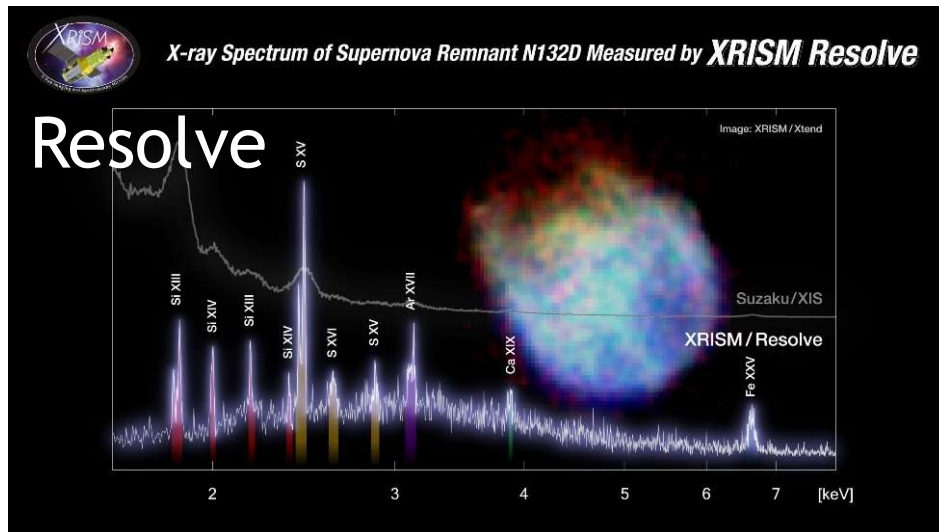


Evolution from SNe to SNRs with XRISM

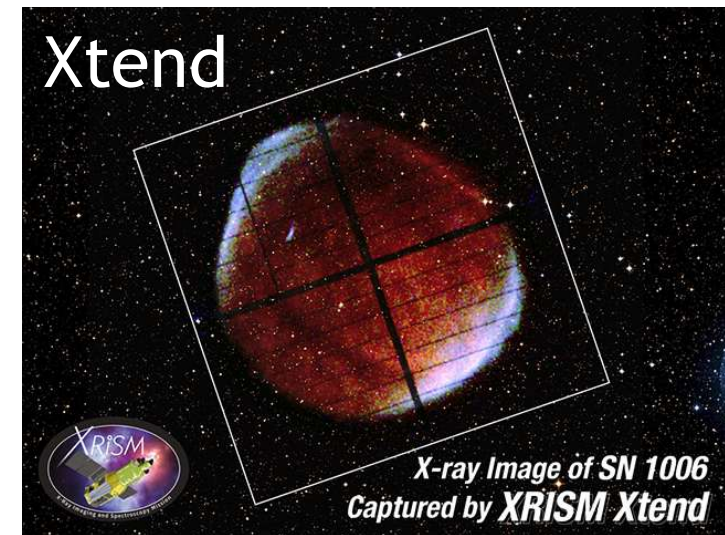
Aya Bamba
(U. Tokyo, Japan)

0. XRISM results in the early phase

XRISM is Japan - US X-ray observatory with two detectors.



X-ray calorimeter
with excellent E resolution
(5 eV @ 6 keV)



X-ray CCD with large FoV of 38' x 38'

Publications in high impact journals

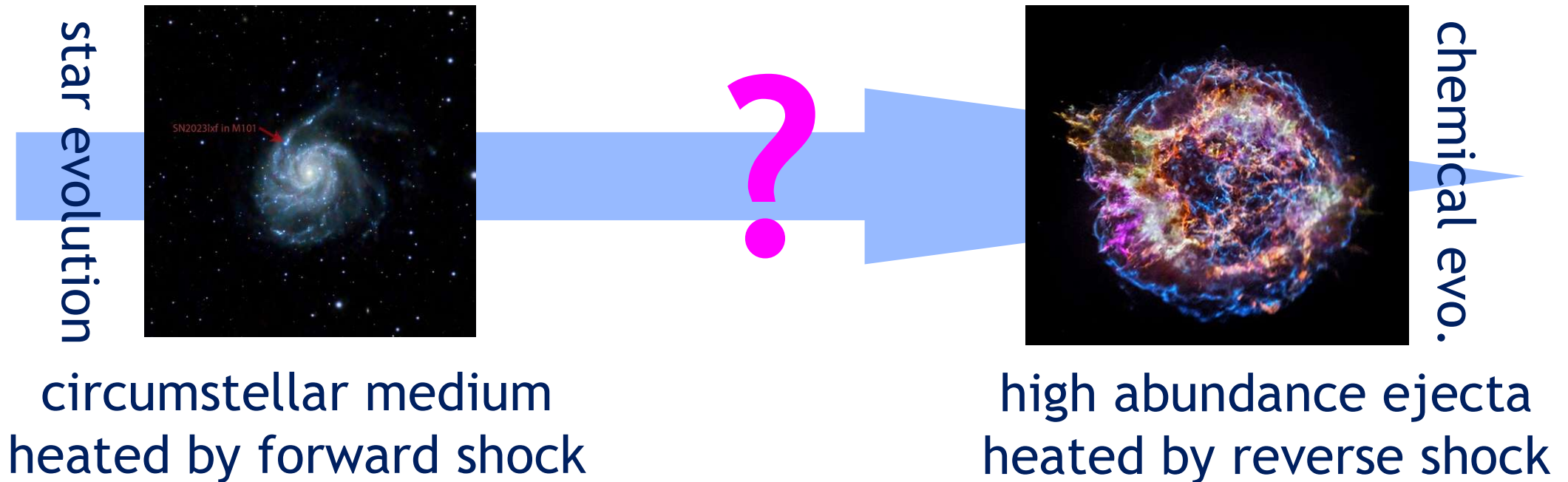
	Gal. compact	Gal. diffuse	ExtraGal. compact	ExtraGal. diffuse
Published	2+0	1+1	1+0	1+4
Submitted	0+0	0+0	2+0	1+0

