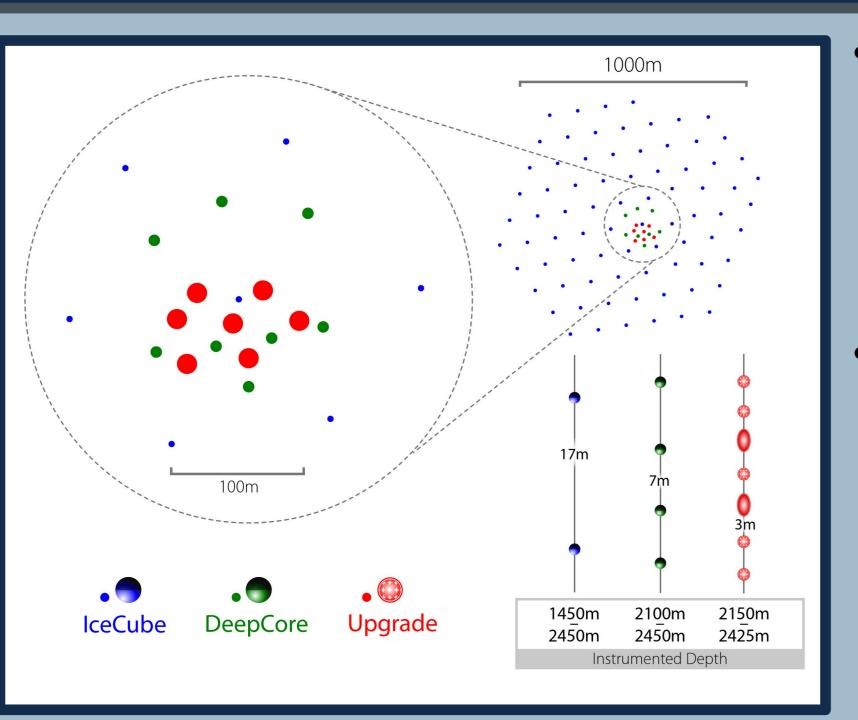


The Effective Area of the IceCube Upgrade D-Egg Module

ICEHAP

Ramy Hmaid

The IceCube Upgrade



Module density

17m

IceCube Gen1

- 700 modules along 7 new strings will be installed in the next two months
 - → c. 280 D-Egg modules
 - → c. 300 mDOM modules

Goals of the Upgrade

- 1) Calibrate IceCube:
 - Many sensors will be installed (LED lights, cameras, accoustic modules, etc.)
- 2) Higher sensitivity to lower neutrino energies (below 100 GeV)
 - More PMTs per module
 - Lower noise rate

