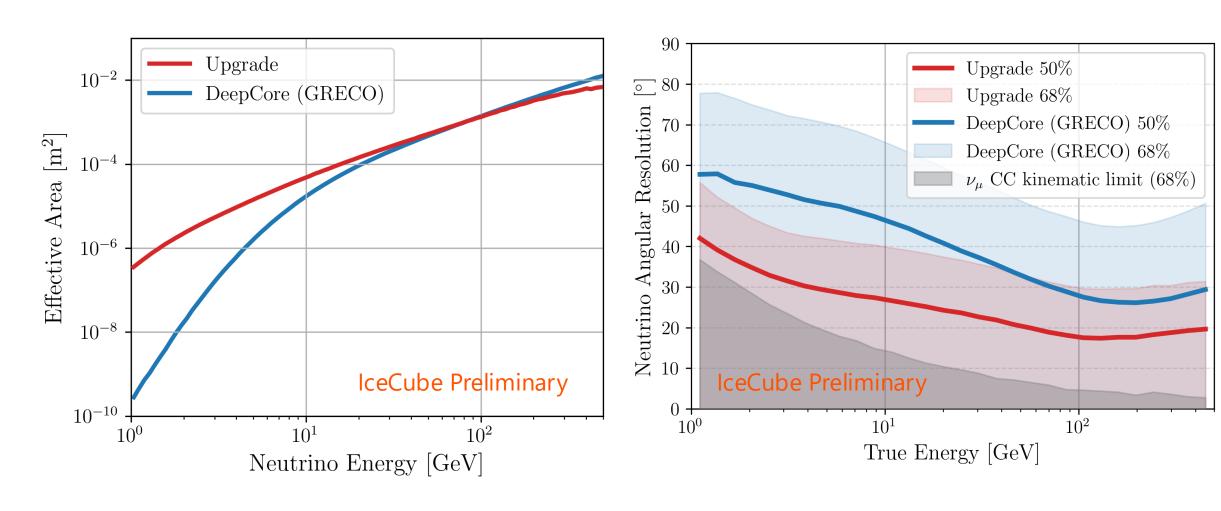
- Energy and direction reconstruction
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# Upgrade Performance vs. DeepCore





# **Analysis**



#### Unbinned maximum likelihood

- Assuming source position and time are known
- Using spectral and spatial information
- BG: atmospheric neutrinos
  - Not including muons and noise events (consisting ~10% of BG in sample)

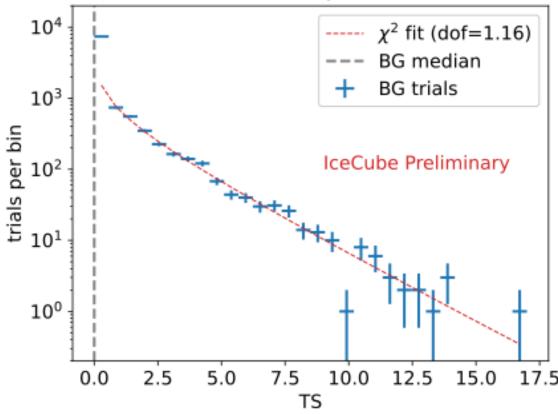
$$\mathcal{L}(n_s, \gamma) = \frac{(n_s + n_b)^N e^{-(n_s + n_b)}}{N!}$$

$$\times \prod_{i=1}^N \left[ \frac{n_s}{n_s + n_b} \mathcal{S}(x_i | \gamma) + \frac{n_b}{n_s + n_b} \mathcal{B}(x_i) \right]$$

$$\mathcal{TS} = -2\hat{n}_s + 2\sum_{i=1}^N \ln \left[ \frac{\hat{n}_s \mathcal{S}(x_i | \hat{\gamma})}{n_b \mathcal{B}(x_i)} + 1 \right]$$