(Nature/Nature astronomy + ApJL)



1.1. When SNe become SNRs ?

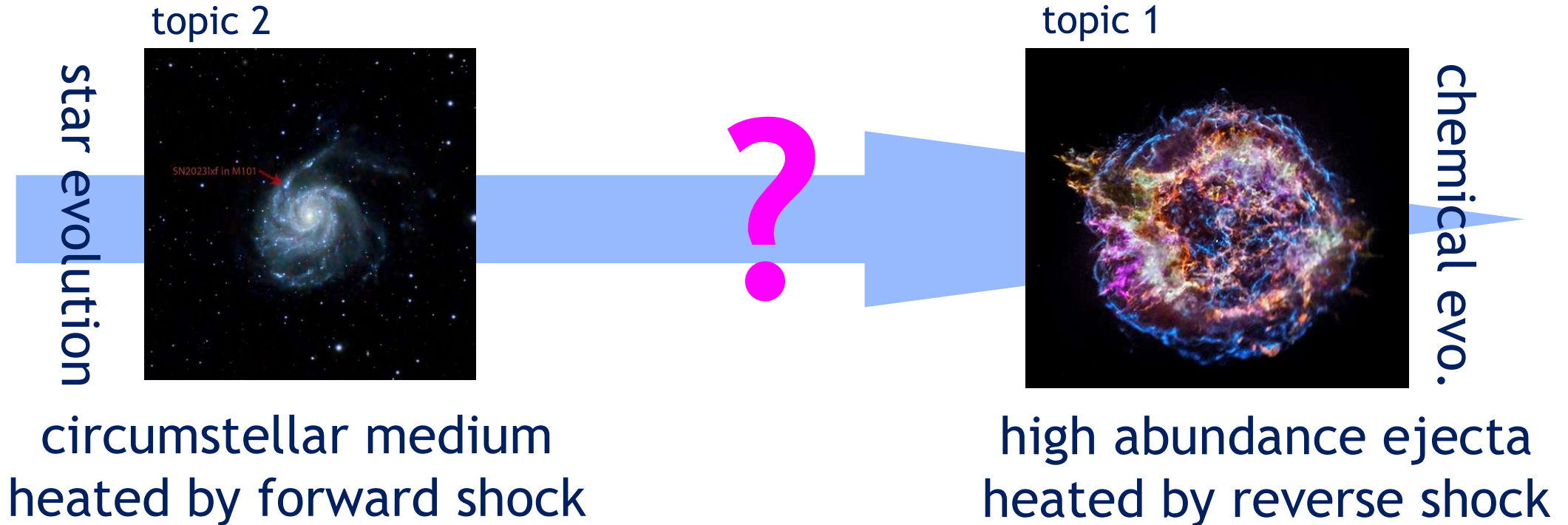
SNe and their remnants: origin of heavy elements
and diversity of the universe



When are heavy elements heated ?
and distributed into the space to enrich the space ?