 - Closer module spacing

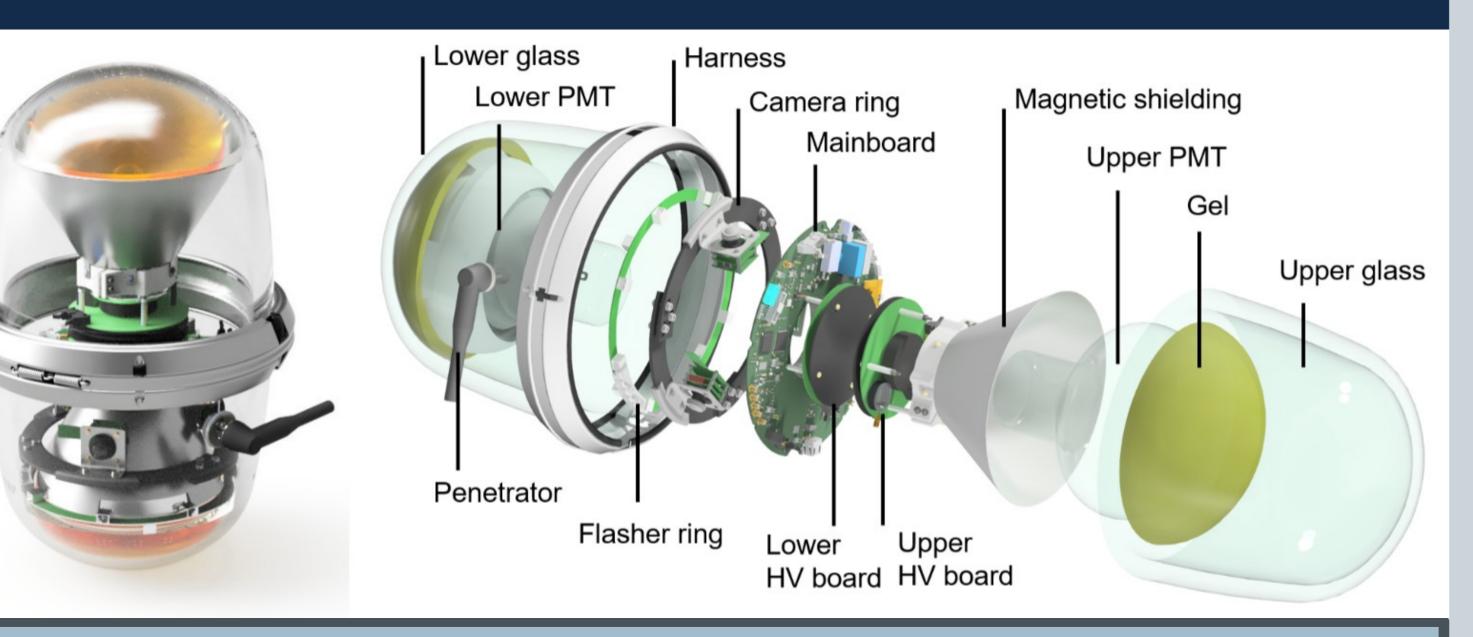
8 inch Hamamatsu R5912-100

The D-Egg Upgrade Module

<u>Upgrade</u>

3m

~20m



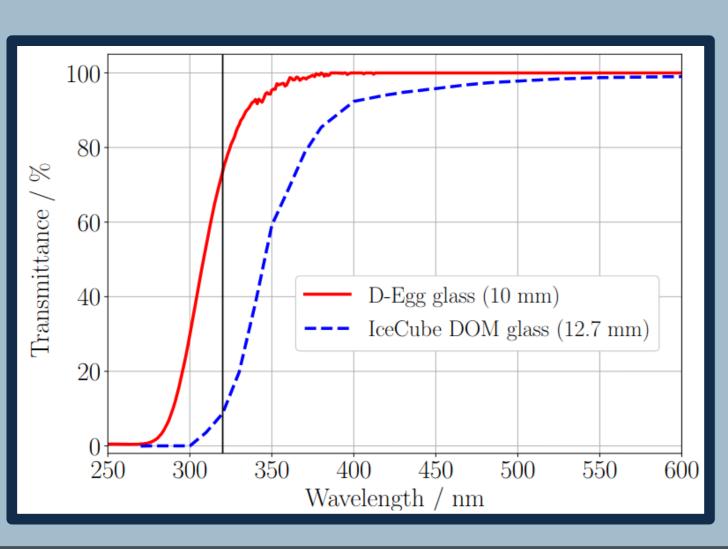
• 2 PMTs

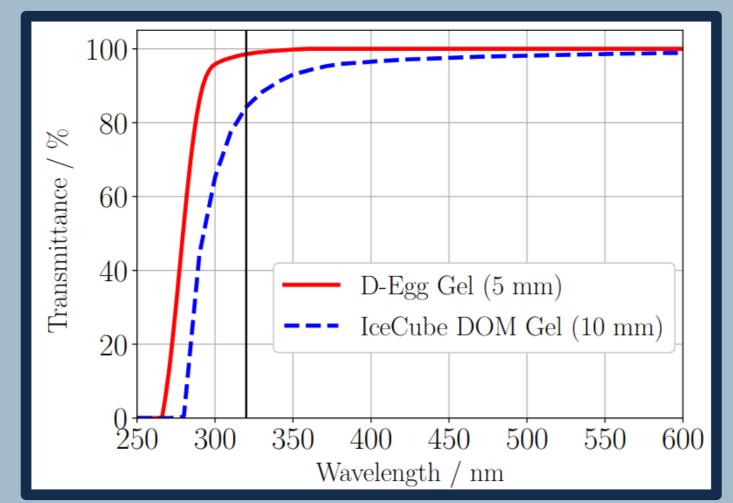
Distance