Example TS distribution from BG trials

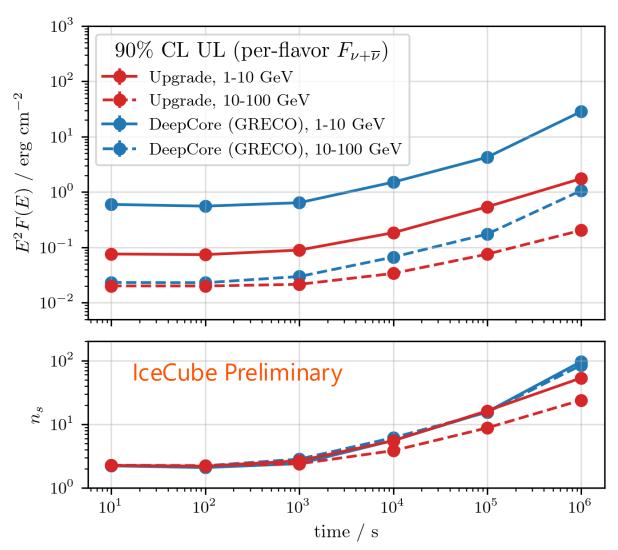
$$\Delta T = 1000 \text{ s}, \, \delta = 20 \,^{\circ}$$



# **Sensitivity vs Time**



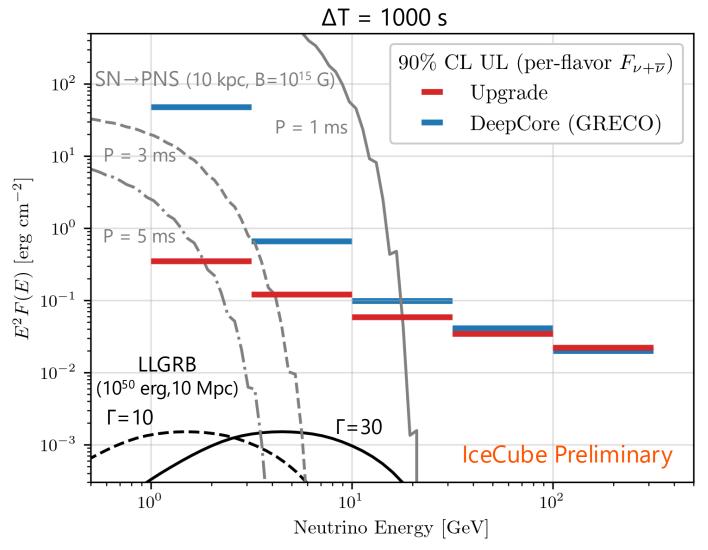
- Upgrade achieves one order of magnitude better sensitibity than DeepCore in 1-10 GeV range
  - Attributed to enhanced effective area
- BG-free time scale is ~1000 s
  - Include GRB and SN time scale
- Upgrade's efficient background rejection enhances sensitivity at long time scales



# Differential Sensitivity ( $\Delta T = 1000 \text{ s}$ )



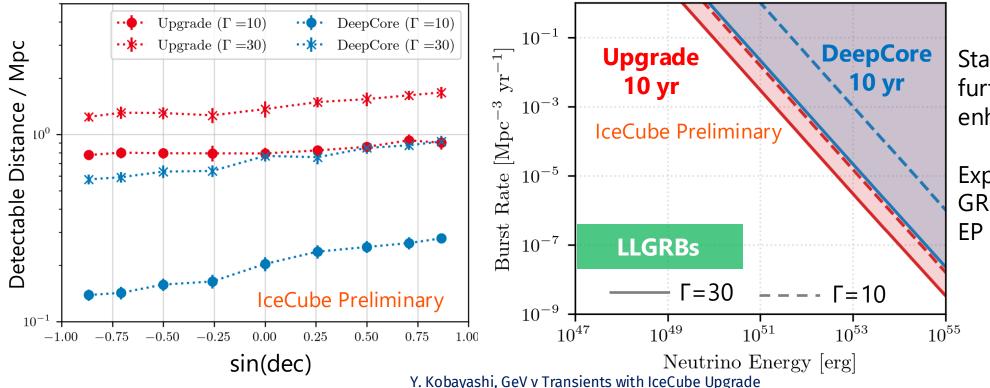
- Unprecedented sensitivity to 1-10 GeV neutrinos
  - Improvement by an order of magnitude from DeepCore
  - Reaching SN quasithermal models with more modest parameters



### **Prospects for LLGRB Search**



- Upgrade 90% CL UL translates into LLGRB with  $E_{iso}$  = 10<sup>50</sup> erg at ~1 Mpc ( $\xi_N$ =5)
  - Extremely rare given the rate estimate of ~10<sup>-7</sup> Mpc<sup>-3</sup> yr<sup>-1</sup>
- We can provide best constraint on burst population at GeV energies (any surprise? ©)
  - => What interesting physics can we extract? Baryon loading? Jet dynamics?