1.1. When SNe become SNRs ?

SNe and their remnants: origin of heavy elements
and diversity of the universe



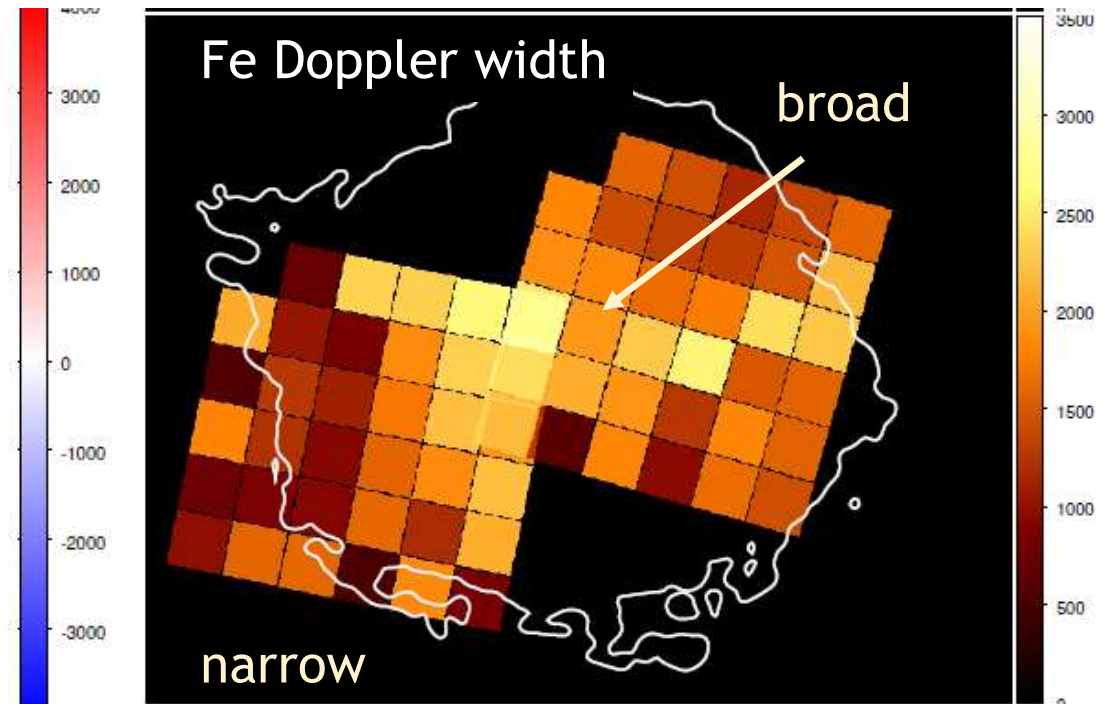
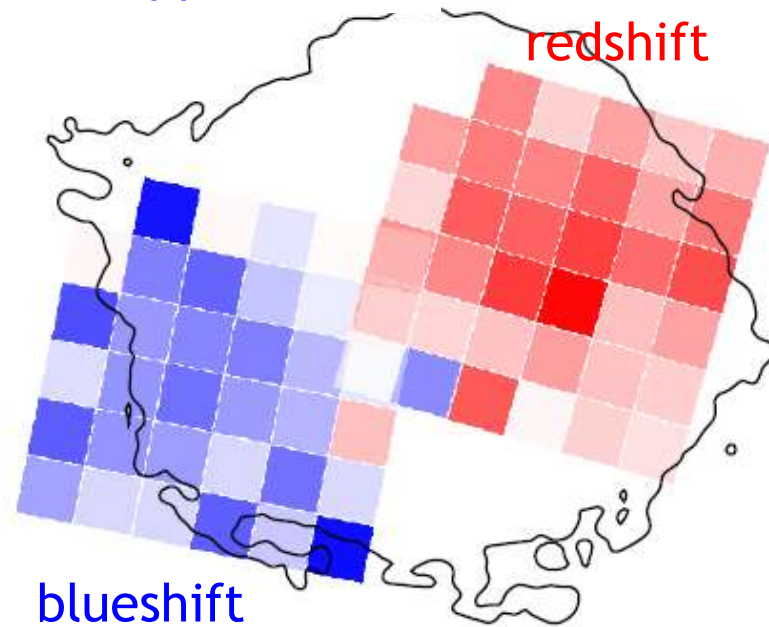
When are heavy elements heated ?
and distributed into the space to enrich the space ?

1.2. Topic 1: The expansion structure of Cas A

Expansion structure

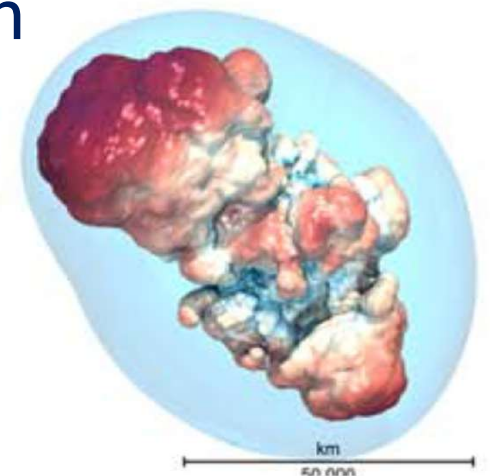
Bamba+25
Vink+25

Fe Doppler shifts



~-2000 - -3000 km/s in SE, ~+2000 km/s in NW -> asymmetric
broad in the center with ~ 3000 km/s dispersion

Consistent with **incomplete shell structure**
Result of **neutrino-driven supernova** ?