Along string:

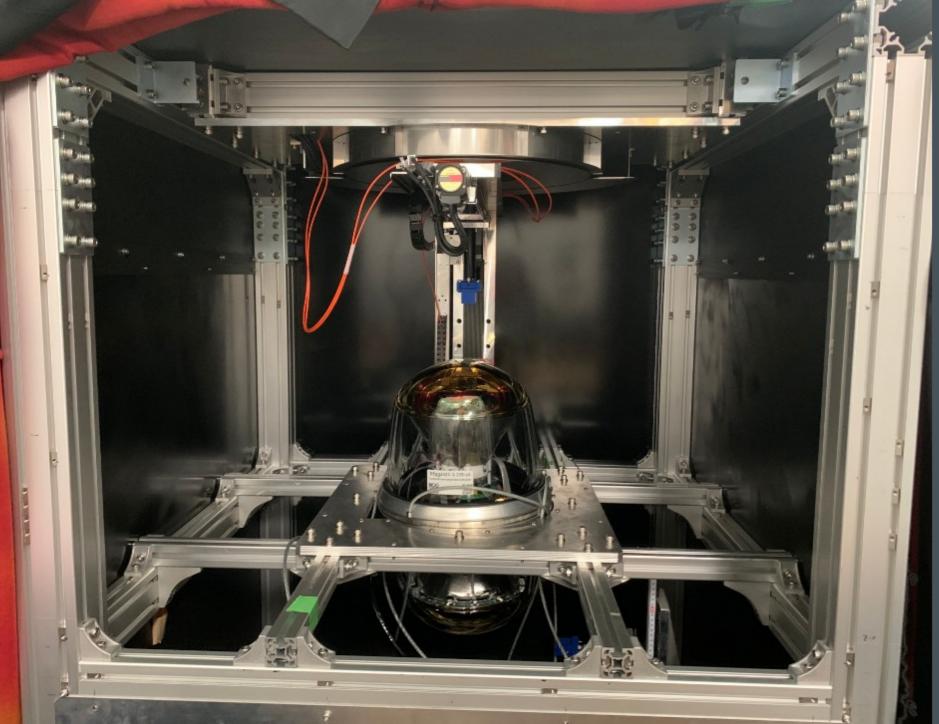
Between strings: ~100m

- →Directional reconstruction
- →Noise filtering through coincidence triggers
- UV transparent borosilicate glass and optical gel
- Reduced radioactive ⁴⁰K component