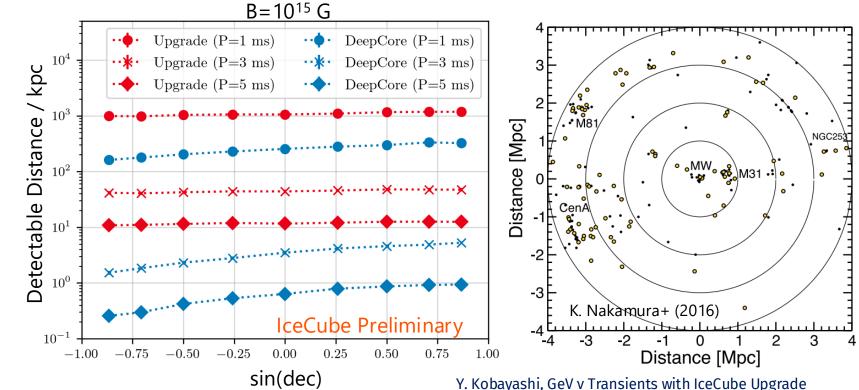
Staking analysis can further enhances sensitivity

Exploit from growing GRB/unID samples of EP and SVOM?

### **Prospects for SNe Search**



- GeV neutrino from Galactic SNe forming magnetar is within Upgrades' reach
  - 90% CL UL translates into 10 kpc for PNS parameters B=10<sup>15</sup> G, T=5 ms
- Extreme models (B=10<sup>15</sup> G, T=1 ms) may be constrained in nearby galaxies (~1 Mpc)
- Stacking SNe at Mpc scale can give interesting constraints on GeV neutrino emission?



CCSN rates estimate: 0.1-0.2 / year within 5 Mpc (K. Nakamura+ (2016))

 $\Rightarrow$  ~1 / year within 10 Mpc?

**Stacking ~10 SNe within 10 Mpc** may provide **UL of the same order** of magnitude as the model

**Knowing SN onset time is crucial** for search with best sensitivity

### **Summary and Outlook**



- IceCube Upgrade's first data coming out next year!
- Expected to provide unprecedented sensitivity to GeV neutrino transients
- Get ready and come up with strategy. What do we want to look for first?
  - LLGRBs
    - Constrain GeV burst population, exploit from growing samples of EP and SVOM
      - How to translate it into physics? Baryon loading, jet dynamics, etc
  - SNe => magnetar
    - Galactic SNe & stacking SNe in nearby galaxies may be promising
  - Galactic Novae
    - T Coronae Borealis is expected to undergo outburst in the next few years