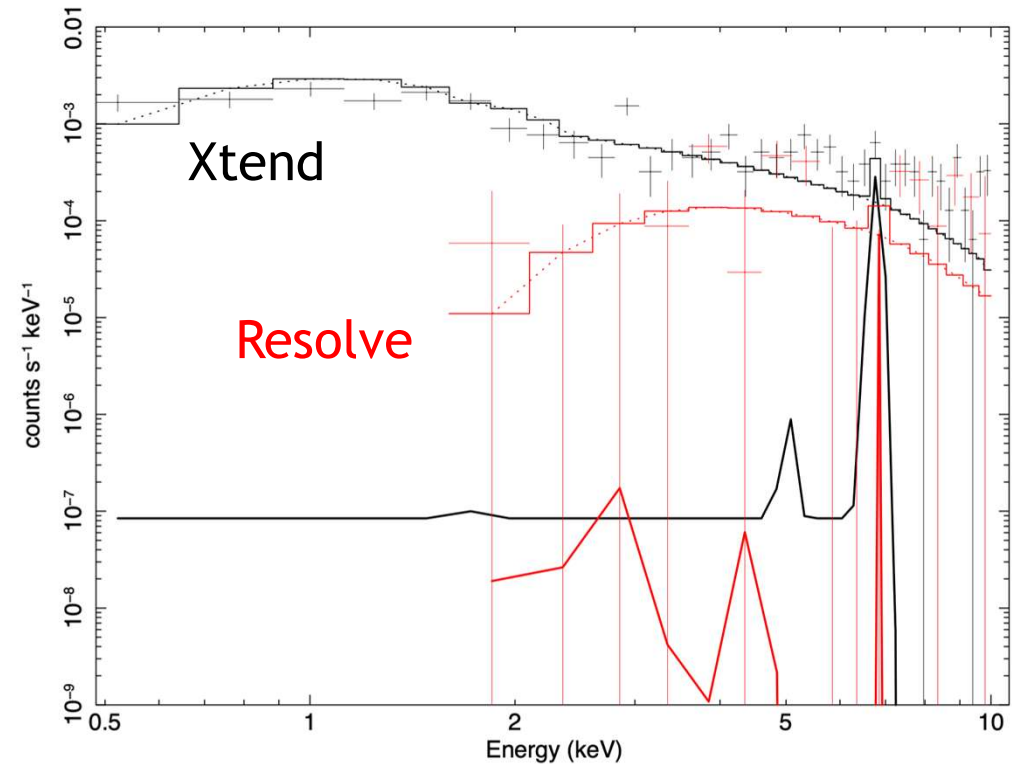
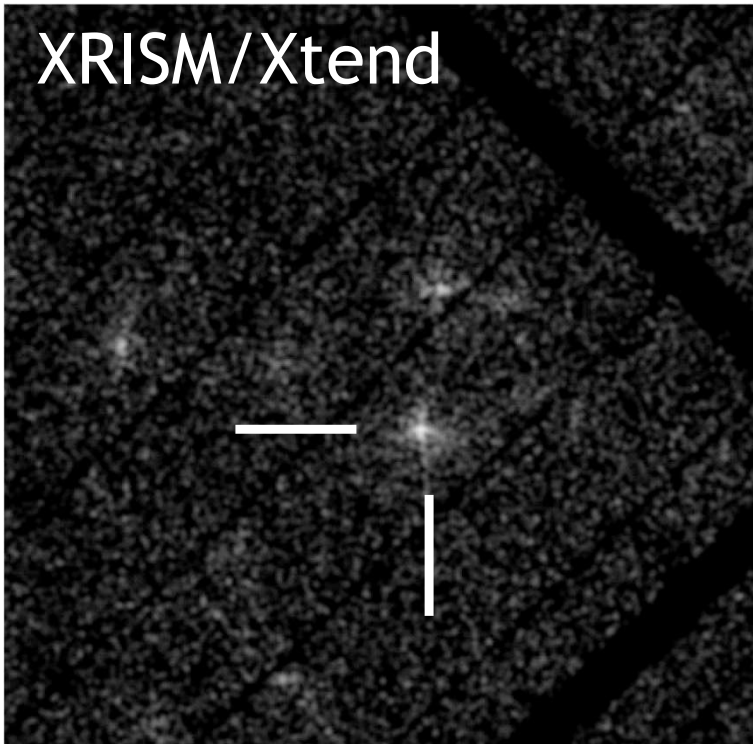


1.3. Topic 2: Time critical observation of SN2024iss (Uchida+)

Discovered on 2024.May 12

Type IIb, 18.67 Mpc

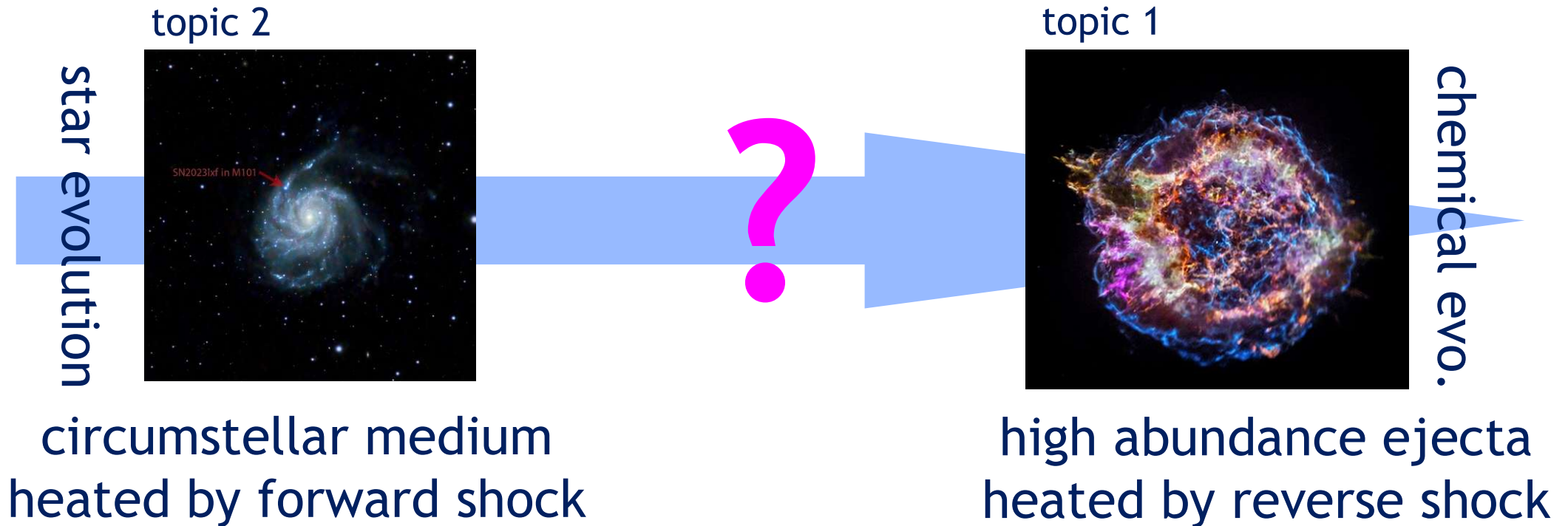
XRISM ToO started on May 24



We detected significant emission from SN2024iss.
Possible detection of iron line (2.3sigma). He-like ?
Further ToOs will show us the initial status of ejecta
-> Official collaboration with SK ! (Lead: Uchida)