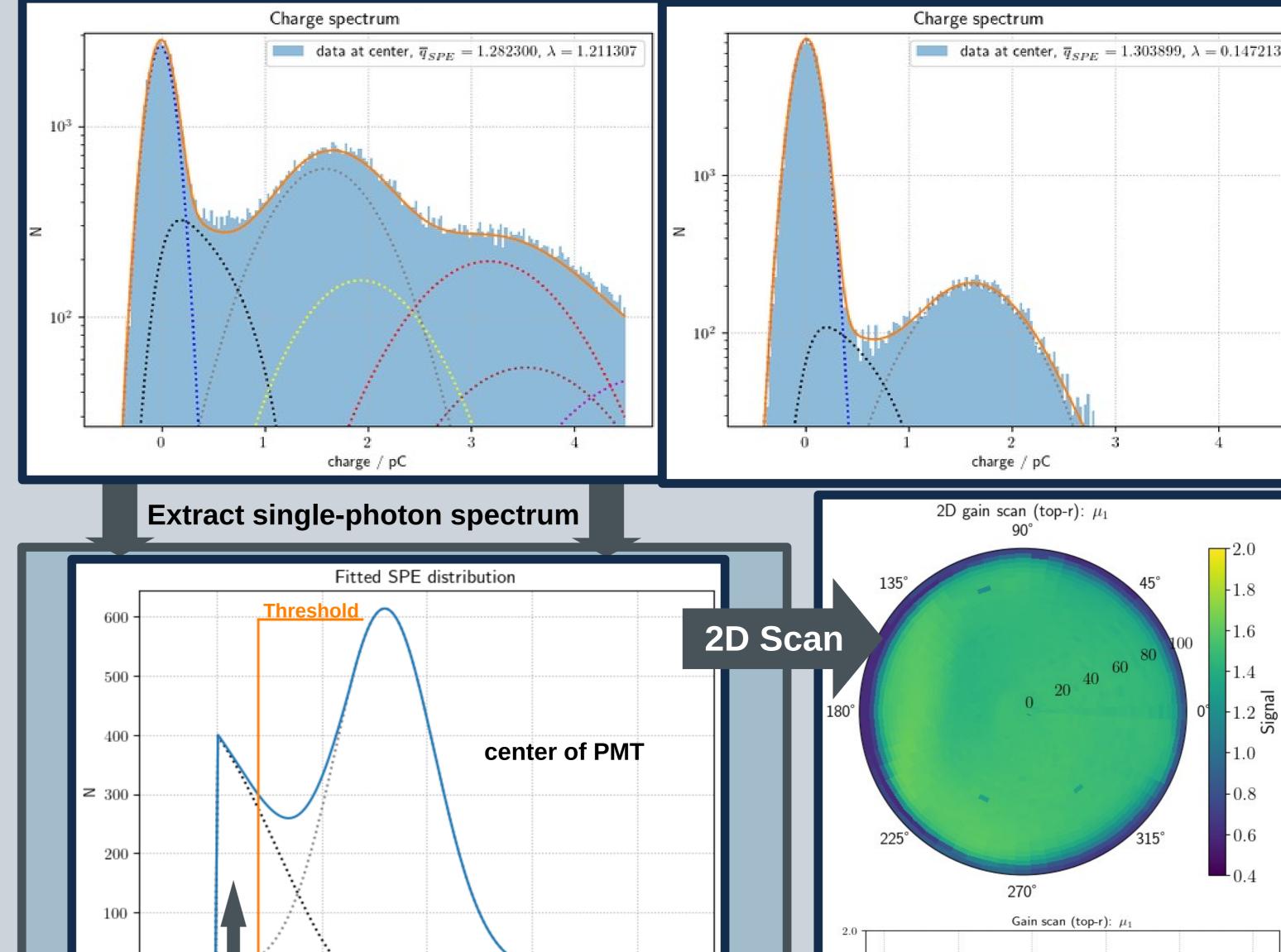
Photon Response Measurement Setup



6 motors

- rotation
- translation
- 405 nm laser
- 4 movable arms
- guide laser from
 - 1) top
- 2) side
- 3) below
- Focusing lens