### Greatly appreciate any inputs/suggestions!

# "Chance favors the prepared mind."

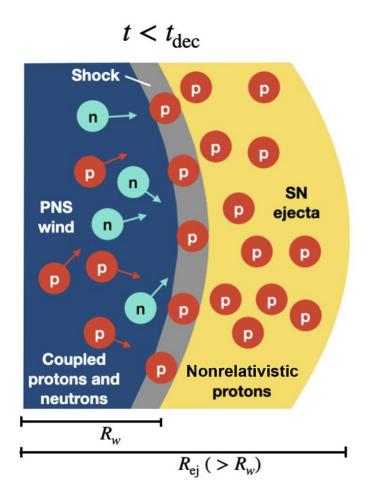
Louis Pasteur

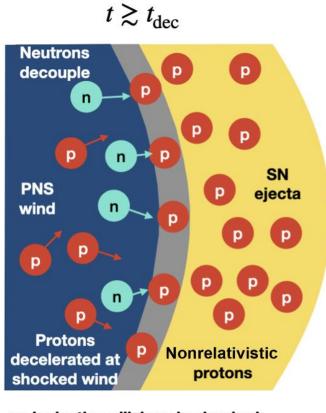


# **Backup**

# np Collision Mechanism in SN forming PNS

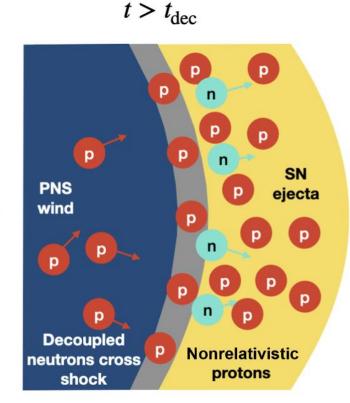






np inelastic collisions in shocked wind

J. A. Carpio et al. (2024)

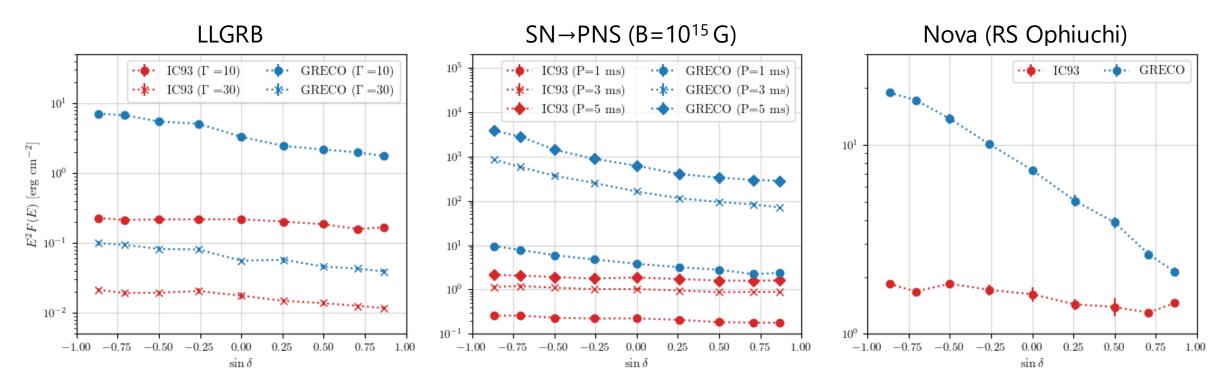


np inelastic collisions in SN ejecta

# **Sensitivity to Model Predictions**

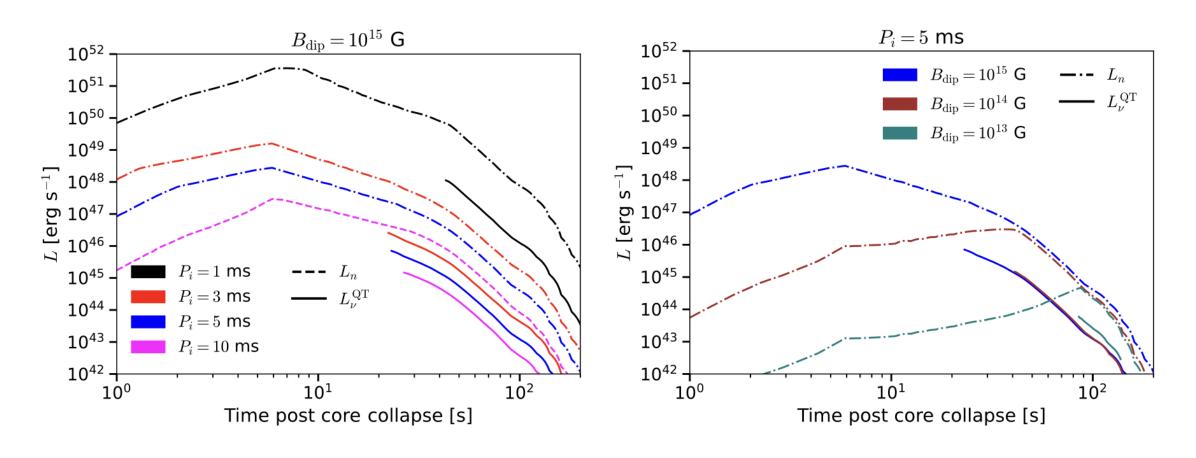


- Significant improvement over GRECO for every model considered here
- Most promising target may be Galactic SN forming PNS