2.1. When SNe become SNRs ?

SNe and their remnants: origin of heavy elements
and diversity of the universe



When are heavy elements heated ?
and distributed into the space to enrich the space ?

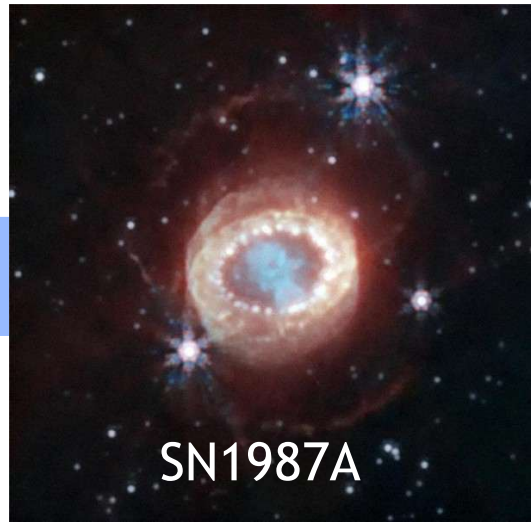
2.1. When SNe become SNRs ?

SNe and their remnants: origin of heavy elements
and diversity of the universe

topic 2

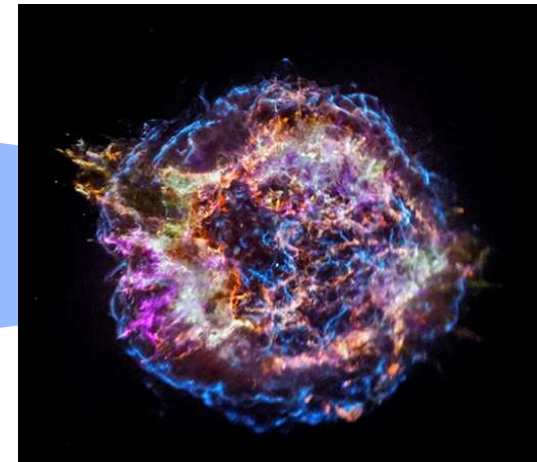


star evolution



SN1987A

topic 1



chemical evo.