D-Egg Single-Photon Response



D-Egg Multi-Photon Response

Gain drops at the

edge of the PMT

125

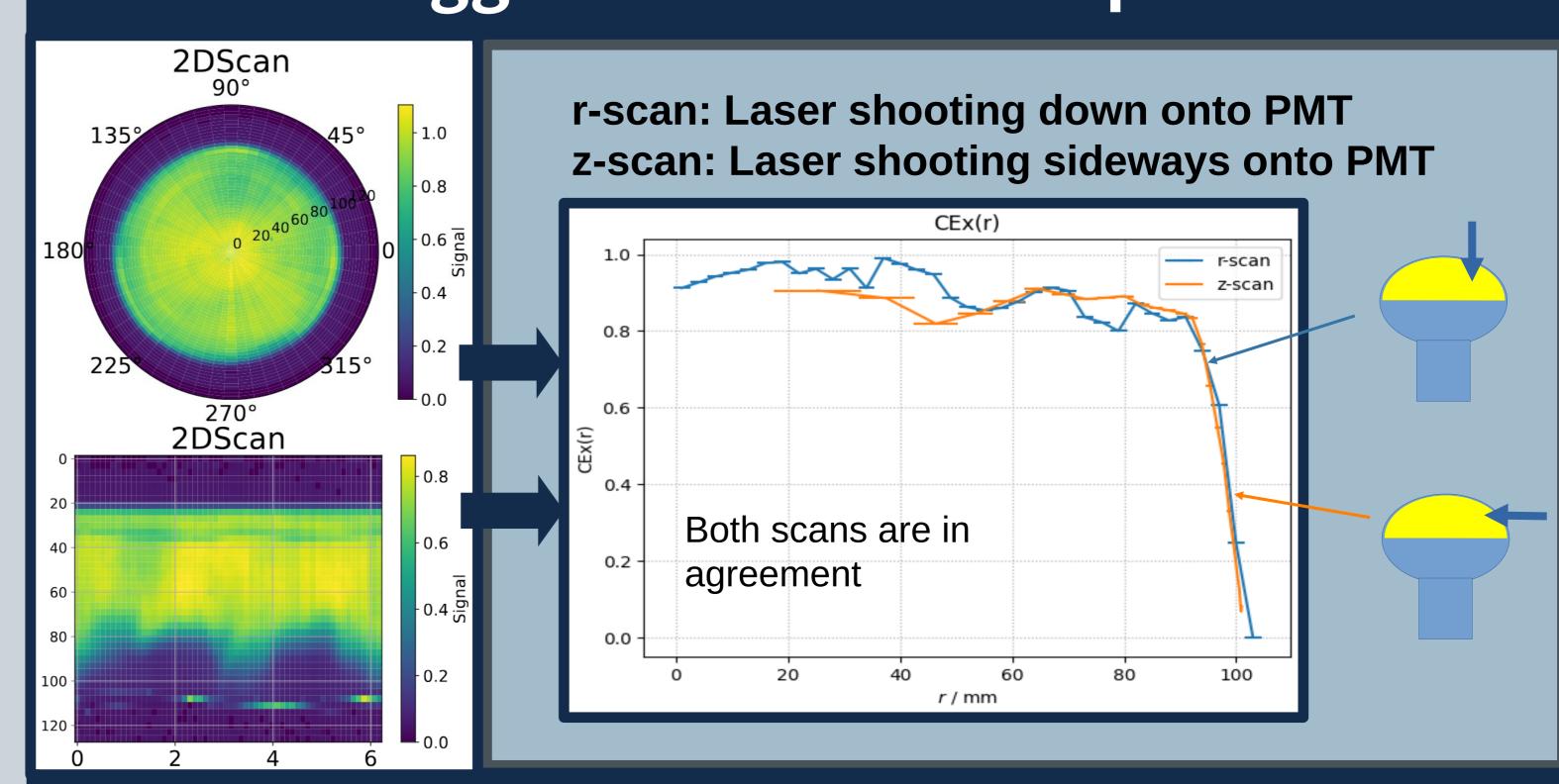
charge / pC

Tail distribution from inelastic scattering off the first

About 15% of photoelectrons do not pass the

anode

threshold for detection



Geant4 Simulation

Effective Area for $\lambda = 405 \text{ nm}$ OMSim D-Egg simulation in Ice (405nm) Implement single- and multi-photon response into the detector simulation to get the Effective Area of the D-Egg: In Ice PMT1, average: 46.2 cm OMSim Degg simulation in Ice (405nm) D-Egg, average: 93.0 cm² D-Egg effective area at