# **SN => PNS Light Curves**

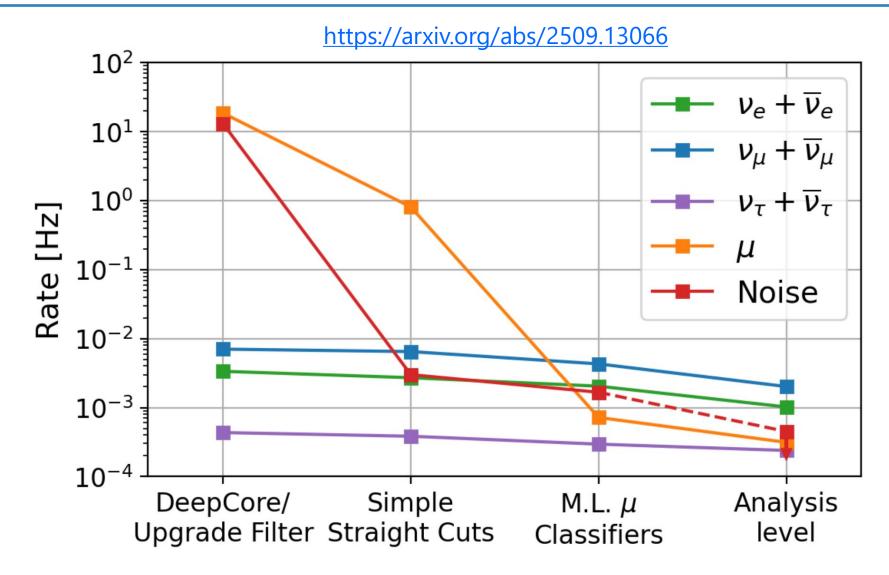




J. A. Carpio et al. (2024)

# **Upgrade Event Rates at Each Analysis Step**

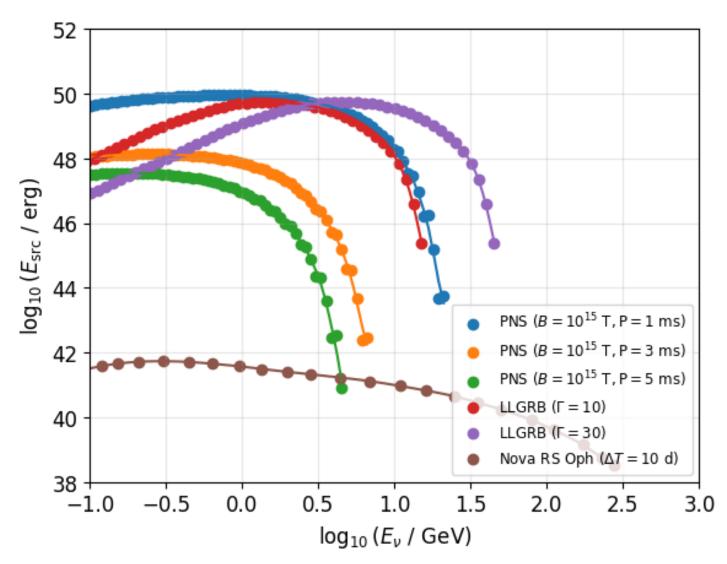




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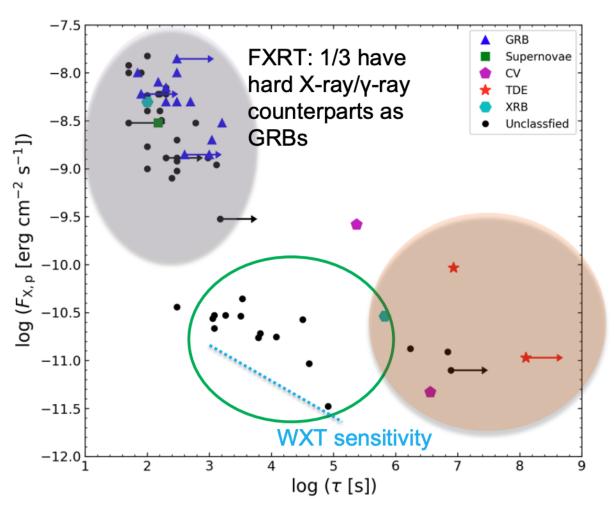
# **GeV Neutrino Spectral Models**







#### peak flux vs. timescales for EP-WXT transients



from Hua Fen's slides