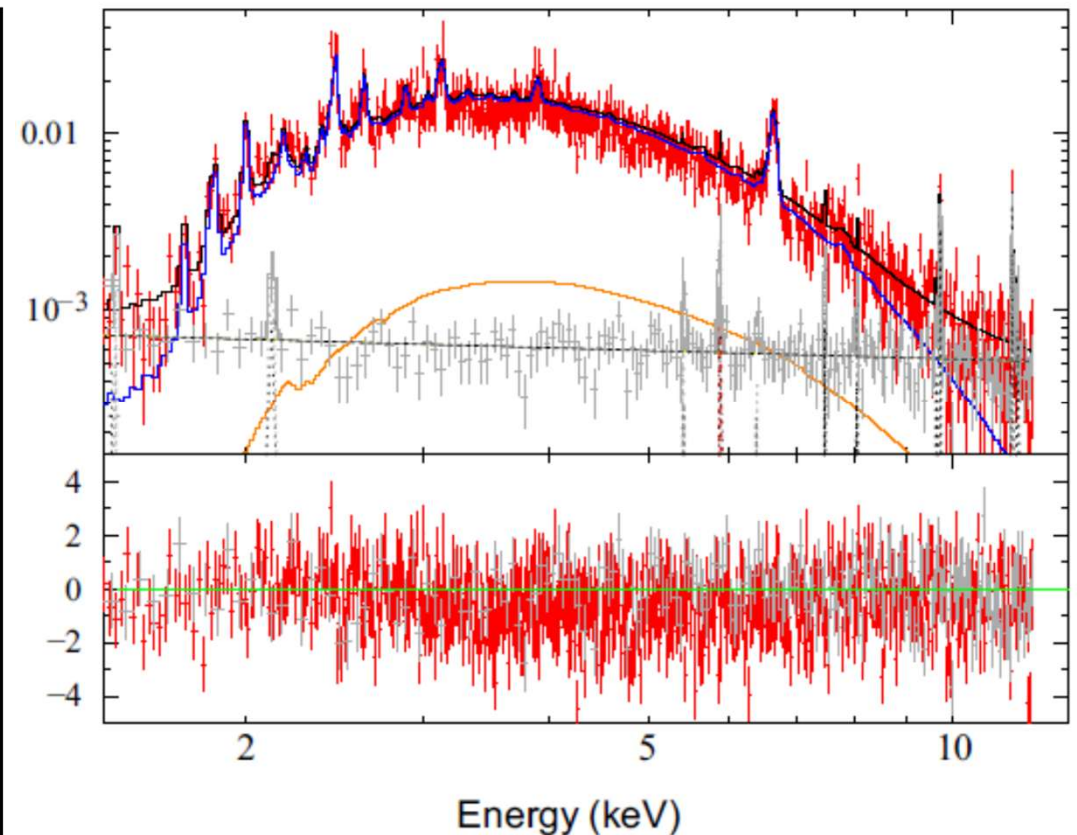
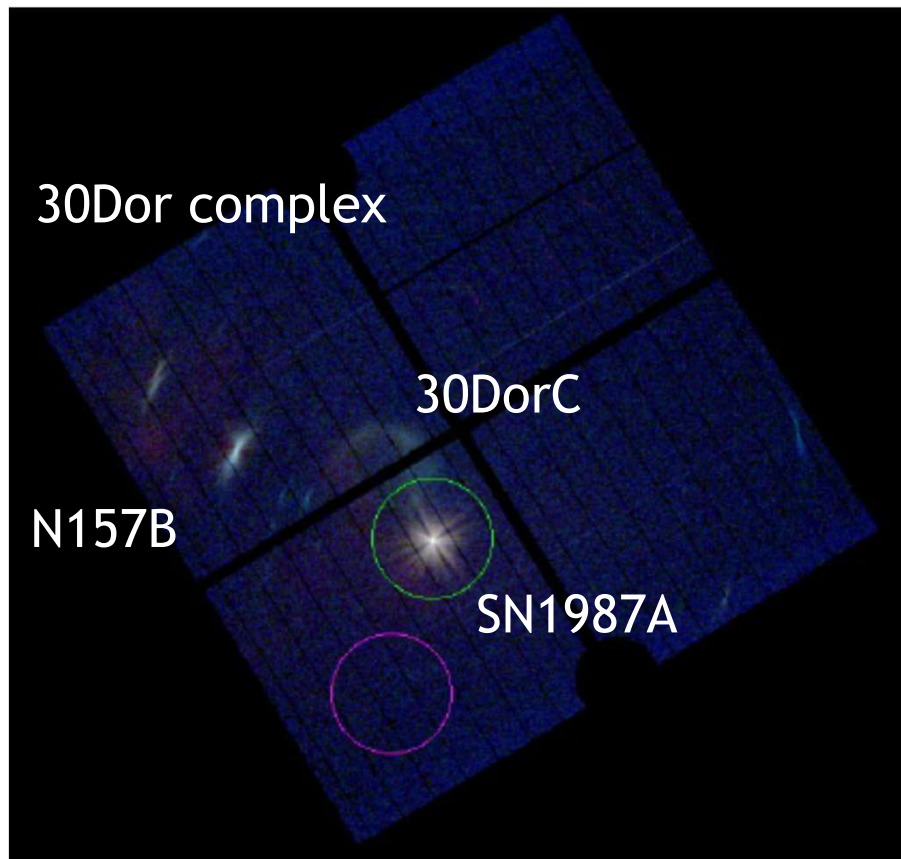
circumstellar medium
heated by forward shock

high abundance ejecta
heated by reverse shock

When are heavy elements heated ?
and distributed into the space to enrich the space ?

SN1987A is ideal to study this transition
with its age of ~40 years.

2.2. XRISM observation of SN1987A (XRISM collabo. 2025)



2007: Narrow lines with HETG <- heated CSM (Miceli+19)

2024: XRISM detected **broad emission lines**

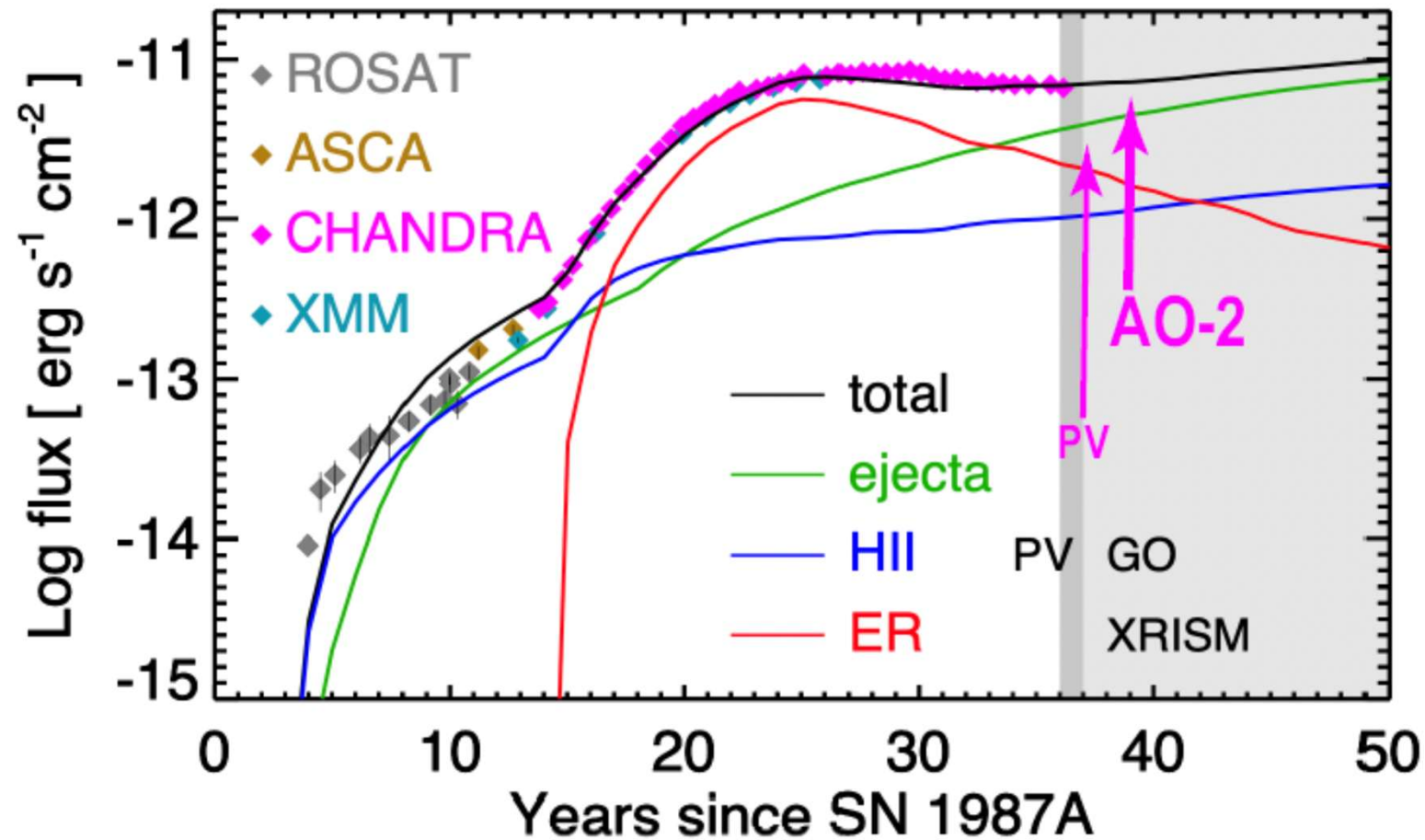
ejecta heated by reverse shock (XRISM collabo.25)

low abundance -> ejecta from outer layers of progenitor ?

First detection of low abundance ejecta

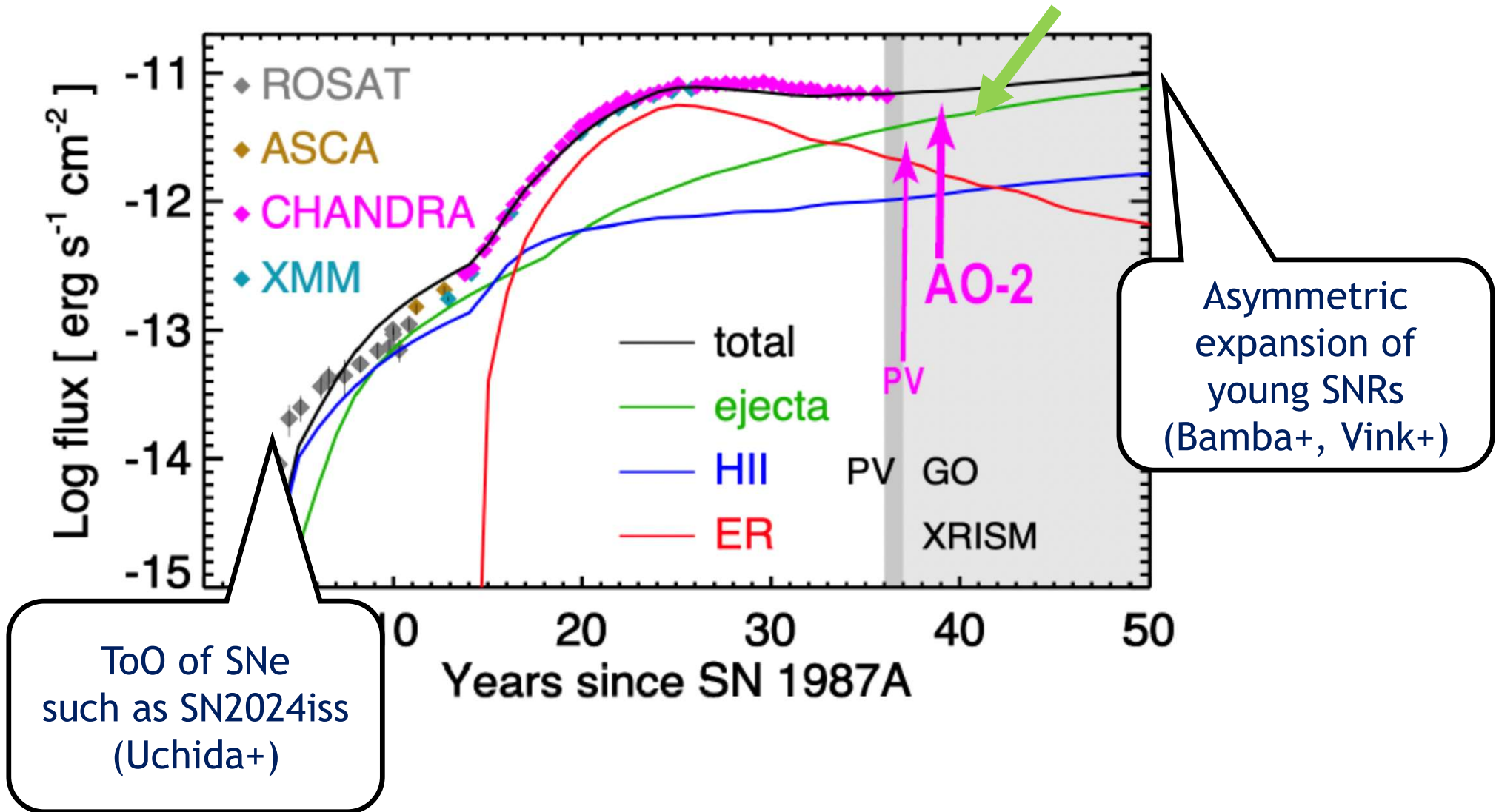
2.3. How does 1987A evolve ?

Orlando+25



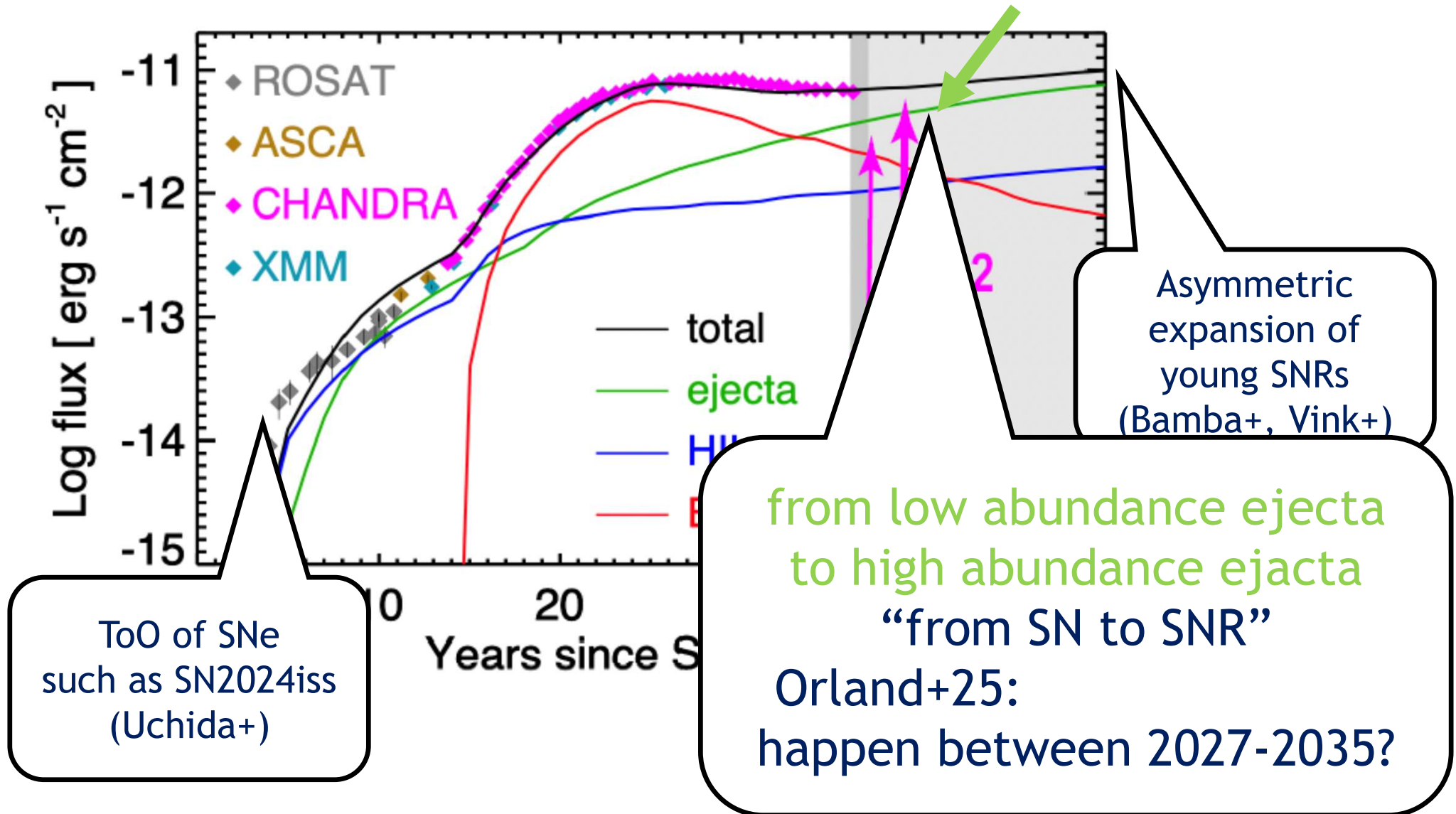
2.3. How does 1987A evolve ?

ejecta emission becomes more and more dominant



2.3. How does 1987A evolve ?

ejecta emission becomes more and more dominant



We can cover the entire story of chemical evolution for the first time with high resolution spectroscopy of XRISM

3. Summary

- Chasing the evolution from SNe to SNRs is important to understand the chemical evolution of the universe.
- XRISM found important clues of heavy element distribution in three phases of the evolution.
- XRISM will cover the entire story of the evolution of SN1987A.